

# Saving lives sooner: leveraging ROS 2 for end-stage kidney disease

ROSCon 2024

vexev



**Deanna Hood, Senior Robotics Engineer**

M. Sc. Robotics & Computer Vision (2014)

B. Maths (Hons), B. Electrical Engineering (Hons)

Engineers Australia Young Professional Engineer  
of the Year 2022



## My OTHER goals

- A category of robots I'm excited about
- Where ROS comes in
- Where you come in

## Vexev's founding Mechatronics Engineer



*Ronnie Shaddick*



*A portion of the Vexev team*

# My first ROSCon (2016)





An abstract graphic composed of numerous thin, red, hand-drawn lines that flow from the left side of the frame towards the right. The lines are dense and overlapping, creating a sense of movement and depth. They form a broad, wavy shape that tapers slightly towards the right.

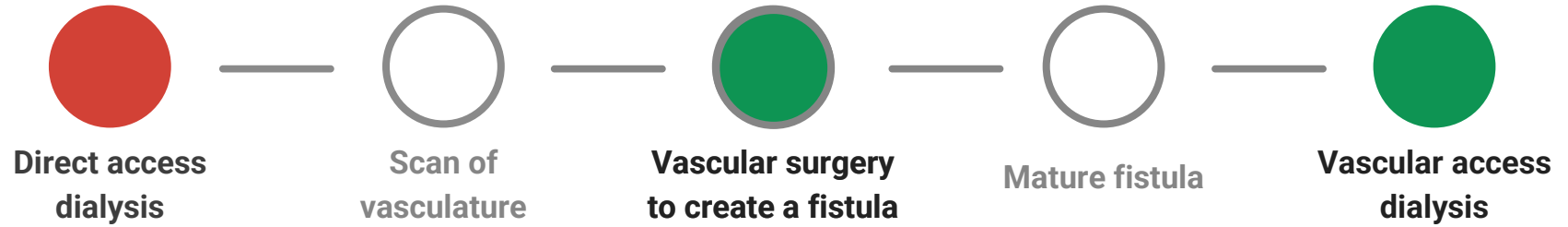
vexev

**Can robots help with dialysis?**

**Kidney disease happens to  
lots of people AND for lots  
of reasons**



*Charlie, 12 at the time, on haemodialysis*





**Imaging delays are meaning  
lives are lost**

**“I can make a diseased  
vessel look healthy and a  
healthy vessel look  
diseased”**

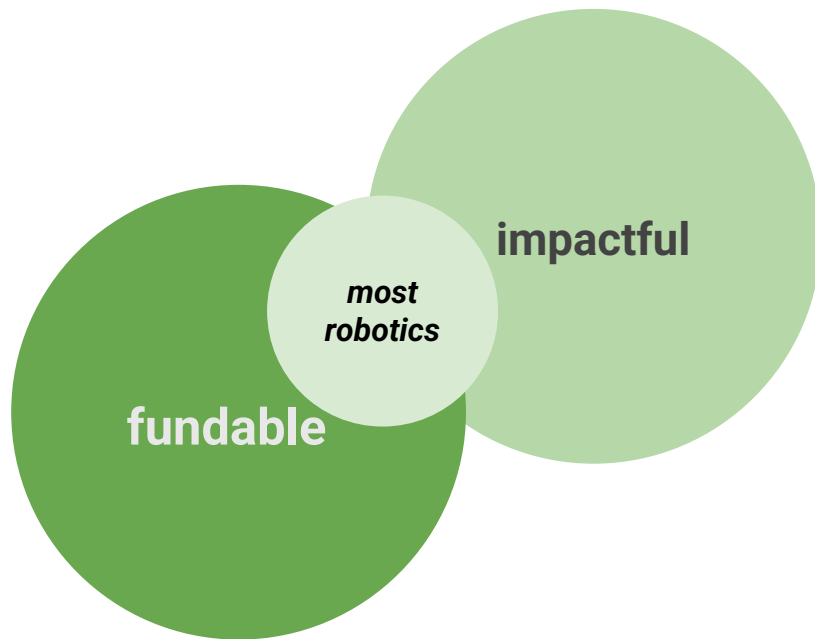
Chief Sonographer at leading Australian  
vascular clinic



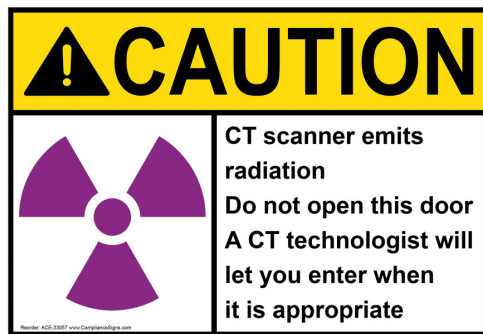


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## Robotics products: ideally

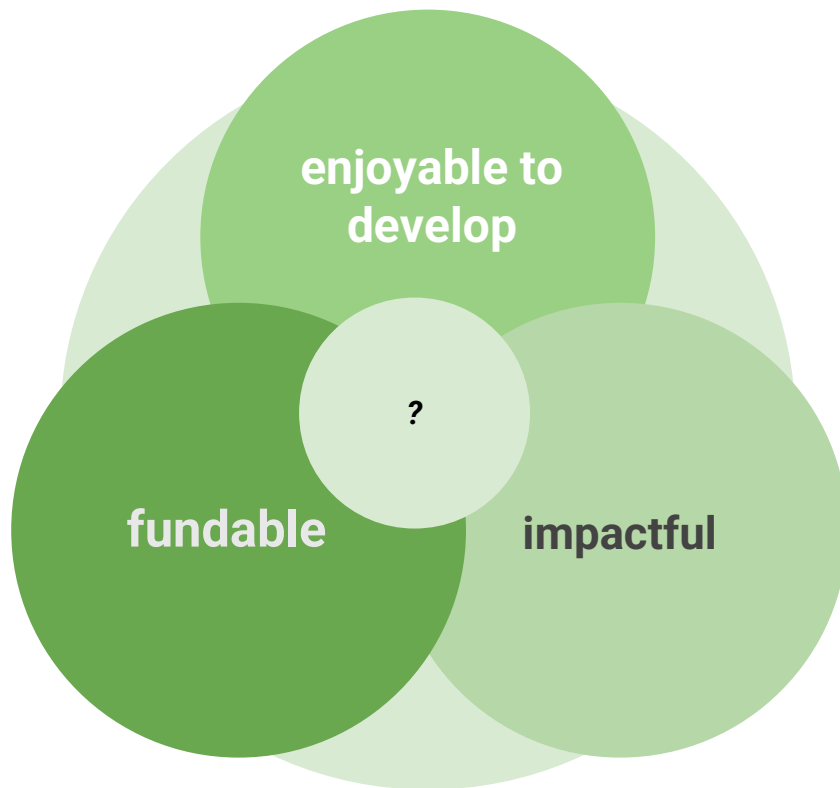


## Take your pick...



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## Robotics products: if you're lucky!

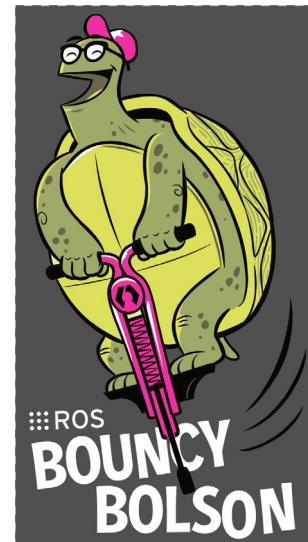


## The ROS team in 2018



*...releasing software without warranties or liability  
for damages of any kind 🌈*

*at a company without any VC investment or debt  
😄*



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# A fully autonomous ultrasound imaging robot for vascular monitoring







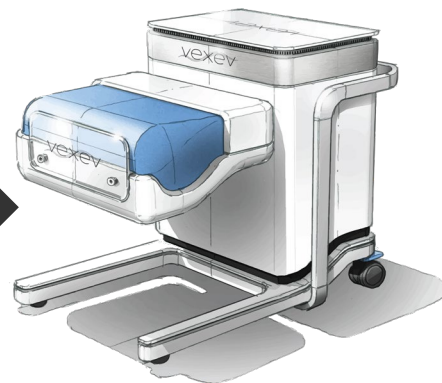
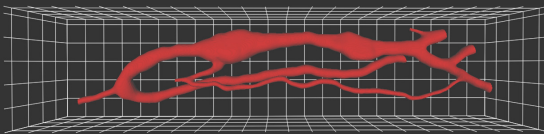
# Vexev Wave makes vascular scanning **simple**, while generating **advanced outputs** (3D + 4D)



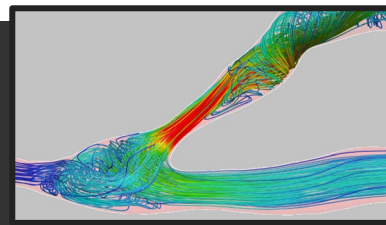
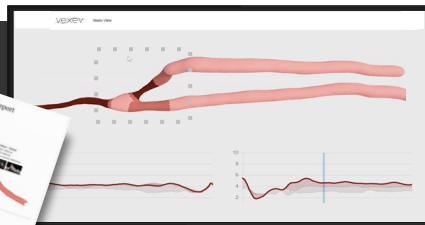
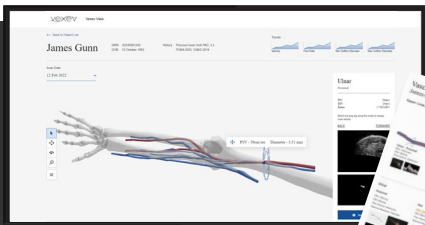
VEDEV IMAGING SYSTEM



From a simple

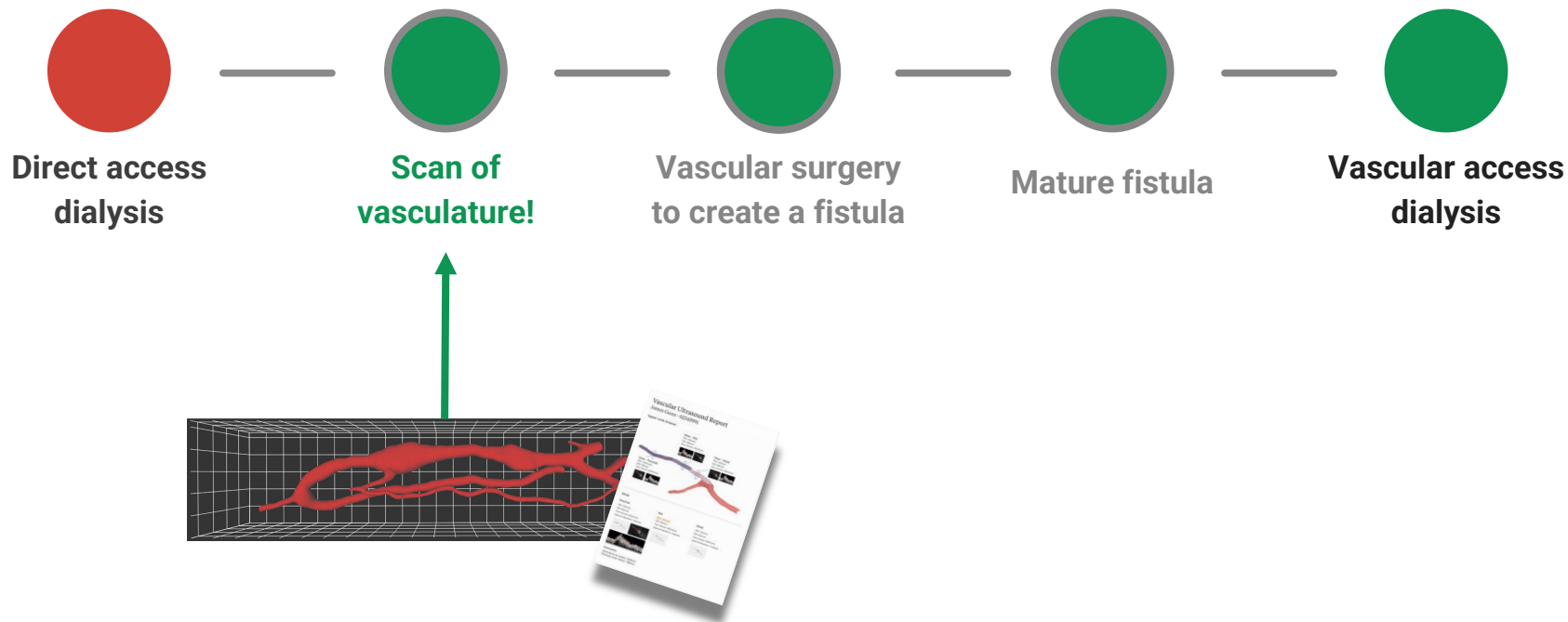


VEDEV CLOUD PLATFORM



...to 4D hemodynamics

# We're unblocking safer dialysis!



An abstract graphic composed of numerous thin, red, hand-drawn lines that flow and swirl across the upper half of the image, creating a sense of movement and complexity.

vexev

**Where are we now?**



On our way to dialysis clinics





An abstract graphic composed of numerous thin, red, hand-drawn lines that flow and swirl across the upper half of the image, creating a sense of movement and complexity.

vexev

# Inside the device

*Eamonn Colley*  
*Co-CEO*

*Yige Cao*  
*Robotics Engineer*

# Vexev Wave: fully automated vascular imaging using safe and non- invasive ultrasound



# Ultrasound is not the end goal, 3D models are!




*We use this*




*To make this*



*(Note: not THIS  
ultrasound)*



**How does a robot scan,  
without any intervention,  
getting high quality data,  
and know that it's done it?**

- 
- 1/ Get a robot to scan,**
  - 2/ without any intervention,**
  - 3/ getting high quality data,**
  - 4/ and know that it's done it**

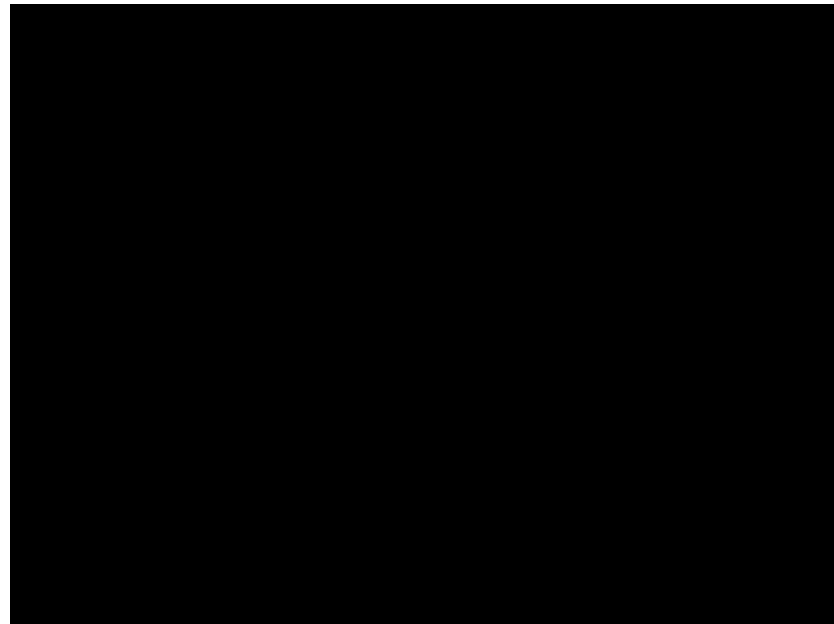


## December 2020:

*Everything else was de-risked*

**Off-the-shelf manipulator was ruled out**

**Robotics was the missing piece**





## **Before using ROS**

**any controls we wanted,  
we had to make ourselves**

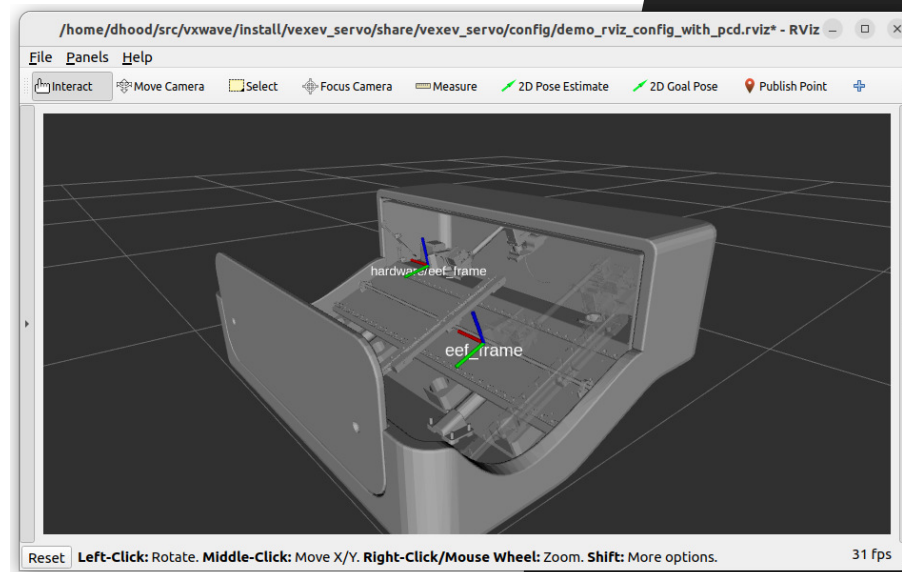


## After switching to ROS

Before ROS	Now, via ROS
Physical twin	<b>Visualisation!</b>
Joint jogging	<b>Inverse kinematics!</b>
Hard-coded sequences	<b>Path planning!</b>
Hard-coded sequences	<b>XBox controller</b>



*Ronnie could scan himself!*





**“Did it take a lot of time to set up?”**



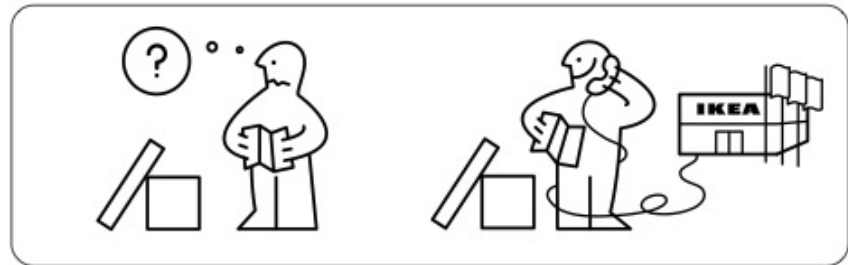
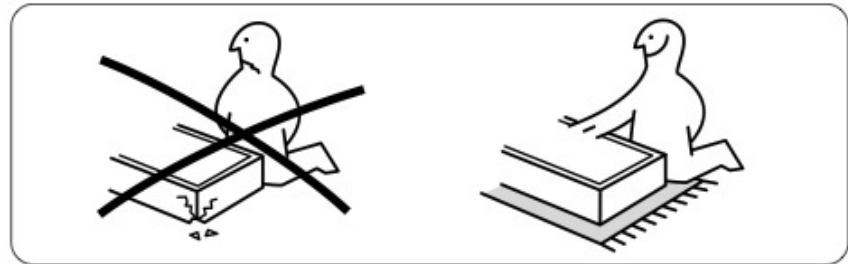
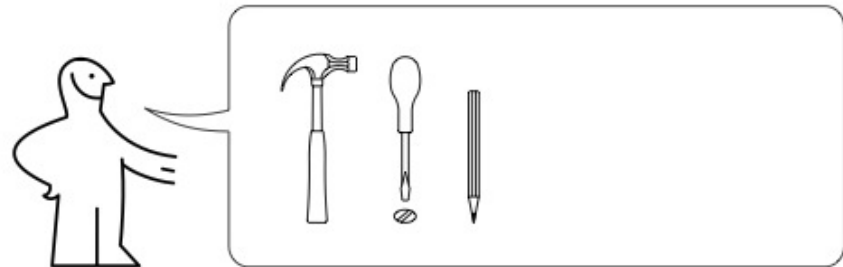
# DEMOS IN 2021

ULTRASOUND ELECTRONICS ROBOTICS




*Company meme from  
back in the day*

**Using ROS in our robot is  
like following an IKEA  
manual for how to build  
complex robotics**







## The *impact* of ROS at Vexev

**We could spend our  
resources answering  
NEW questions**

**-> our company could  
*stay alive* and help  
people**

July  
2023



  
 **Get a robot to scan,**

**2/ without any  
intervention,**

**3/ getting high quality  
data,**

**4/ and know that it's done  
it**



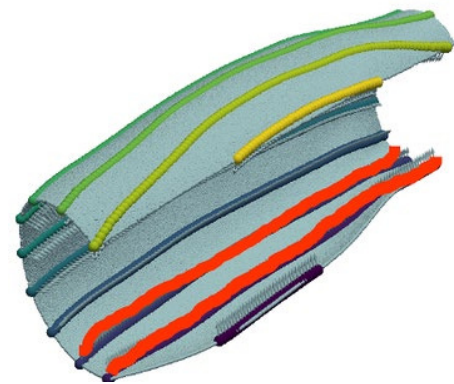
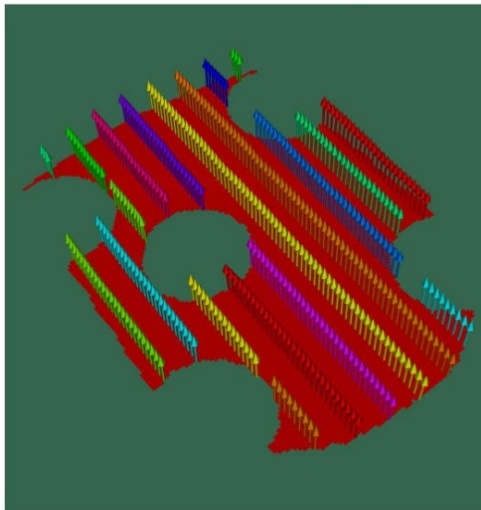
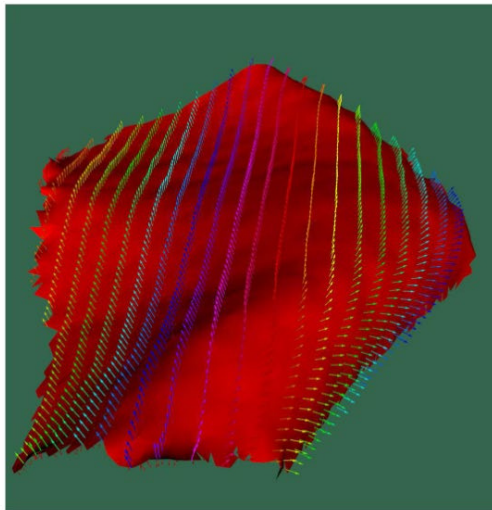
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**Autonomy, precision, and self-  
awareness**

# Goal: coverage, but we all have unique arms



Process Planner



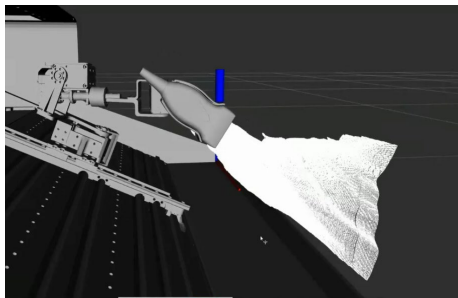
Our work



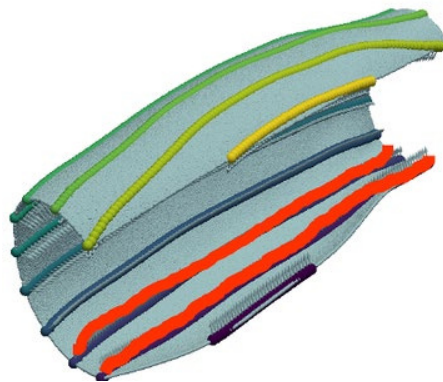
“Robotic Path Planning for Geometry-Constrained Process” at ROSCon 2017



## Baseline autonomy

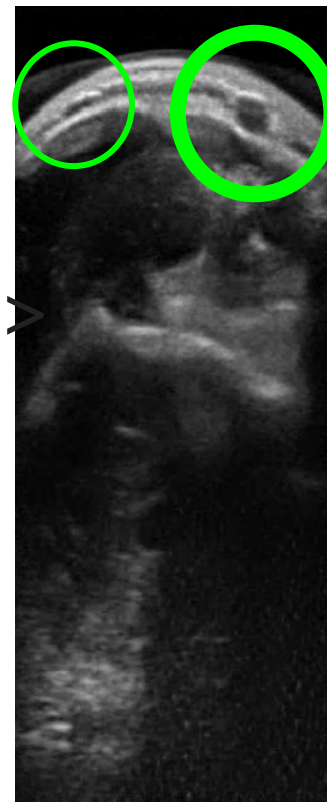


+



=>

Vein/arteries

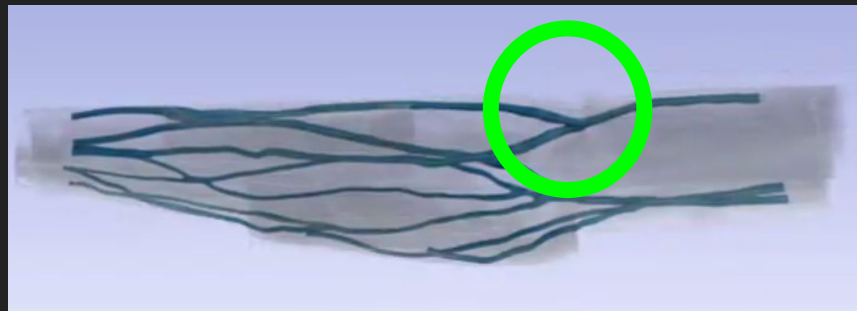




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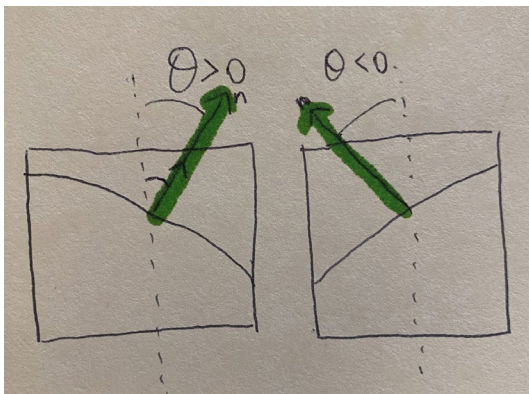
## Demo

Autonomous scanning  
of vasculature with  
ultrasound  
(world first! 😊)

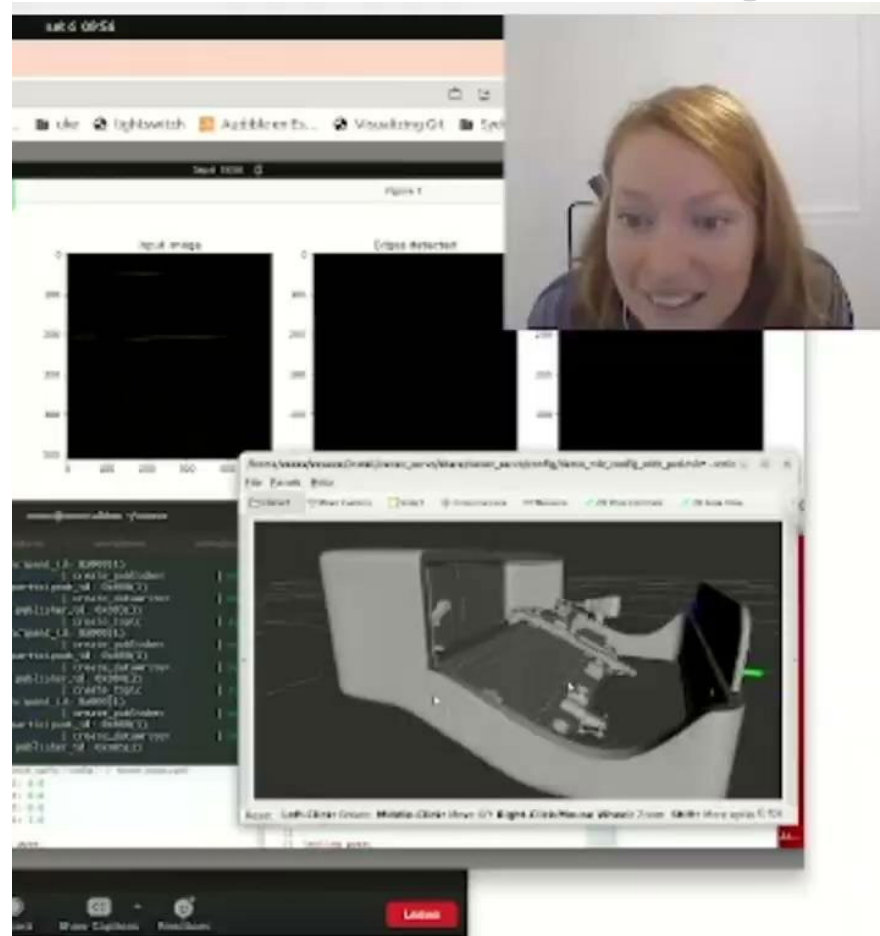




# Docking algorithm

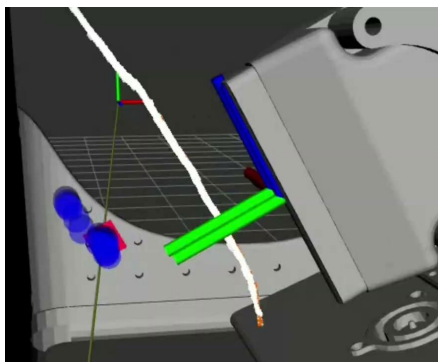


Designing the controller

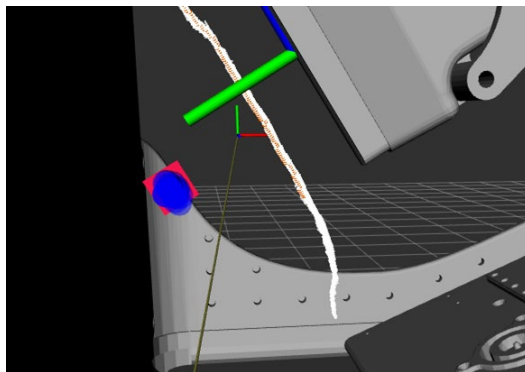


## NOT precision: When stationary vessels move

**BEFORE**

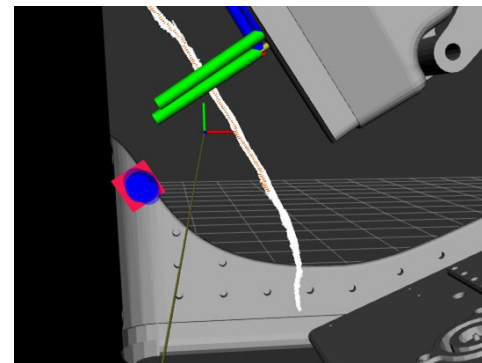


**Starting point**  
*(jitter is just a playback artefact)*



**Vessel drift from  
"last available" timestamp**

**AFTER**



**Using acquisition timestamp**  
*This is even with the robot moving back and forth*

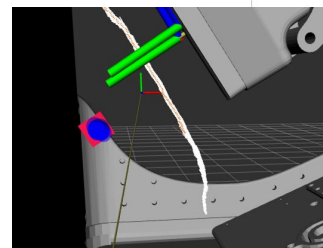
- ✓ Get a robot to scan,
- ✓ without any intervention,
- ✓ getting high quality data,

4/ and know that it's done  
it



## The value of “x-ray vision”

1. Are we seeing the vessels we care about?
2. Focusing ultrasound where they are
3. Doppler probe positioning along vessels (for flow)





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**John and Eamonn:**

**“One day, Deanna, we’ll scan  
based on what we see  
INSIDE the arm”**

*Founders and co-CEOs of Vexev >  
(plus me) in Portugal*



# The problems we're all solving: mapping

1. You can never *know* the state of the world, you have to *infer*.
2. Observations can't be trusted (entirely).
3. There IS "truth" in the form of consistency/constraints.

-> probabilistic map estimate

$$\begin{aligned}v_{ij} &= z_i - h_j(\hat{x}_{k|k-1}^B) \\ S_{ij} &= H_j P_{k|k-1}^B H_j^T + R\end{aligned}$$

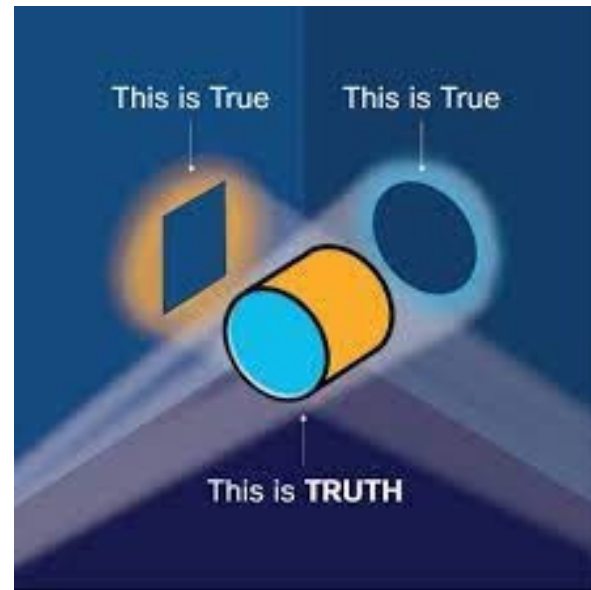
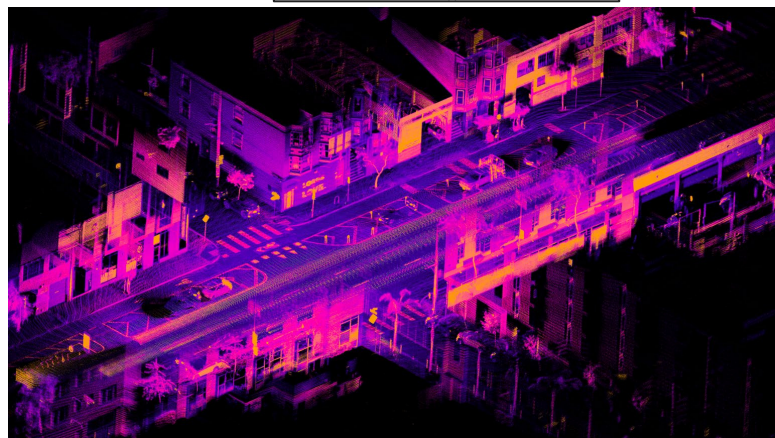
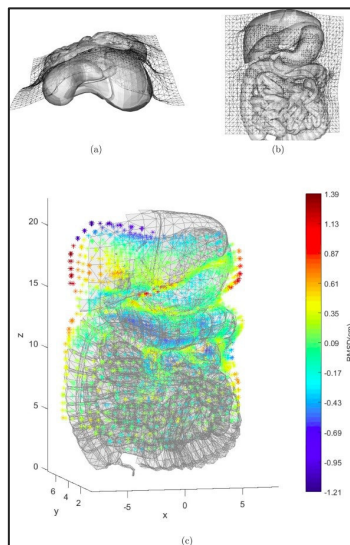


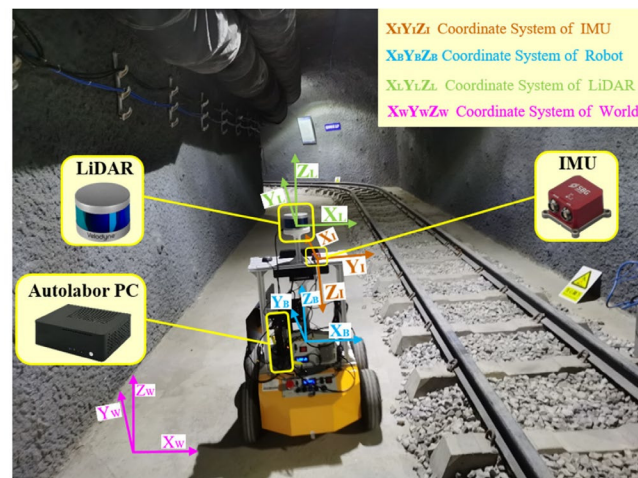
Image source: Extra-math - Perspective

SLAM-based dense surface reconstruction in monocular Minimally Invasive Surgery, L Chen et al



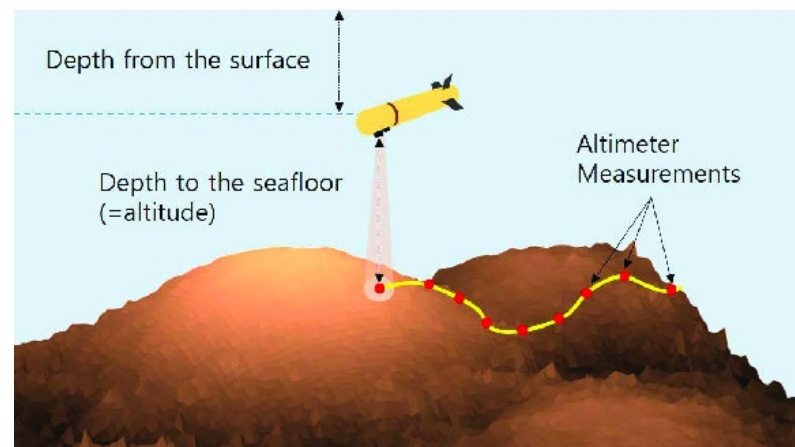
"Accumulated registered point cloud from lidar SLAM" Daniel

Lu



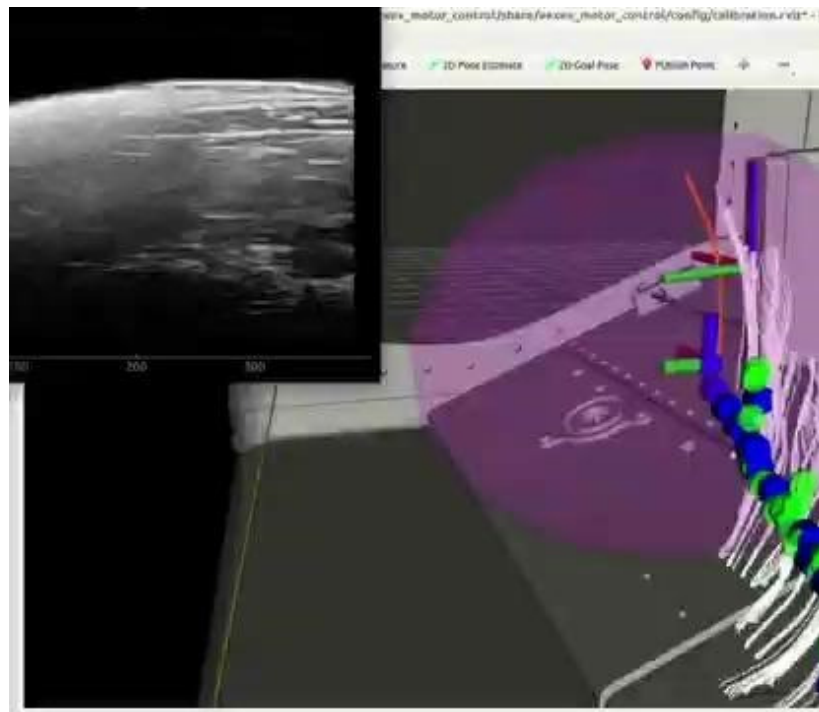
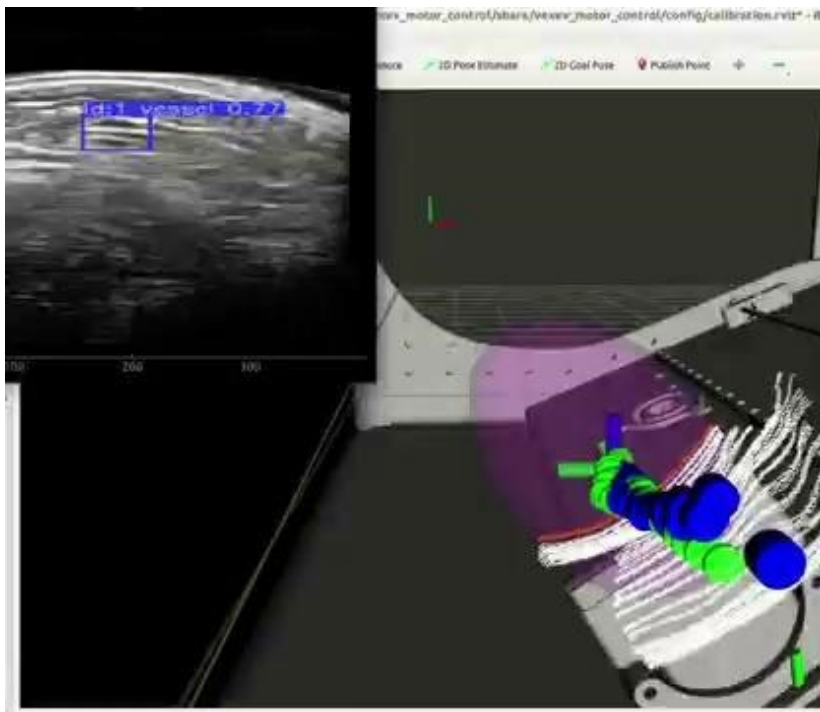
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A Robust LiDAR SLAM Method for Underground Coal Mine Robot, X Yang et al



Bathymetric SLAM with an acoustic altimeter, J Jang and J Kim

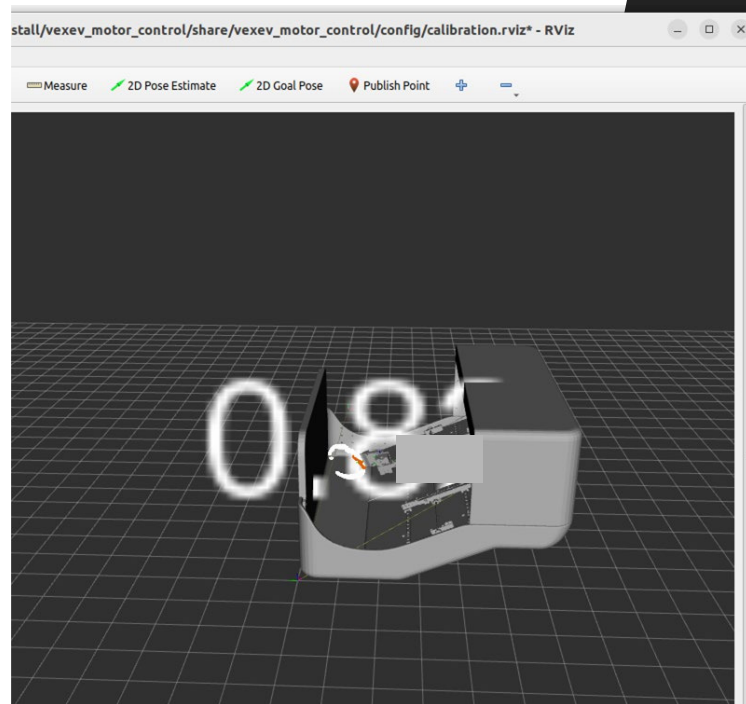
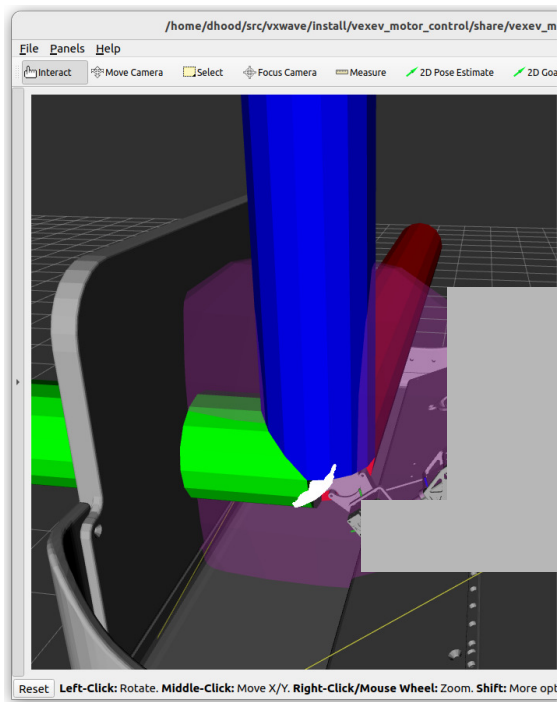
## Kalman Filter in the context of vessels



Vessel detections in green and tracking in blue, uncertainty in purple



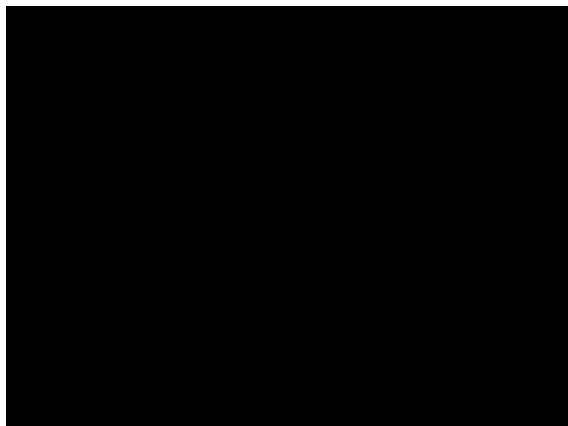
# Reminders that we're mapping in miniature



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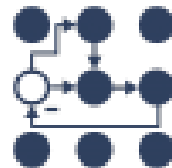
## Demo

Autonomous mapping in  
the context  
of 3D vasculature  
(another world first 😊)





You're part of the team ❤️




ros2\_control



PlotJuggler





*How does a user TRUST*  
**a robot to,**  
**without any intervention,**  
**get quality scan data,**  
**and know that it's done it?**



## **Medical device regulations: what surprised me**

# Coding standards != process standards

There are no mandated industry **code-level language-specific** standards like MISRA C

Relevant **process/lifecycle** standards:

ISO 13485, IEC 60601-1, IEC 62304, etc

Learn more

**coursera**

**Yale**

**Introduction to Medical Software**



Instructor: Xenophon Papademetris

```
@@ -15,7 +15,7 @@
15 15  #ifndef RCUTILS__ALLOCATOR_H_
16 16  #define RCUTILS__ALLOCATOR_H_
17 17
18 18  - #if __cplusplus
19 19  + #ifdef __cplusplus
20 20  {
21 21  #endif

@@ -135,7 +135,7 @@ RCUTILS_WARN_UNUSED
135 135 void *
136 136 rcutils_reallocf(void * pointer, size_t size, rcutils_allocator_t *
    allocator);
137 137
138 138 - #if __cplusplus
139 139 + #ifdef __cplusplus
140 140 }
    ...
```

# FDA is on our team

It's all a **risk-based approach**

“The **least burdensome** approach was applied to identify the **minimum amount of information** that, based on our experience, would generally be needed **to support a premarket submission** for a device that uses software.”

Learn more

**coursera**

**Yale**

**Introduction to Medical Software**



Instructor: [Xenophon Papademetris](#)

*Contains Nonbinding Recommendations*

## Content of Premarket Submissions for Device Software Functions

### Guidance for Industry and Food and Drug Administration Staff

Document issued on June 14, 2023.

The draft of this document was issued on November 4, 2021.

This document supersedes Guidance for the Content of Premarket Submissions for Software Contained in Medical Devices, May 2005.

For questions about this document regarding CDRH-regulated devices, contact the Digital Health Center of Excellence at [digitalhealth@fda.hhs.gov](mailto:digitalhealth@fda.hhs.gov). For questions about this document regarding CBER regulated devices, contact the Office of Communication, Outreach, and Development (OCOD) at 1-800-835-4709 or 240-402-8010, or by email at [ocod@fda.hhs.gov](mailto:ocod@fda.hhs.gov).



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  
Food and Drug Administration  
Center for Devices and Radiological Health  
Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research  
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research  
Office of Combination Products in the Office of the  
Commissioner

# Non-medical software is NOT a hard-no



NAME	VERSION
1to2	1.0.0
@colors/colors	1.5.0
@gar/promisify	1.1.3
@hapi/hoek	9.2.0
@hapi/topo	5.0.0
@isaacs/string-locale-compare	1.1.0
@jupyterlab/application-top	2.3.2
@jupyterlab/mock-extension	2.3.1
@jupyterlab/mock-incompat	0.1.0
@jupyterlab/mock-mime-extension	0.3.0
@jupyterlab/mock-package	0.1.0
@mapbox/node-pre-gyp	1.0.9
@npmcli/arborist	5.6.3
@npmcli/ci-detect	2.0.0
@npmcli/config	4.2.2
@npmcli/disparity-colors	2.0.0
@npmcli/fs	2.1.2
@npmcli/git	3.0.2
@npmcli/installed-package-contents	1.0.7
@npmcli/map-workspaces	2.0.4
@npmcli/metavuln-calculator	3.1.1
@npmcli/move-file	1.1.2
@npmcli/move-file	2.0.1
@npmcli/name-from-folder	1.0.1
@npmcli/node-gyp	2.0.0
@npmcli/package-json	2.0.0
@npmcli/promise-spawn	3.0.0
@npmcli/query	1.2.0
@npmcli/run-script	4.2.1

OTS Software	MONAI
Manufacturer	MONAI (open source)
Version	1.2.0 (2023-06-08)
How will you assure appropriate actions are taken by the End User?	N/A, the user does not have access.
What does the OTS Software do?	The OTS software allows for the reading and preprocessing of medical images into memory for use by the device.
How do you know it works?	The OTS software was tested indirectly by the system verification. See the unit- and system-level verification records in DOC-0045 Software Verification Report.
How will you keep track of (control) the OTS Software?	The OTS software is fully contained within the deployed system image.

npm  
npm  
npm  
npm

*It's all a risk-based approach,*

*+ process standards*

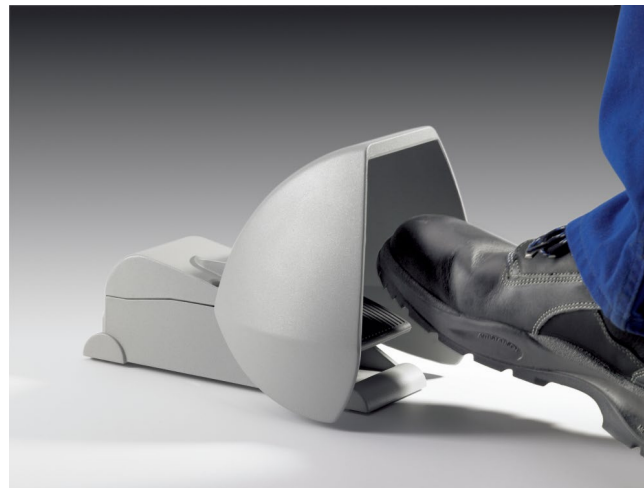
510(k) Example (via Innolitics)



# Creativity is Queen

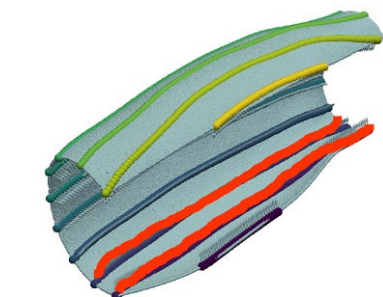
Prevent something  
from happening

and/or



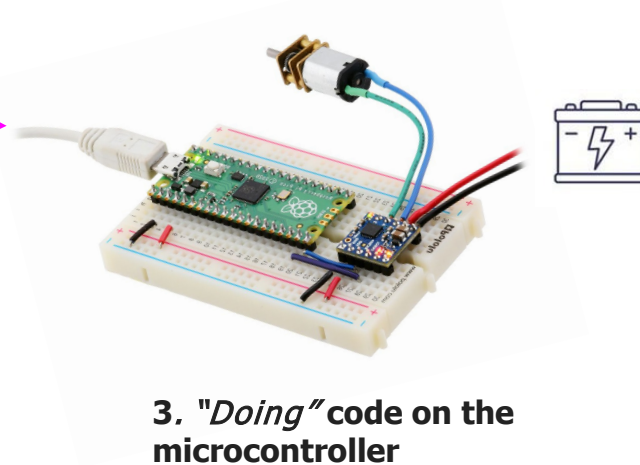
Human-in-the-loop for mitigating  
automation risks  
“Collaborative autonomy”

# Derisk your software *with hardware*



1. *Decision* of where to go (from the computer, 100% virtual)

2. comms



4. Actual motor

3. *"Doing"* code on the microcontroller

push / crush / jab

## Ways to use ROS in a device

Switch it out e.g. pure DDS

Supplemental for V&V  
e.g. just gazebo or  
just RViz

Bulk it up (just the  
necessary parts)

**Leave it as is**



**Our impact now**

Let the clinical trials begin





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## My first ROSCon (2016)





# ROSCon 2016 SEOUL



## Changes since ROSCon 2015



Windows feature parity (alpha 2)



Fast RTPS supported as middleware (alpha 3)



Partial port of core tf2 libraries (alpha 3)



Python client library (alpha 4)



32- and 64-bit ARM experimentally supported platforms (alpha 5)

Node "wait for service" functionality (alpha 6)



Turtlebot demo using ported code from ROS 1 (alpha 7)

ROS Client Library implementation (rcl) (from alpha 3, services alpha 5)

Support for C messages (as opposed to C++) (alphas 4, 5, 7)

Refactored C++ client library to use rcl (alpha 6)

ROS graph events (alpha 6)

Improved support for large messages (images) with Connex and Fast RTPS (alpha 6, alpha 7)



Open Source Robotics Foundation

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## Remember the dream?

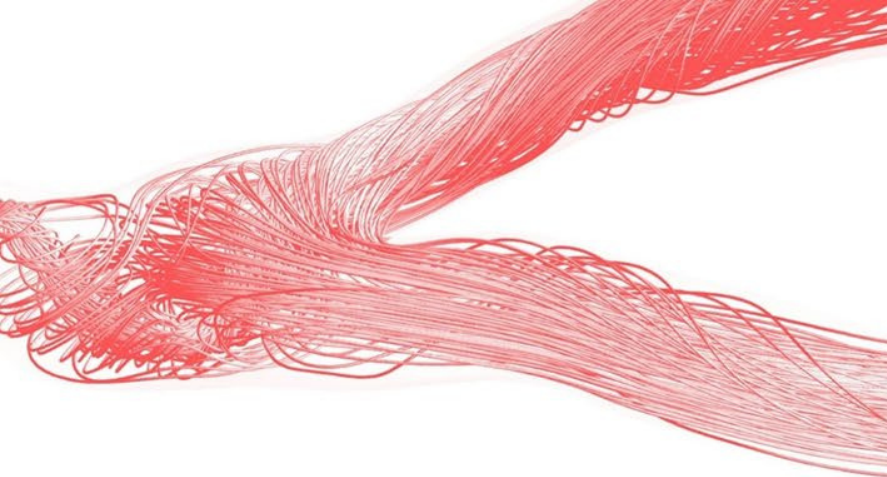




## My OTHER goals

- Asked or answered a question on ROS Answers/stack exchange
- Published a ROS-based project on github/somewhere google-able
- Published research in one of the topics I mentioned
- Contributed to one of the packages I mentioned (even a documentation fix)
- Joined the ROS Medical Community Group

- Risk can be designed out
- Where ROS comes in
- Where you come in



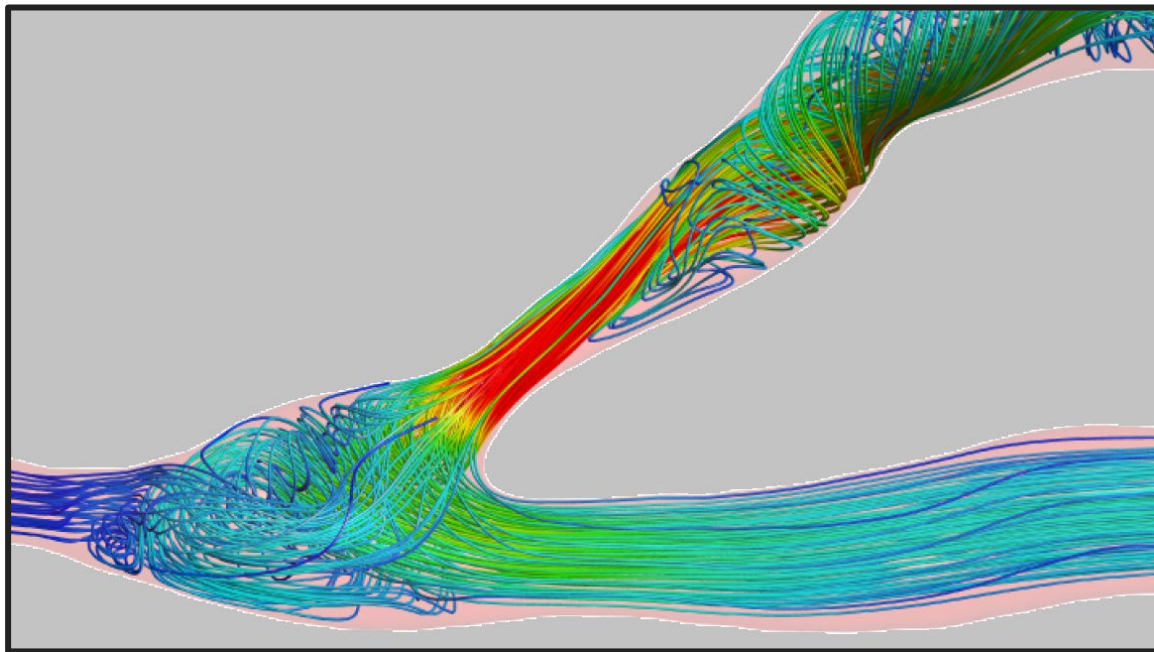
vexev



# **Saving lives sooner: leveraging ROS 2 for end-stage kidney disease**

Deanna Hood  
ROSCon October 2024

## Nerd-sniped by 4D Haemodynamics

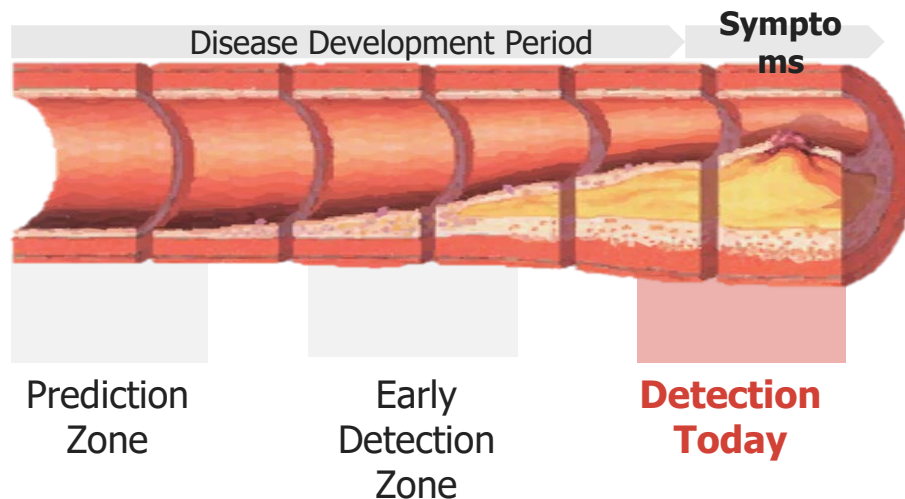


*Computational fluid dynamics of blood flow*



*John Carroll and Eamonn Colley as PhDs*

## Cardiovascular disease (leading cause of death worldwide)



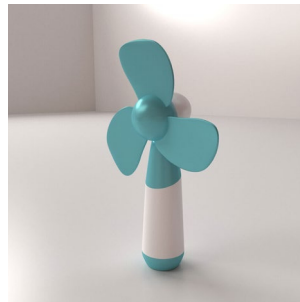


# What potential harm do you need?

**Someone else's worst case:**



**Our worst case:**





# Space ROS



- What is Space ROS?
  - Space ROS is a Software Framework for maturing Space-Qualifiable Robotic Software based on Open Community, Frameworks and Standards
    - Blue Origin, NASA Ames, NASA Goddard, NASA Johnson
- Why Space ROS?
  - Currently do not have a Space-Quality Software Framework for Intelligent, Autonomous and Collaborative Robotic Systems
    - Core Flight Software System (cFS) does not have built in capabilities like ROS Packages for robotics/autonomy
    - <https://cfs.gsfc.nasa.gov/>
- Why ROS?
  - Space robotics community desires an Open-Source framework that does for space robotics what cFS does for spacecraft flight software
  - Robotics research and technology development community already use ROS for rapid development and integration of prototypes. For this community, flight-qualifiable Space ROS should be easily adoptable.
  - Reduce cost/schedule by not having to port ROS code to something else

