

ROS 2 Launch

October 2018

William Woodall

Improvements Targeted for ROS 2

- Improve static introspection by expressing intent
- Emphasize use of events to drive behavior
 - i.e. going beyond `required=true` & `respawn=true`
- Verification and deterministic startup
- First-class Python API
 - See `.launch.py` convention later

See design doc pull request:

<https://github.com/ros2/design/pull/163>

Changes from ROS 1 to ROS 2

- Multiple Nodes per process
 - Need mapping from Nodes to Processes
 - Nodelets in ROS 1 emulated “one node per process” with proxy executables
- Parameters are all node local
 - No truly global parameters
 - What does `<param ...>` or `<rosparam ...>` mean outside of a `<node ...>` tag?

Examples, a Disclaimer

The following examples are using some proposed syntax that is still provisional, but the end result should be close to this.

Example 1: Talker/Listener

```
# package://demo_nodes_cpp/launch/talker_listener.launch.py
```

```
$ # can be introspected with:  
$ ros2 launch --print-description demo_nodes_cpp talker_listener.launch.py  
$ # can be run with:  
$ ros2 launch demo_nodes_cpp talker_listener.launch.py
```

```
def generate_launch_description():  
    return LaunchDescription([  
        ExecuteNodeProcess(  
            package='demo_nodes_cpp', node_executable='talker', output='screen'),  
        ExecuteNodeProcess(  
            package='demo_nodes_cpp', node_executable='listener', output='screen'),  
    ])
```

\$ lib/demo_nodes_cpp/talker

\$ lib/demo_nodes_cpp/listener

Example 1: Talker/Listener

Now with custom node names.

import statements excluded for brevity.

```
def generate_launch_description():  
    return LaunchDescription([  
        ExecuteNodeProcess(  
            package='demo_nodes_cpp', node_executable='talker', output='screen',  
            node_description=NodeDescription(name='my_talker')),  
        ExecuteNodeProcess(  
            package='demo_nodes_cpp', node_executable='listener', output='screen',  
            node_description=NodeDescription(name='my_listener')),  
    ])
```

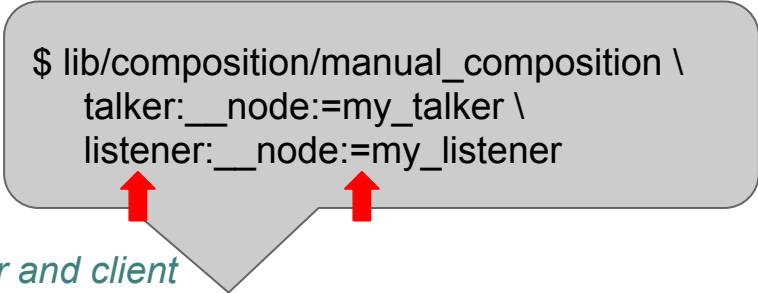
`$ lib/demo_nodes_cpp/talker __node:=my_talker`

`$ lib/demo_nodes_cpp/listener __node:=my_listener`

Example 1: Talker/Listener

Now a process with multiple nodes in it and some custom names.

```
def generate_launch_description():  
    return LaunchDescription([  
        ExecuteMultiNodeProcess(  
            # manual_composition contains four nodes:  
            # talker, listener, and an "add_two_ints" server and client  
            package='composition', node_executable='manual_composition', output='screen',  
            # only need to describe nodes you want to (re)configure in some way  
            node_descriptions={  
                'talker': NodeDescription(name='my_talker'),  
                'listener': NodeDescription(name='my_listener'),  
            },  
        )  
    ])
```



```
$ lib/composition/manual_composition \  
talker: __node:=my_talker \  
listener: __node:=my_listener
```

Example 1: Talker/Listener

Now a process with multiple composable

```
def generate_launch_description():
```

```
    return LaunchDescription([
```

```
        ExecuteComposableNodeProcess(
```

```
            package='rclcpp_components',
```

```
            # composable nodes additionally n
```

```
            composable_node_descriptions=[
```

```
                ComposableNodeDescription(
```

```
                    package_name='demo_nodes_cpp', node_plugin_name='talker',
```

```
                    name='my_talker'),
```

```
                ComposableNodeDescription(
```

```
                    package_name='demo_nodes_cpp', node_plugin_name='listener',
```

```
                    name='my_listener'),
```

```
            ],
```

```
        ],
```

```
    )
```

consumable_node_container
process

talker

listener

er', output='screen',

Example 2: Lifecycle Talker/Listener

part 1/2

```
def generate_launch_description():
```

```
    # ...
```

```
    # you must describe a lifecycle node with its name
```

```
    # even if you do not change the configurations
```

```
    talker_node = LifecycleNodeDescription(node_name='talker')
```

```
    execute_talker_process_action = ExecuteNodeProcess(
```

```
        package='lifecycle', node_executable='lifecycle_talker', output='screen',
```

```
        node_description=talker_node)
```

Example 2: Lifecycle Talker/Listener

part 2/2

```
def generate_launch_description():  
    #...  
    # When the talker node reaches the 'active' state, log a message and start the listener node.  
    register_event_handler_for_talker_reaches_active_state = RegisterEventHandler(  
        OnStateTransition(  
            target_lifecycle_node=talker_node, goal_state='active',  
            entities=[  
                LogInfo(  
                    msg="node 'talker' reached the 'active' state, launching 'listener'.")  
                ),  
                ExecuteNodeProcess(  
                    package='lifecycle', node_executable='lifecycle_listener', output='screen',  
                    node_description=LifecycleNodeDescription(node_name='listener'))  
            ],  
        )  
    )
```

Example 2: Lifecycle Talker/Listener

part 2/2

```
def generate_launch_description():  
    #...  
    # When the talker node reaches the 'active' state, log a message and start the listener node.  
    register_event_handler_for_talker_reaches_active_state = RegisterEventHandler(  
        OnStateTransition(  
            target_lifecycle_node=talker_node, goal_state='active',  
            entities=[  
                LogInfo(  
                    msg="node 'talker' reached the 'active' state, launching 'listener'.")  
                ),  
                ExecuteNodeProcess(  
                    package='lifecycle', node_executable='lifecycle_listener', output='screen',  
                    node_description=LifecycleNodeDescription(node_name='listener'))  
            ],  
        )  
    )  
)
```

Example 2: Lifecycle Talker/Listener

part 2/2

```
def generate_launch_description():  
    #...  
    # When the talker node reaches the 'active' state, log a message and start the listener node.  
    register_event_handler_for_talker_reaches_active_state = RegisterEventHandler(  
        OnStateTransition(  
            target_lifecycle_node=talker_node, goal_state='active',  
            entities=[  
                LogInfo(  
                    msg="node 'talker' reached the 'active' state, launching 'listener'.")  
                ExecuteNodeProcess(  
                    package='lifecycle', node_executable='lifecycle_listener', output='screen',  
                    node_description=LifecycleNodeDescription(node_name='listener'))  
            ],  
        )  
    )
```

Things I don't have time to cover

- Substitutions
- Arguments
- Action Conditions
- Including Other Launch Descriptions
- More Actions
- More Events
- More Event Handlers
- Introspection

Things in Launch you could help with

- Launch descriptions as markup, e.g. XML or YAML
- Verification tools
- Using launch to do testing
- Multi-machine launching

Where to learn more

- Wiki page:
 - <https://github.com/ros2/ros2/wiki/Launch-system>
- Architecture document in repository:
 - <https://github.com/ros2/launch/blob/master/launch/doc/source/architecture.rst>
- Design document pull request:
 - <https://github.com/ros2/design/pull/163>
- Features targeted for Crystal Release:
 - <https://github.com/ros2/launch/issues/101>

Questions?