

An Introduction to Team ViGIR's Open Source Software and DRC Post Mortem



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT

Stefan Kohlbrecher, Alberto Romay, Alexander Stumpf, Achim Stein, Oskar von Stryk

Simulation, Systems Optimization and Robotics (SIM) Group, TU Darmstadt, Germany

Philipp Schillinger

Robert Bosch GmbH, Corporate Research, Department for Cognitive Systems. Stuttgart, Germany

Spyros Maniatopoulos, Hadas Kress-Grazit

Verifiable Robotics Research Group, School of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Cornell University, Ithaca, USA

David C. Conner

Christopher Newport University, Newport News, United States

Outline

- Intro
 - The DRC
 - Team ViGIR
- (ROS based) Infrastructure
- System Overview
- DRC Finals
- Lessons Learned

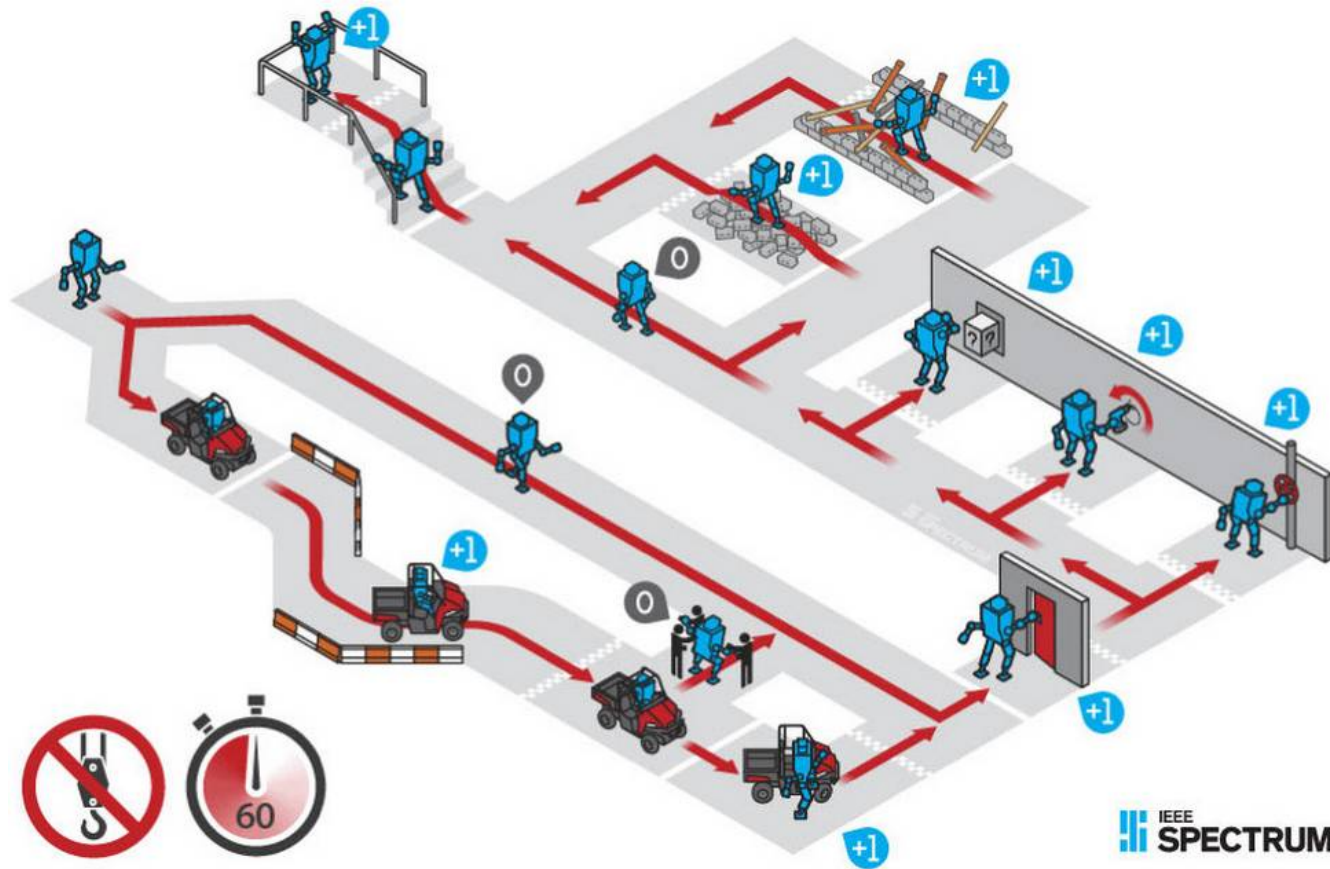
The DARPA Robotics Challenge



...close study of the disaster's first 24 hours, before the cascade of failures carried reactor 1 beyond any hope of salvation, reveals clear inflection points where minor differences would have prevented events from spiraling out of control.

IEEE Spectrum, November 2011 pg. 36. ([online version](#))

DRC – Tasks and Rules



IEEE Spectrum

The "C" in DRC

- Uneven terrain, stairs and ladders
- Motions with multiple contacts (e.g. getting out of a vehicle)

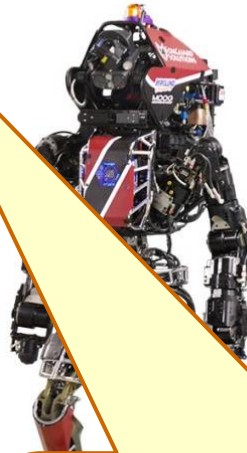


Versatile and robust
(Loco-)Motion

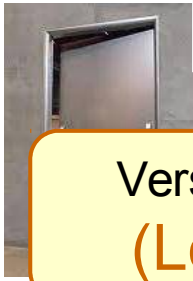


The "C" in DRC

Versatile and robust
Perception



Versatile and robust
(Loco-)Motion



- Perceive Environment for locomotion
- Perceive objects for manipulation
- Ability to acquire new objects and their potential purposes on the fly
- Robustness to different lightning conditions



The "C" in DRC

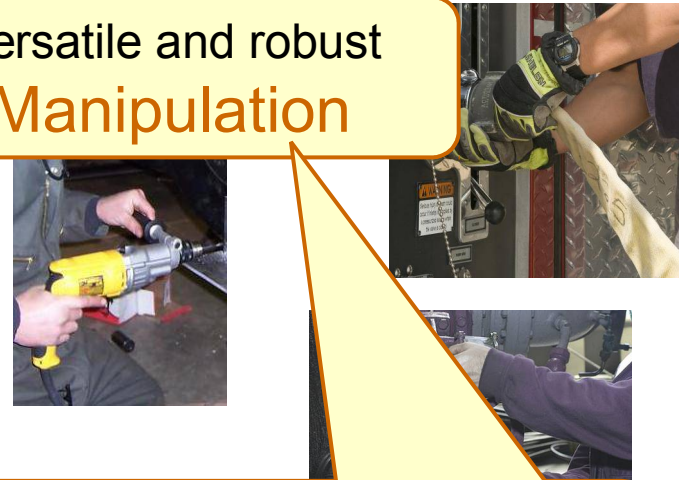
Versatile and robust
Perception



Versatile and robust
(Loco-)Motion



Versatile and robust
Manipulation



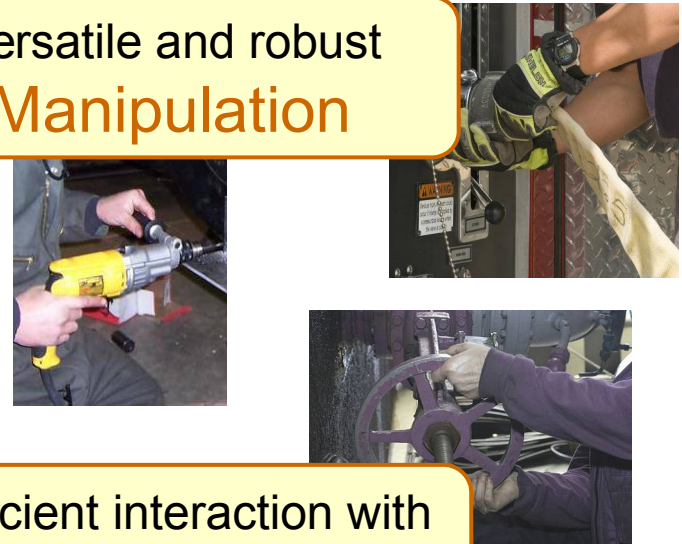
- Many different tools, only few exactly known in advance
- Acquiring new manipulation modes
- Ability to coordinate manipulation, locomotion & active perception

The "C" in DRC

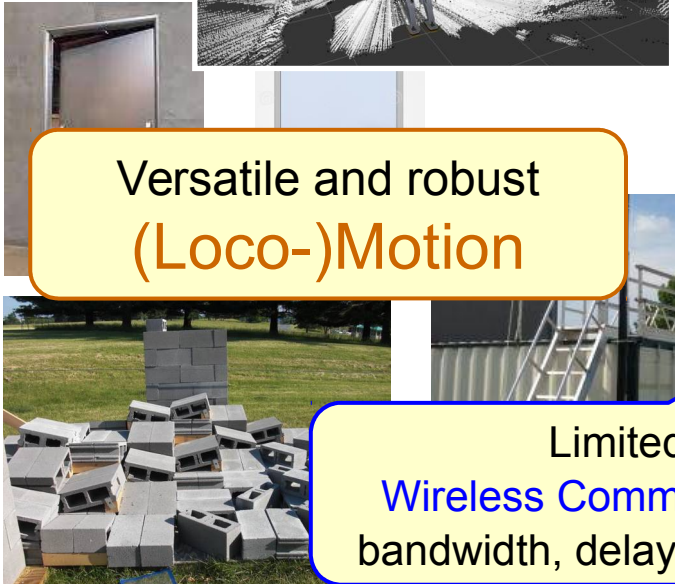
Versatile and robust
Perception



Versatile and robust
Manipulation



Versatile and robust
(Loco-)Motion



Efficient interaction with
Human Supervisor



Limited
Wireless Communication
bandwidth, delays, losses



DRC - The Meta-Challenges

- Highly compressed timeline
- Multiple competition events
 - VRC (June 2013)
 - Trials (Dec 2013)
 - Finals (June 2015)
- Systems integration
- High reliability
 - Only few attempts at tasks



Team ViGIR



International collaboration, Track B
Atlas team. **V**irginia **G**ermany
Interdisciplinary **R**obotics

- TORC Robotics (Blacksburg, VA)
- TU Darmstadt (Darmstadt, Germany)
- Virginia Tech (Blacksburg, VA)
- Cornell University (Ithaca, NY)
- Leibnitz Universität Hannover (Hannover, Germany)
- Oregon State University (Corvallis, OR)



Team ViGIR



Team ViGIR

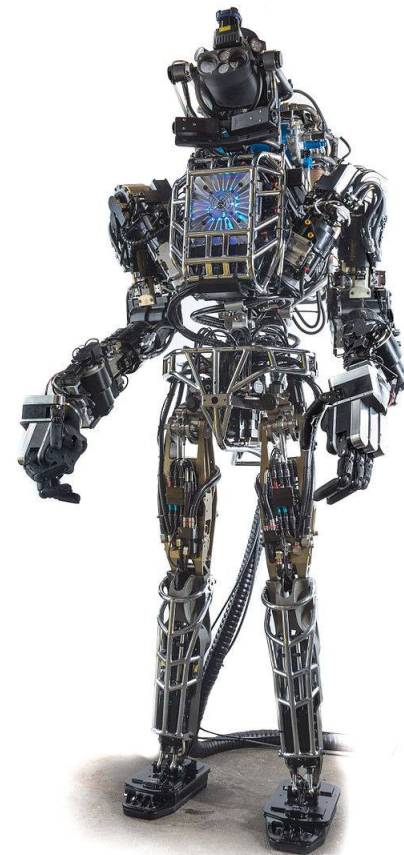
- Track B team, DRC participation from day one
 - Virtual Robotics Challenge (VRC)
 - DRC Trials
 - DRC Finals
- Software available: github.com/team-vigir
 - Exceptions:
 - Robot controller
 - Comms bridge
- Other teams using ViGIR software at DRC Finals
 - HECTOR (SIM, TU Darmstadt)
 - VALOR (TREC, Virginia Tech)

Open Source Efforts by other DRC competitors

- MIT:
 - Pronto State Estimator ([pronto-distro github](#))
 - Drake Planning and Control ([drake github](#))
 - Director UI ([director github](#))
- IHMC:
 - IHMC Controller
 - SCS Simulator ([ihmc_ros bitbucket](#))
- JSK:
 - Extensive ROS-based Software ([jsk-ros-pkgs github](#))

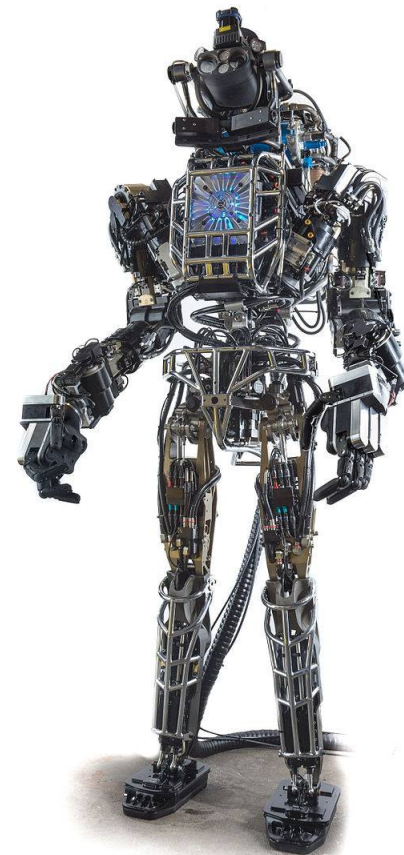
Hardware

- Boston Dynamics (BDI)
Atlas robot
 - Hydraulically actuated
- Our Atlas nicknamed
“Florian” (after patron
saint of firefighters)
- API provided by BDI
 - Walking/Stepping
 - Balancing
- ➔ Upper body planning
decoupled from low level
balance control



Hardware – Atlas Versions

- Atlas V3 (2013–Nov 2014)
 - Tethered
 - 6DOF arms



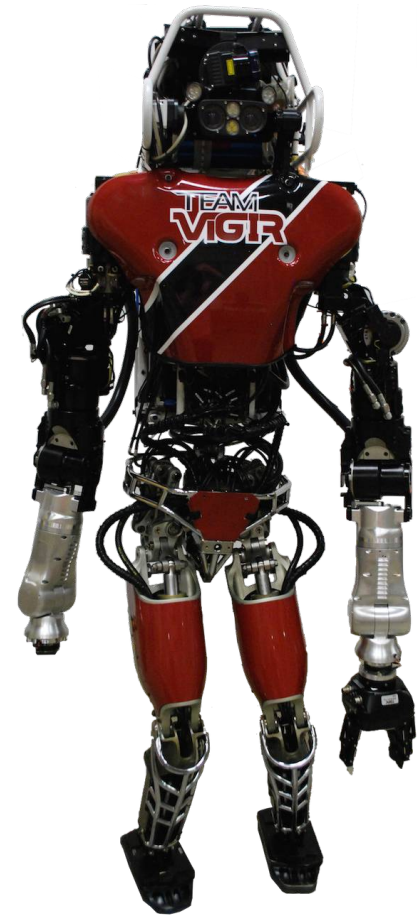
Hardware – Atlas Versions

- Atlas V3 (2013–Nov 2014)
 - Tethered
 - 6DOF arms
- Atlas V4 (Feb 2015-Mar 2015)
 - Untethered
 - Onboard Computing
 - 6DOF arms



Hardware – Atlas Versions

- Atlas V3 (2013–Nov 2014)
 - Tethered
 - 6DOF arms
- Atlas V4 (Feb 2015-Mar 2015)
 - Untethered
 - Onboard Computing
 - 6DOF arms
- Atlas V5 (Apr 2015-Aug 2015)
 - As V4, but 7DOF arms (lower 3 joints electric)

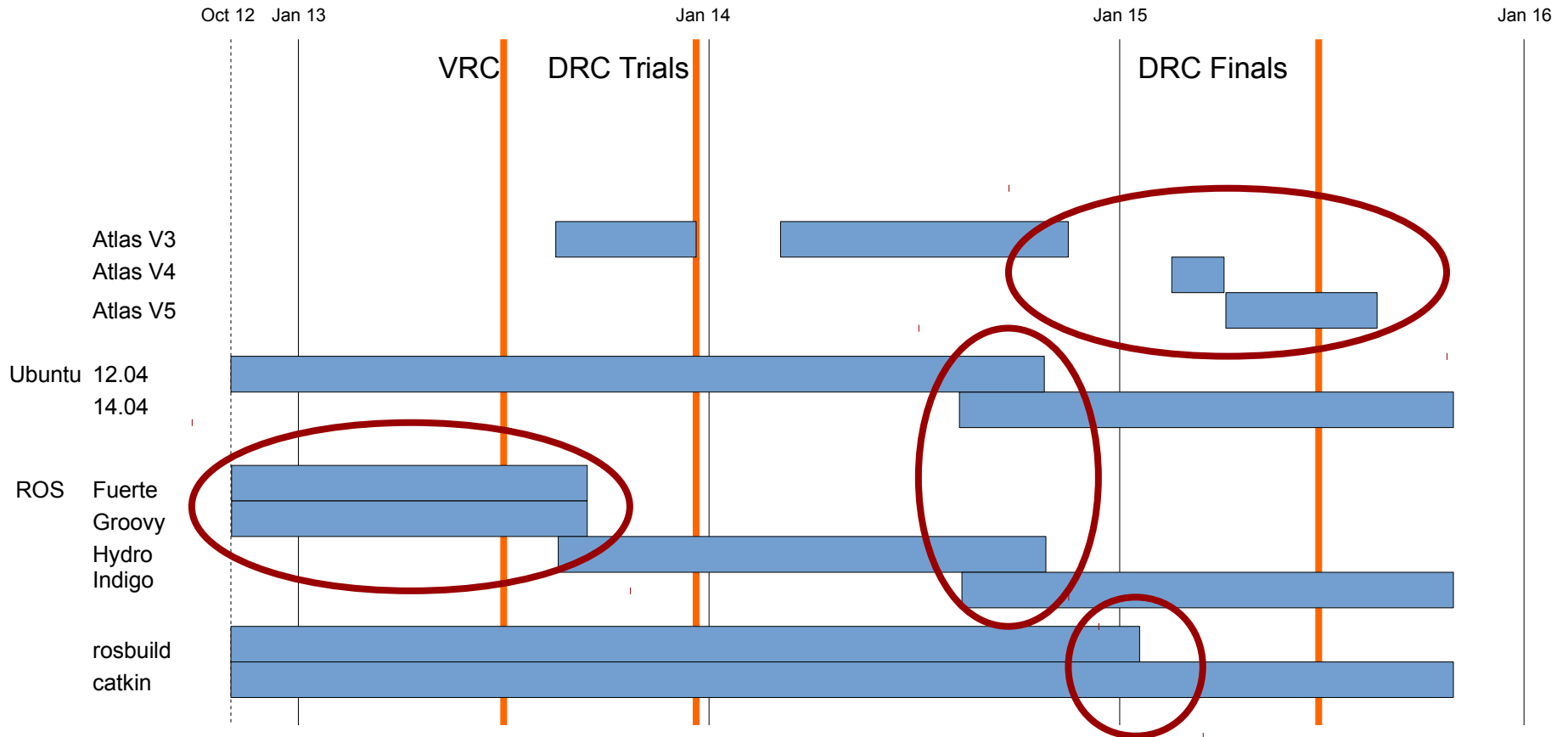


Infrastructure

- Use of ROS from the beginning
 - Prior experience
 - Great community
 - A lot of useful software
 - Integration with DRCsim
- Private git(lab) repos
 - Now moved to github
- Project management via Redmine
 - Every task in issue tracker
 - Hundreds of Wiki-pages



Timeline with a Focus on Infrastructure



Infrastructure – Managing Robot Variability

- Many variants:
 - 3+ Atlas versions
 - 4 Hand types
- Could use args/params
 - Unwieldy to forward through launch files
- Use environment variables
- Generate robot model (and onboard software setup) at launch-time

```
filename="$(find atlas_description)/urdf/${(optenv VIGIR_ATLAS_ROBOT_TYPE atlas_v5)}_simple_shapes.urdf"/>
filename="$(find atlas_description)/urdf/${(optenv VIGIR_ATLAS_ROBOT_TYPE atlas_v5)}_${(optenv VIGIR_SIM_TYPE
filename="$(find atlas_description)/urdf/${(optenv VIGIR_ATLAS_ROBOT_TYPE atlas_v5)}.transmission" />

filename="$(find atlas_description)/robots/multisense/${(optenv VIGIR_ATLAS_MULTISENSE_TYPE sim)}_multisense

filename="$(find atlas_description)/robots/hands/${(optenv VIGIR_ATLAS_LEFT_HAND_TYPE l_stump)}.urdf.xacro" ,
filename="$(find atlas_description)/robots/hands/${(optenv VIGIR_ATLAS_RIGHT_HAND_TYPE r_stump)}.urdf.xacro"
```

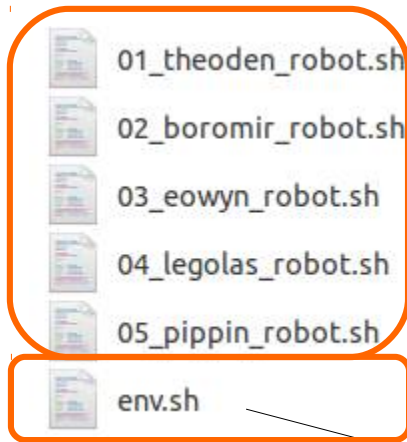
github.com/team-vigir/vigir_atlas_common/blob/master/atlas_description/robots/vigir_atlas.urdf.xacro

Infrastructure – Deployment to multiple machines

- Complex system
 - 3 Onboard Computers
 - 1 Field Computer
 - 4 OCS Computers
- Fast development cycles
 - Build and deploy quickly and consistently
- Remotelaunch scripts
 - Build using catkin (install)
 - Deploy using rsync
 - Start using ssh/screen

github.com/team-vigir/remotelaunch

Infrastructure – Deployment to multiple machines



Launch scripts for each machine

```
#theoden
roslaunch vigir_atlas_bringup common_parameters.launch
roslaunch vigir_atlas_controller atlas_robot.launch
roslaunch pgr_camera sa_cameras.launch
```

Common environment
setup executed on each
machine

```
#!/bin/bash
# This code will be run in every screen on the remote machine. It is typically
# used to source ros and setup any other environment variables you need.
cmdline=("$@")
if [ $# == 0 ]; then
    cmdline=($SHELL -i)
fi

export VIGIR_ROOT_DIR=/home/user/vigir_repo
echo "sourcing catkin_ws....."
source "/home/user/vigir_repo/catkin_ws/install/setup.bash"
echo "sourcing scripts setup.bash....."
source "/home/user/vigir_repo/scripts/setup/setup.bash"
shopt -s expand_aliases

exec "${cmdline[@]}"
```


Infrastructure – Simulation Options

- No single solution that can do everything currently available (as open source)
 - IHMC controller/Atlas with Gazebo integration to be released this fall

Simulator/Robot	Locomotion	Manipulation	Remarks
Atlas/BDI/DRCsim	(Yes)	No	Only with BDI lib
Atlas/IHMC/SCS	Yes	No	
Atlas/IHMC/DRCsim	(Yes)	(Yes)	Coming soon :)
Valkyrie/IHMC/DRCsim	(Yes)	(Yes)	Coming soon
Thor-Mang/Gazebo4	No	Yes	

Components - Controls

Hardware

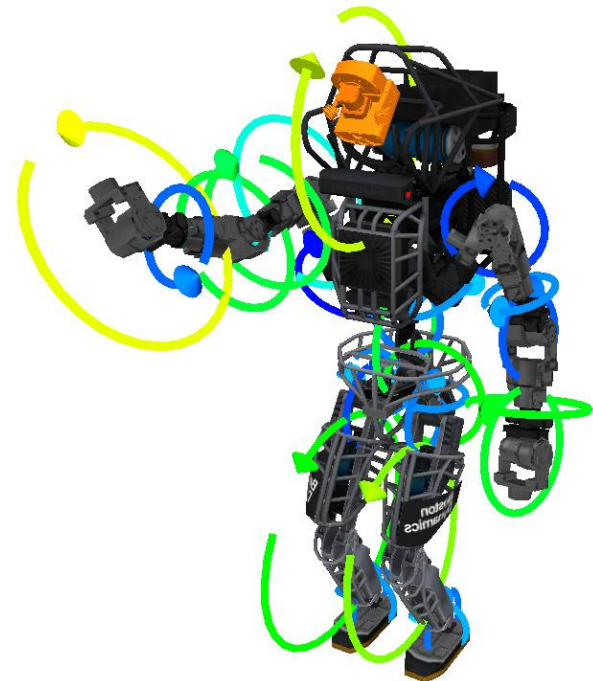
Robot
Controller

LIDAR(s)

Camera(s)

IMU

- Use of BDI supplied library
 - Walk (dynamic stability)
 - Step (static stability)
 - Manipulate (balance while standing)
- Provided as binary
 - Black box, no source (also for DRC teams)
 - Not available to general public :(
- Effort to integrate IHMC Whole Body controller
 - Use in competition prevented by time constraints/delays
 - Coming soon



Components – State Estimation

Hardware

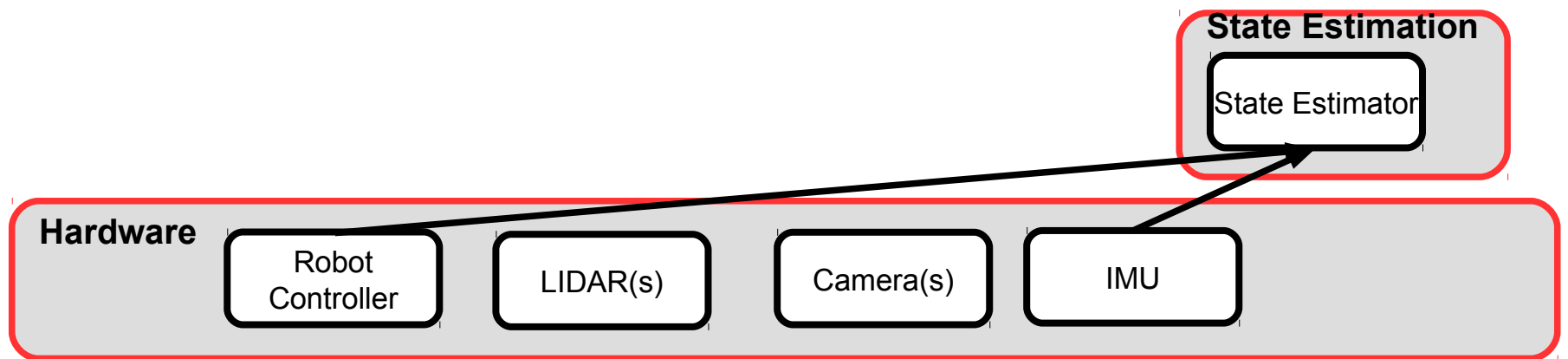
Robot
Controller

LIDAR(s)

Camera(s)

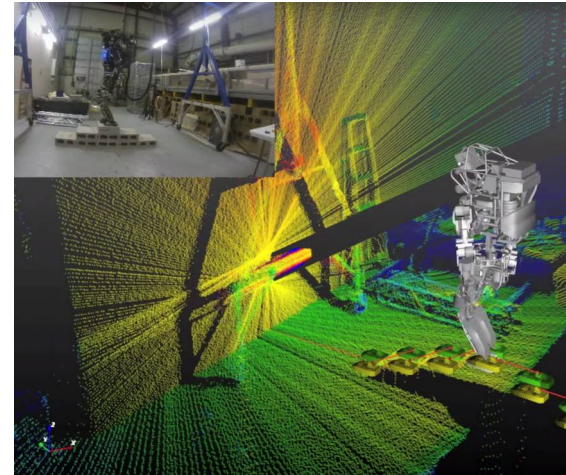
IMU

Components – State Estimation

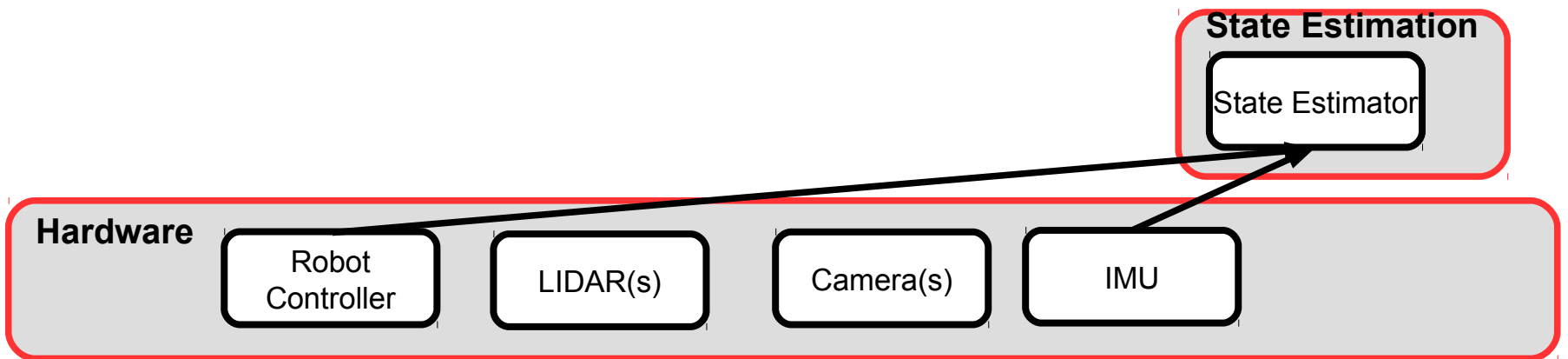


State Estimation

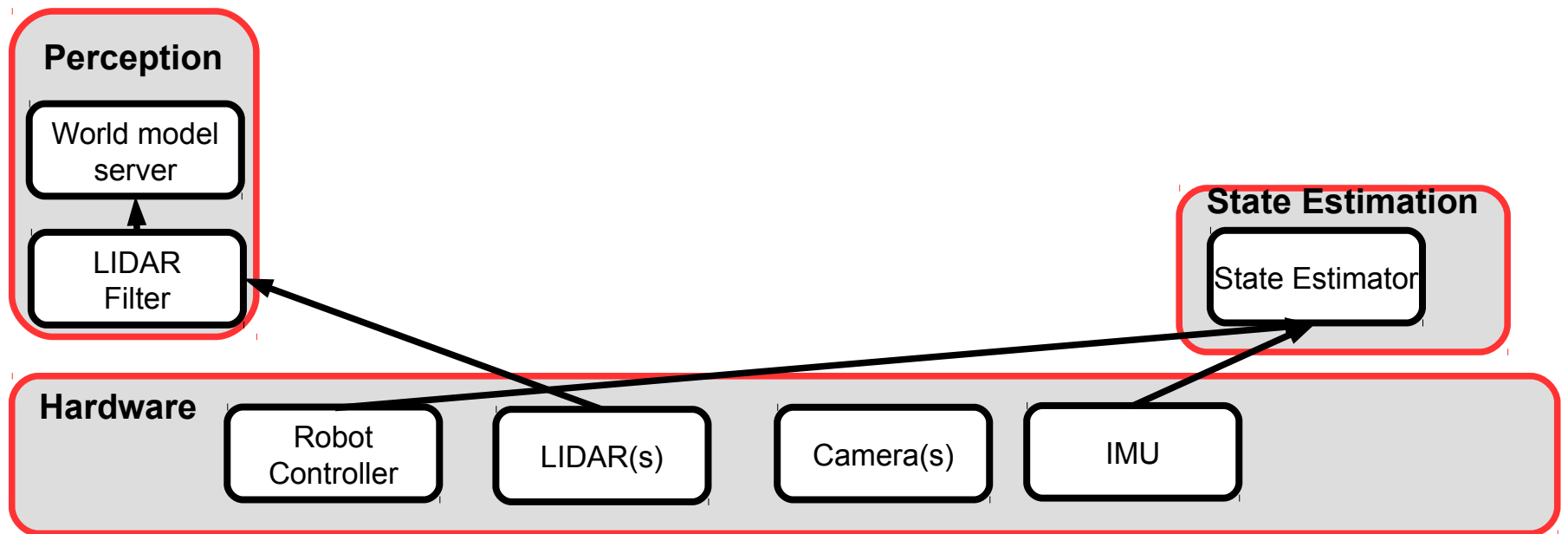
- Provide state (pose) estimate for robot
- Fuse
 - Leg Kinematics
 - IMU
- Continuous but drifting estimate
 - Low drift with good sensors
- Use MIT's pronto
 - Tuned for Atlas system
 - pod build system
 - LCM communications
- LIDAR use dangerous in non-static environment
 - pronto-distro (ViGIR fork)**



Components – Perception

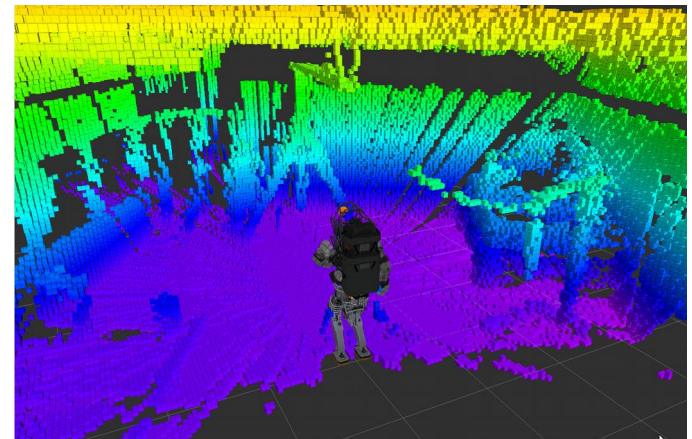
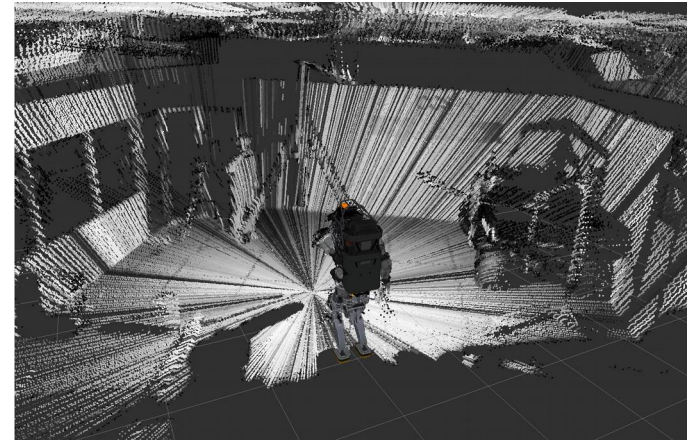


Components - Perception



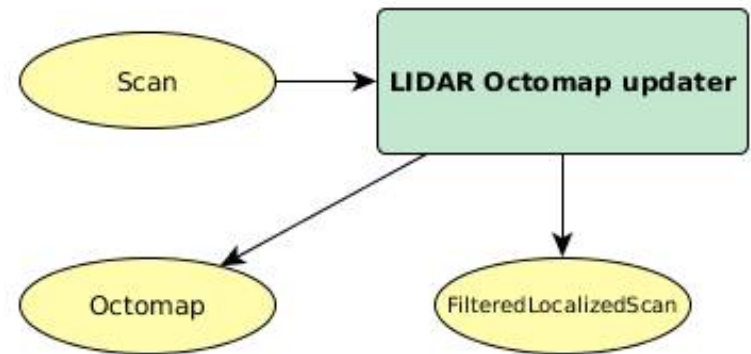
Perception

- Provide situational awareness for operator(s)
- Provide world state estimate for robot
 - Footstep planning
 - Manipulation



Perception - LidarOctomapUpdater

- Environment octomap updated in real-time
- Provide collision model for planner
- Also provide filtered LIDAR data for overall system
 - Annotate with transform information as tf prohibitive over constrained comms



github.com/team-vigir/vigir_manipulation_planning/tree/master/vigir_lidar_octomap_updater

Perception – Compressing LIDAR Data

- Standard scan too big for 1500 Byte UDP limit



github.com/team-vigir/vigir_perception/tree/master/vigir_filtered_localized_scan_utils

Perception – Compressing LIDAR Data

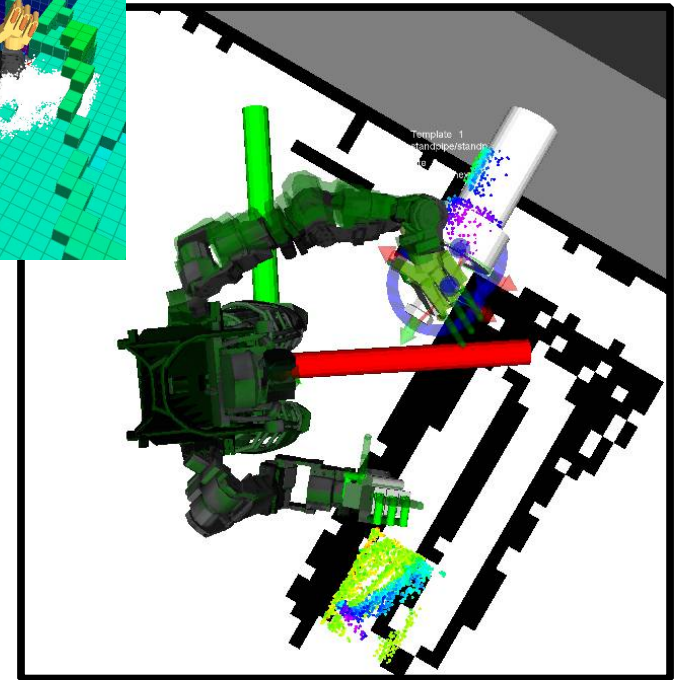
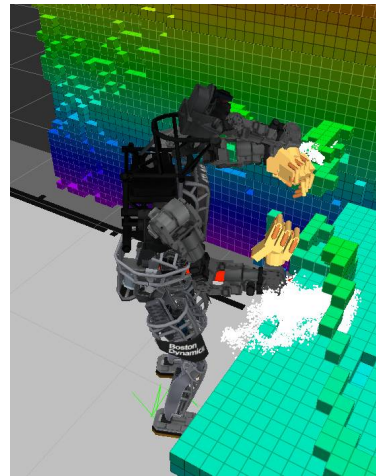
- Standard scan too big for 1500 Byte UDP limit
- Compress:
 - Split (3 separate scans)
 - Distances to uint₁₆
 - Intensities to uint₈
 - Self filter bit
- Add start/end global transform info
- Can reconstruct on OCS side
 - Every compressed scan usable standalone



github.com/team-vigir/vigir_perception/tree/master/vigir_filtered_localized_scan_utils

Perception – World Model Server

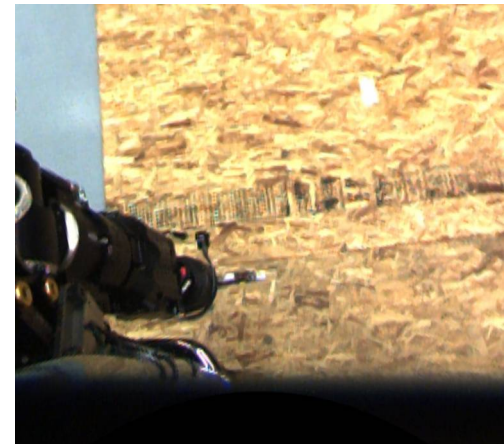
- Collect LIDAR data
- Provide services
 - Pointcloud ROIs
 - Octomap ROIs
 - Gridmap slice ROIs
 - Distance queries
- Two instances
 - Onboard
 - OCS
- Sync via compressed scans



github.com/team-vigir/vigir_perception/tree/master/vigir_worldmodel_server

Situational Awareness using Fisheye Cameras

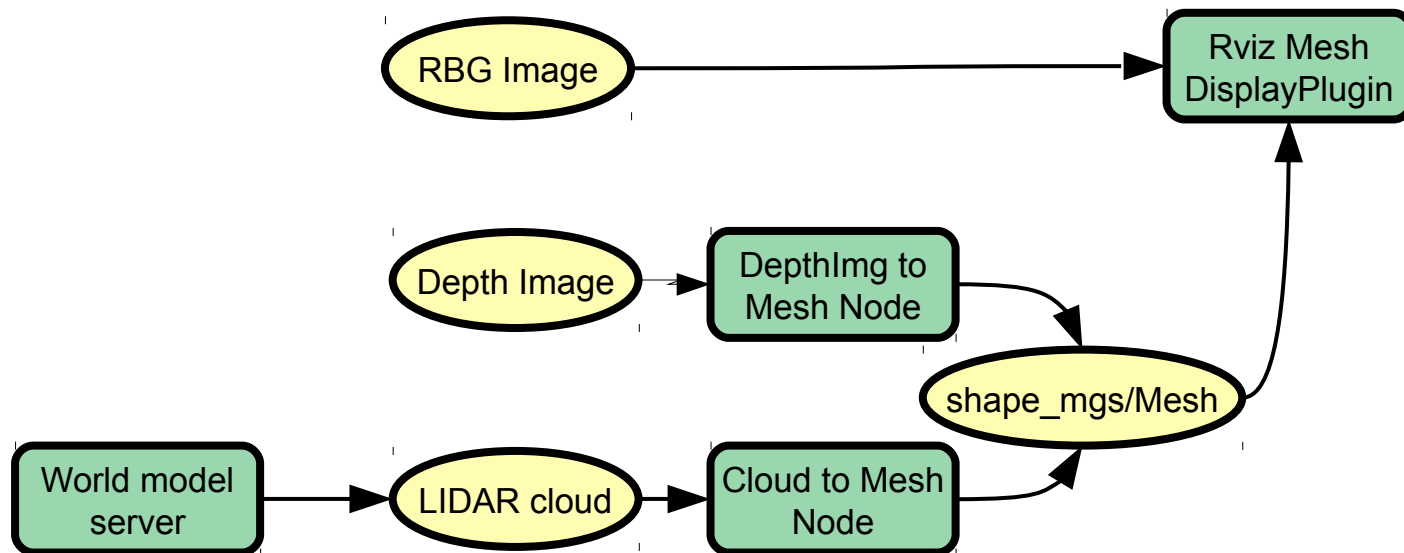
- Fisheye cameras provide high FOV
- Hard to interpret for humans
- Calibrate Fisheye cam using the **ocamlib** toolbox
- Virtual pinhole camera that follows tf frames



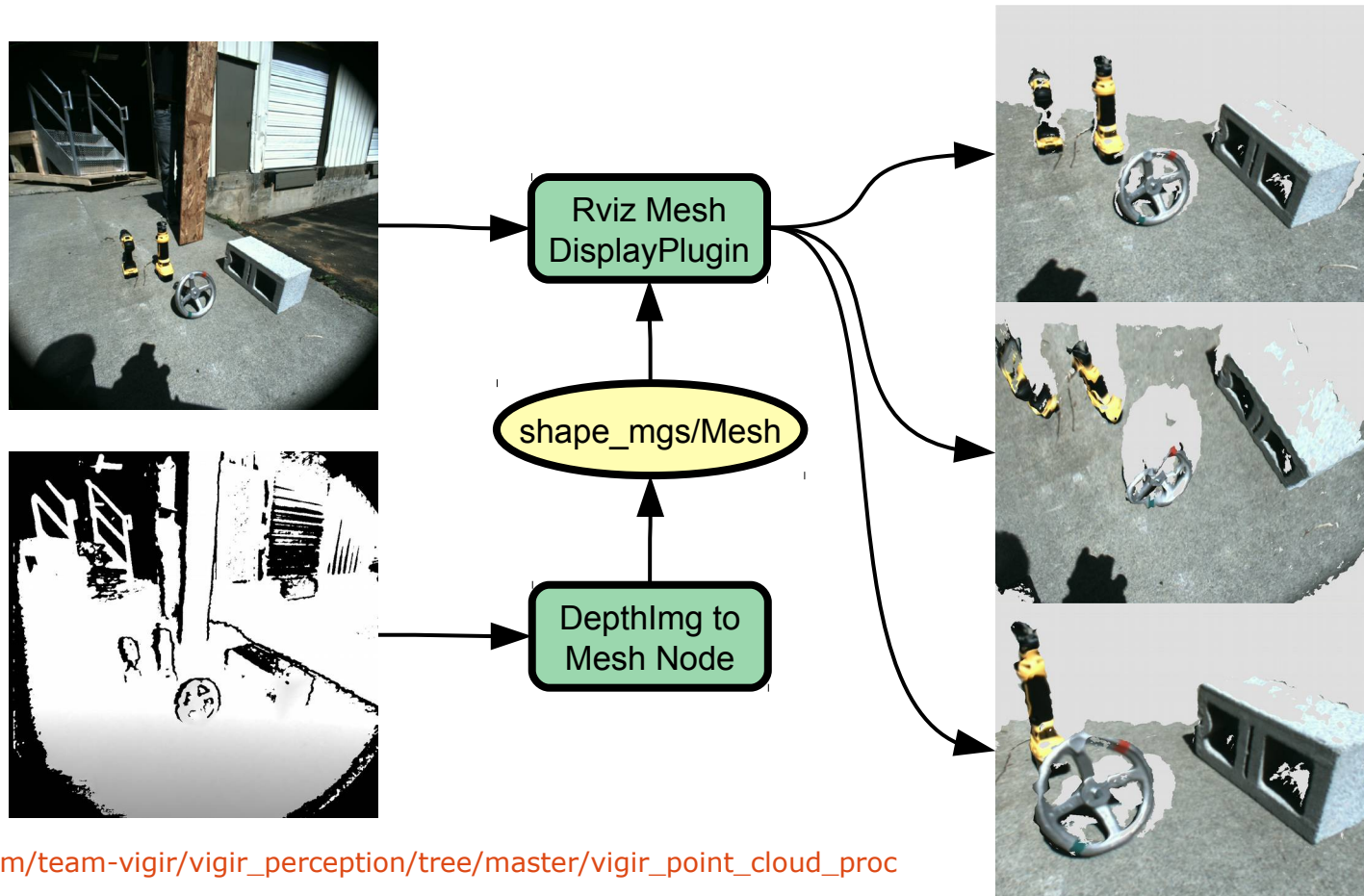
github.com/team-vigir/vigir_wide_angle_image_proc

Mesh Visualization

- Latest image data texture mapped onto mesh
 - Depth image-based: Fast update rate, low range
 - LIDAR-based: Low update rate, high range



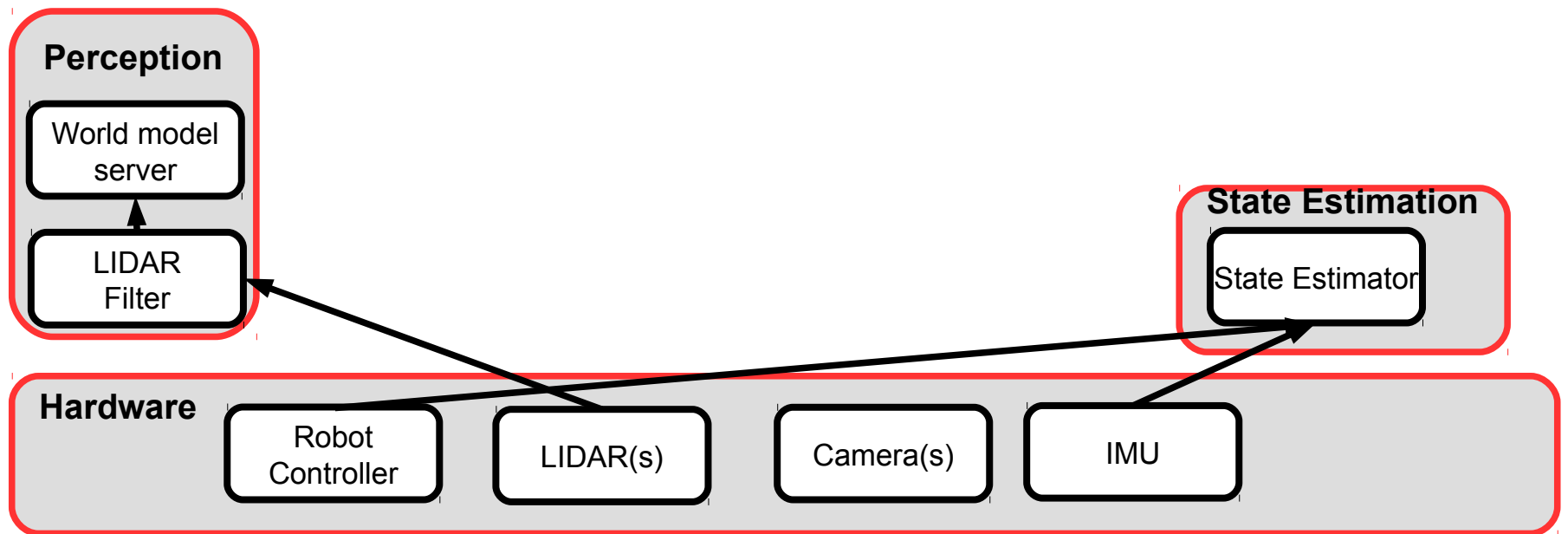
Mesh Visualization



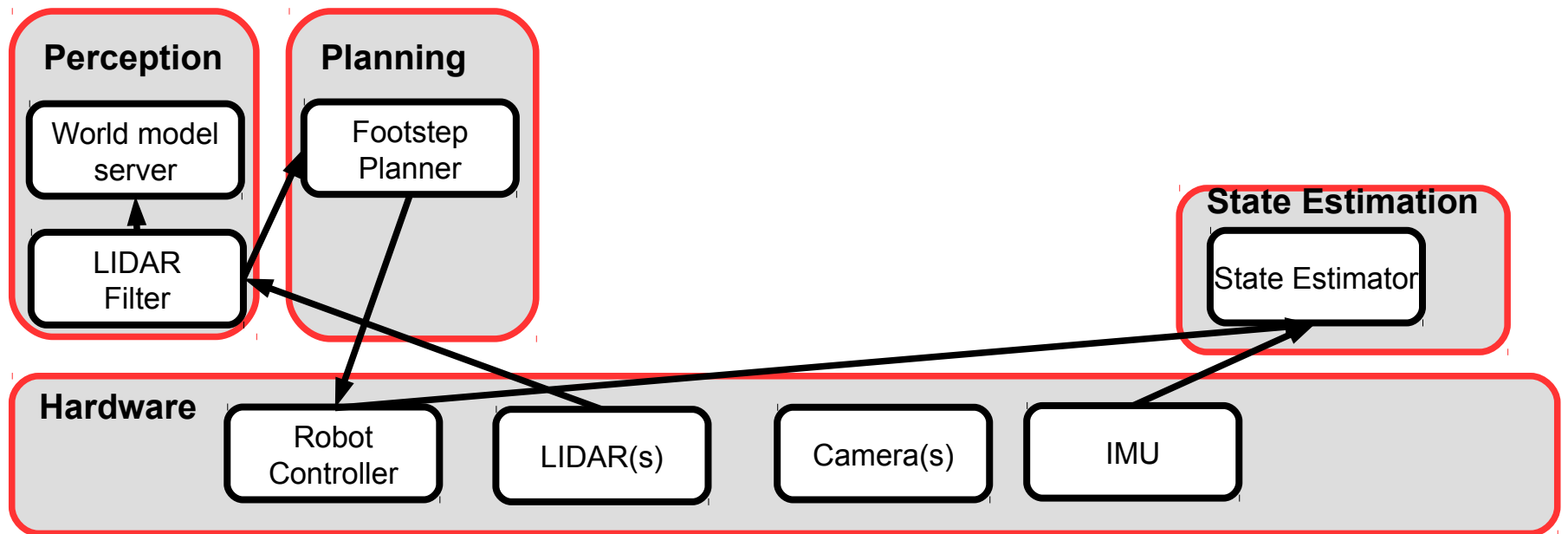
github.com/team-vigir/vigir_perception/tree/master/vigir_point_cloud_proc

github.com/team-vigir/vigir_ocs_common/tree/master/vigir_ocs_rviz_plugins/vigir_ocs_rviz_plugin_mesh_display_custom

Components – Footstep Planner

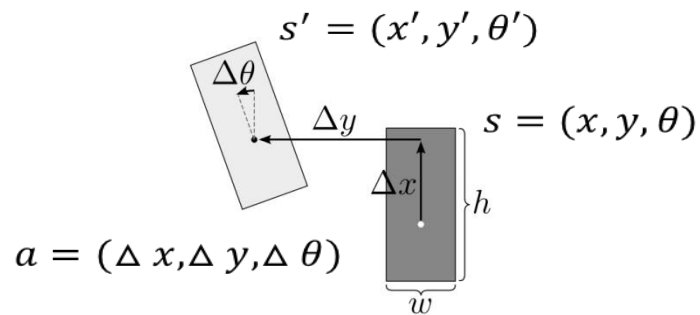


Components – Footstep Planner

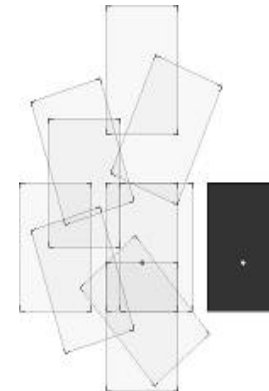


Footstep Planner

- Based on work by Hornung et. al. [1]
 - A*-search-based planning approach



Discrete Foot Placements

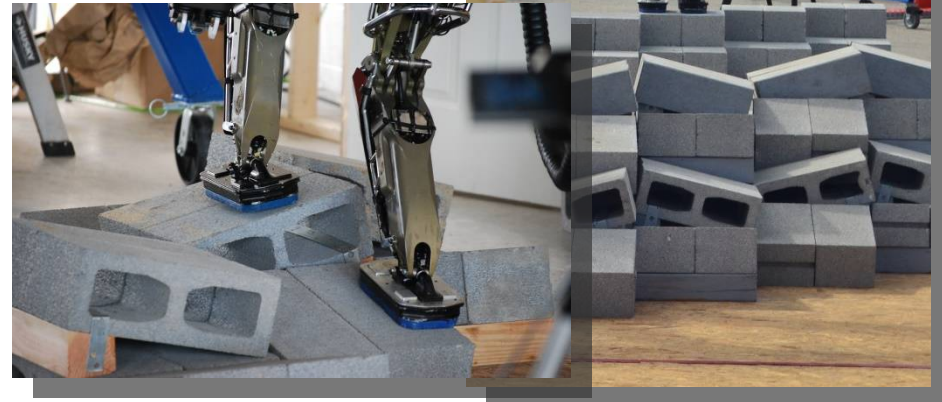


Successor Set

[1] Hornung et.al. Anytime Search-Based Footstep Planning with Suboptimality Bounds, Humanoids 2012

Footstep Planner

- Complex Locomotion:
 - 3D perception and modeling
 - Safe sequences of foot placements
 - 6DOF foot placements
 - Obstacle avoidance
 - Balance control
- Divide and conquer
 - Terrain Model Generator
 - 3D Footstep Planning
 - Robot Controller



github.com/team-vigir/vigir_footstep_planning_core

Terrain Model Generator

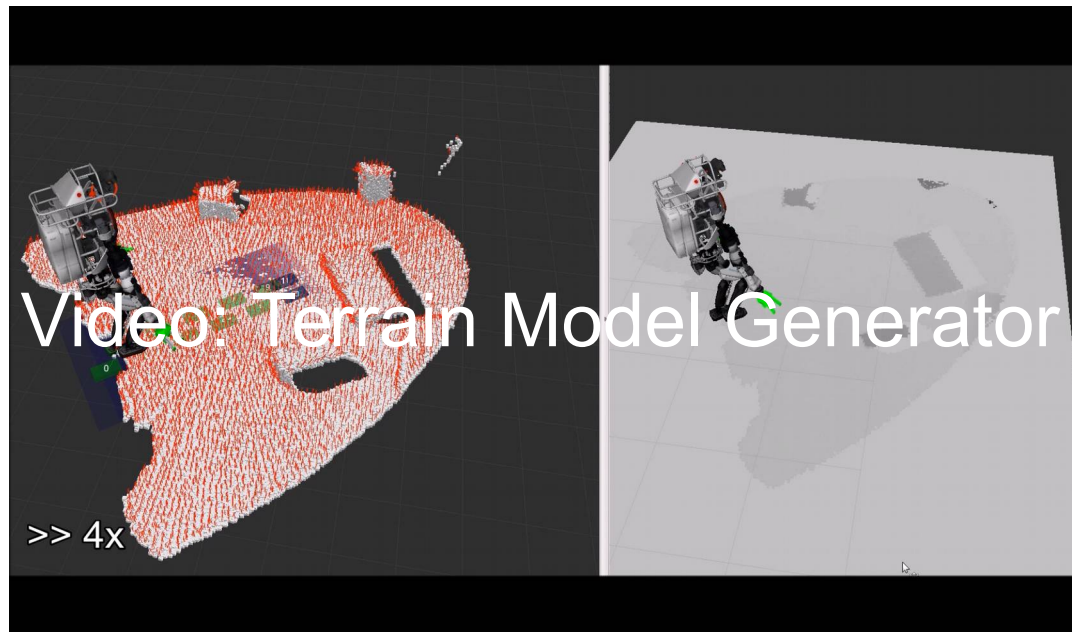
- Only point clouds required
 - Octree as back-end
 - Incremental updates
 - Stand-alone ROS package
 - Usable in other domains



github.com/team-vigir/vigir_terrain_classifier

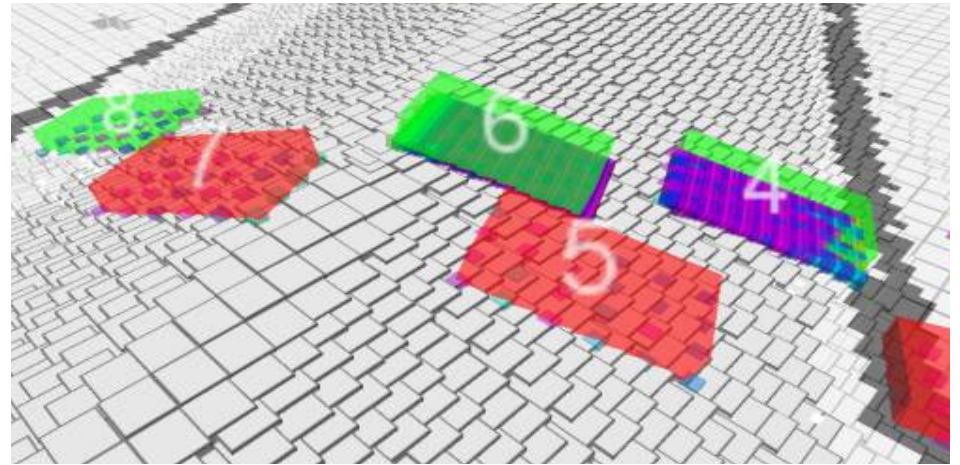
Terrain Model Generator

- Online Generation
 - Surface Normals (left)
 - Height Map (right)



Footstep Planner: 3D Planning

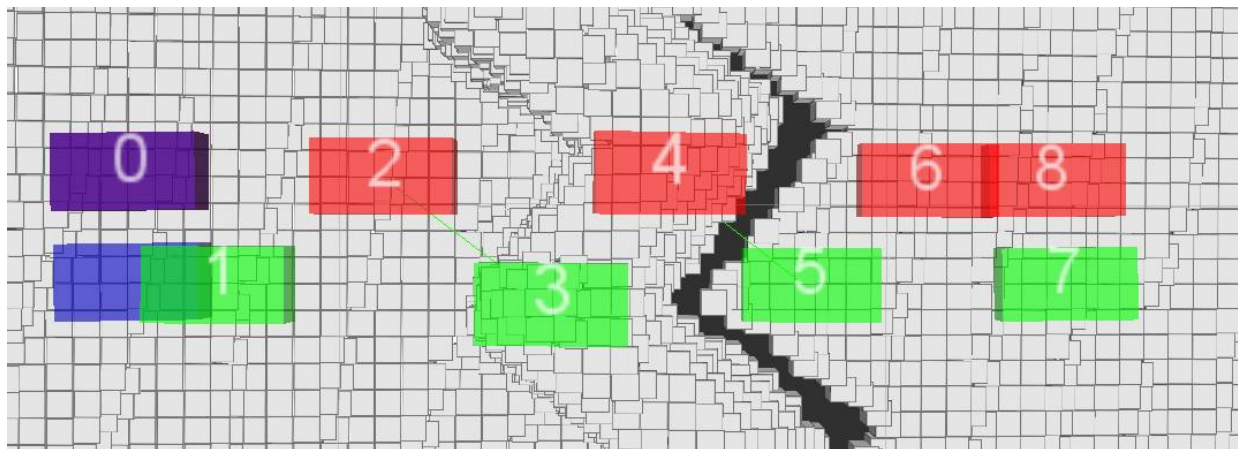
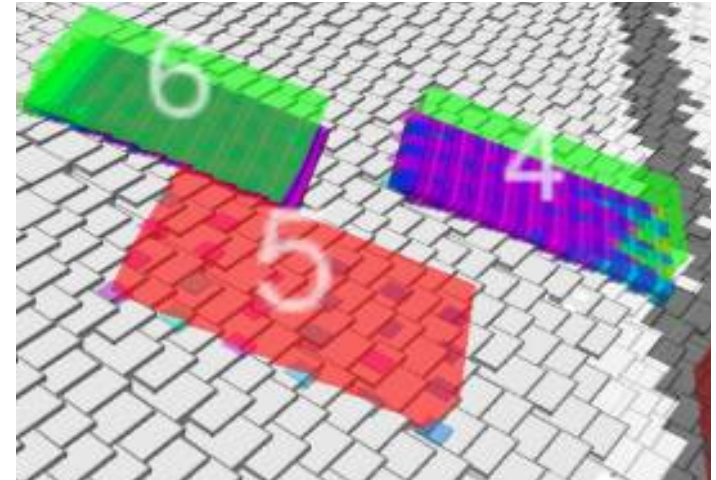
- Extension to 3D



- States: Become full 6 DOF
- Actions: Remain the same
- Roll, pitch and step height are constrained by underlying terrain
- Search space does not enlarge
- No expensive branching tree!

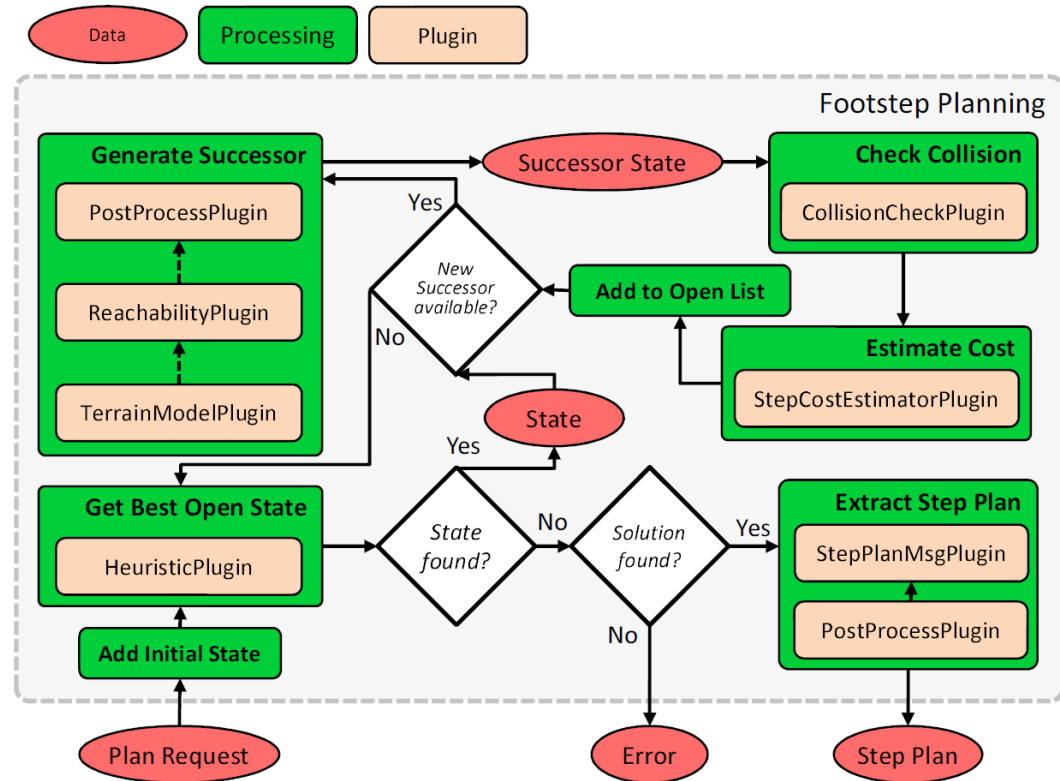
Footstep Planner: 3D Planning

- Ground contact estimation
 - Sampling of foot surface
 - Estimate contact situation of each sample using height map
 - More flexible collision checking model
 - Allows overhanging steps

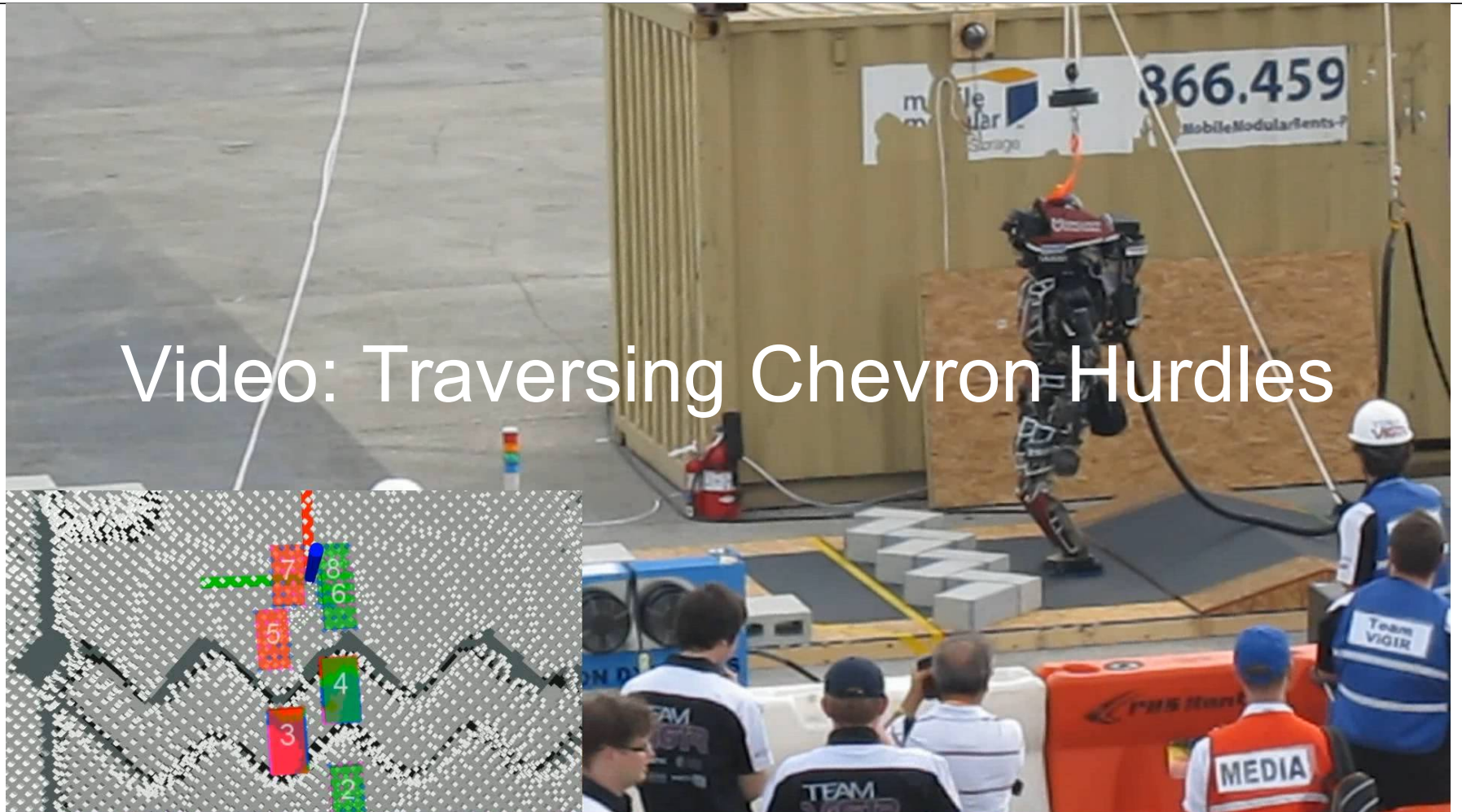


Footstep Planner: Plugins

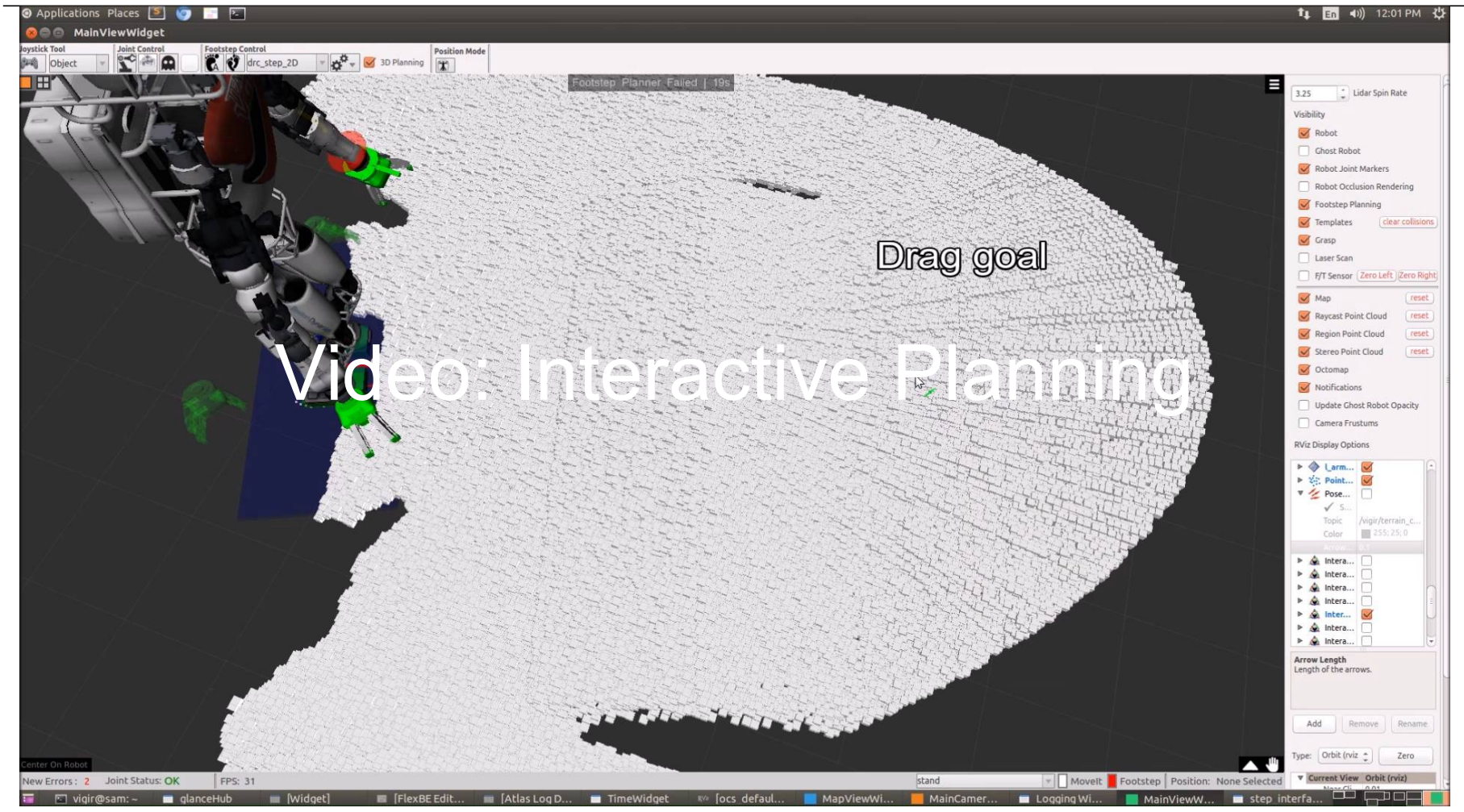
- Plugins used for customization of all relevant system aspects
- Setups for 3 robots already available:
 - Atlas
 - Thor-Mang
 - ESCHER



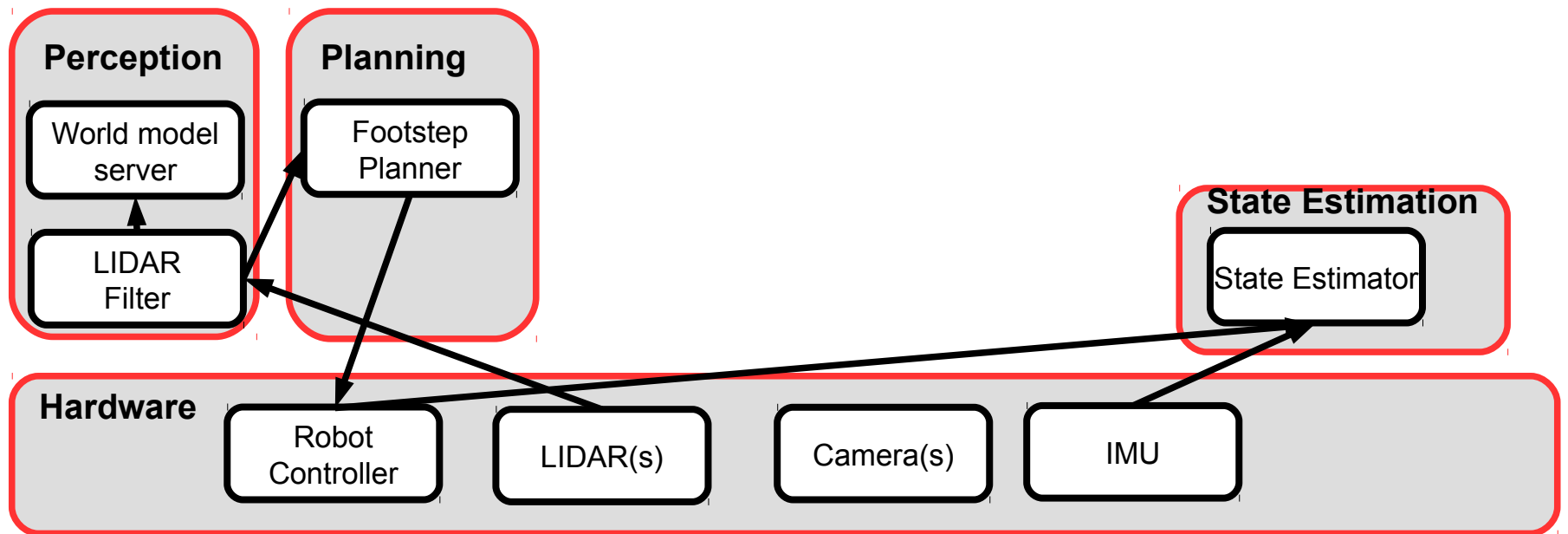
Footstep Planner: Example



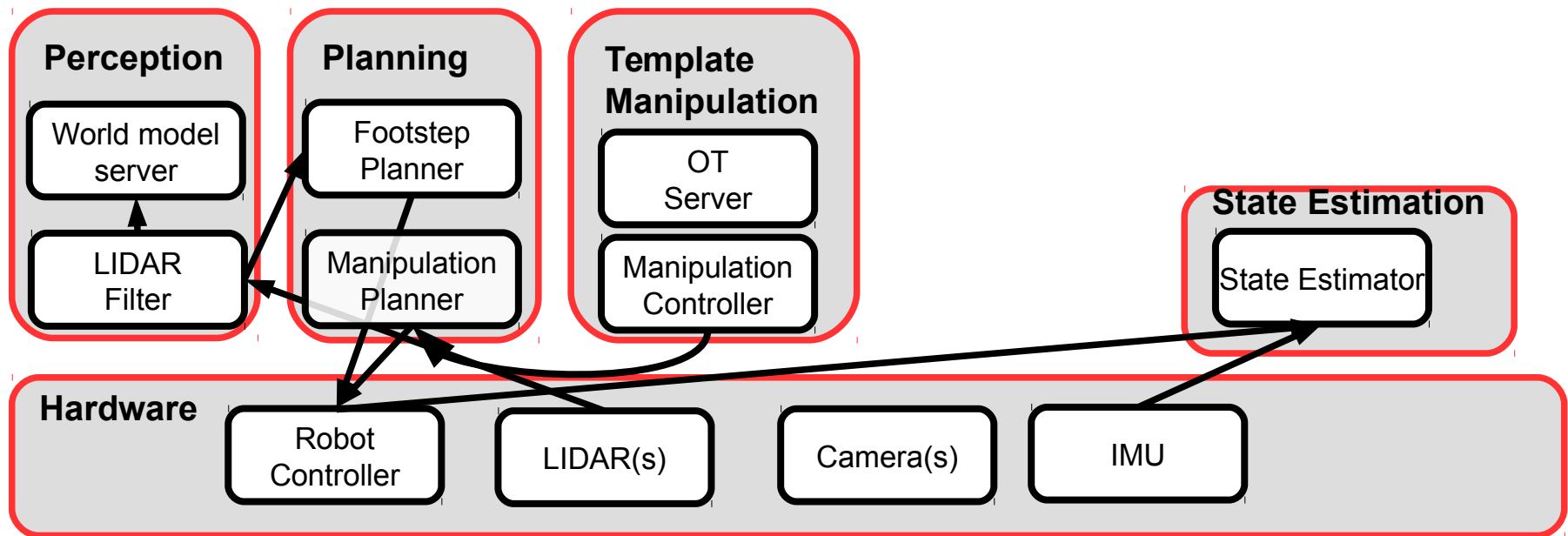
Footstep Planner: Interactivity



Components – Footstep Planner



Components - Manipulation

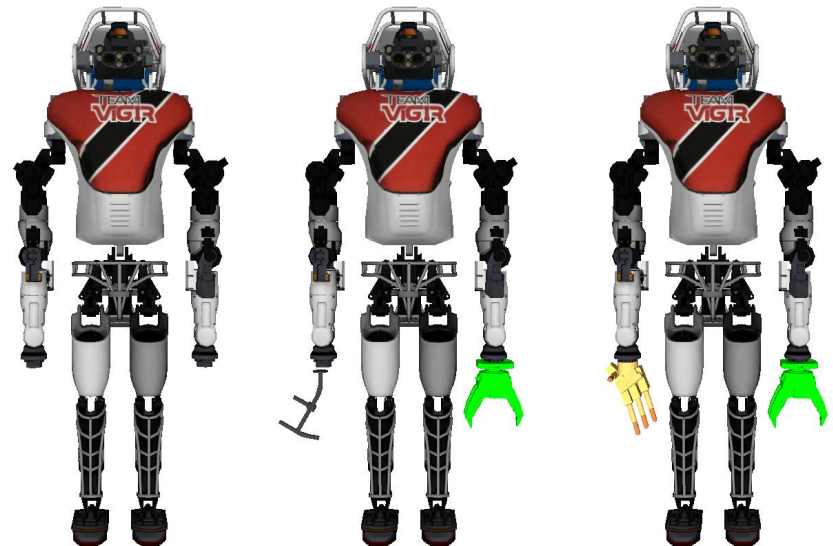


Motion Planning - Requirements

- Manipulation
 - Collision free planning
 - Cartesian Paths
 - Manipulation in contact with environment
 - Maintain stability
 - Sliding Autonomy:
 - Operator/OCS-based (Teleop)
 - Operator/Object template based (Task level)
 - Behavior Executive (Autonomous)
- Use MoveIt! as back-end

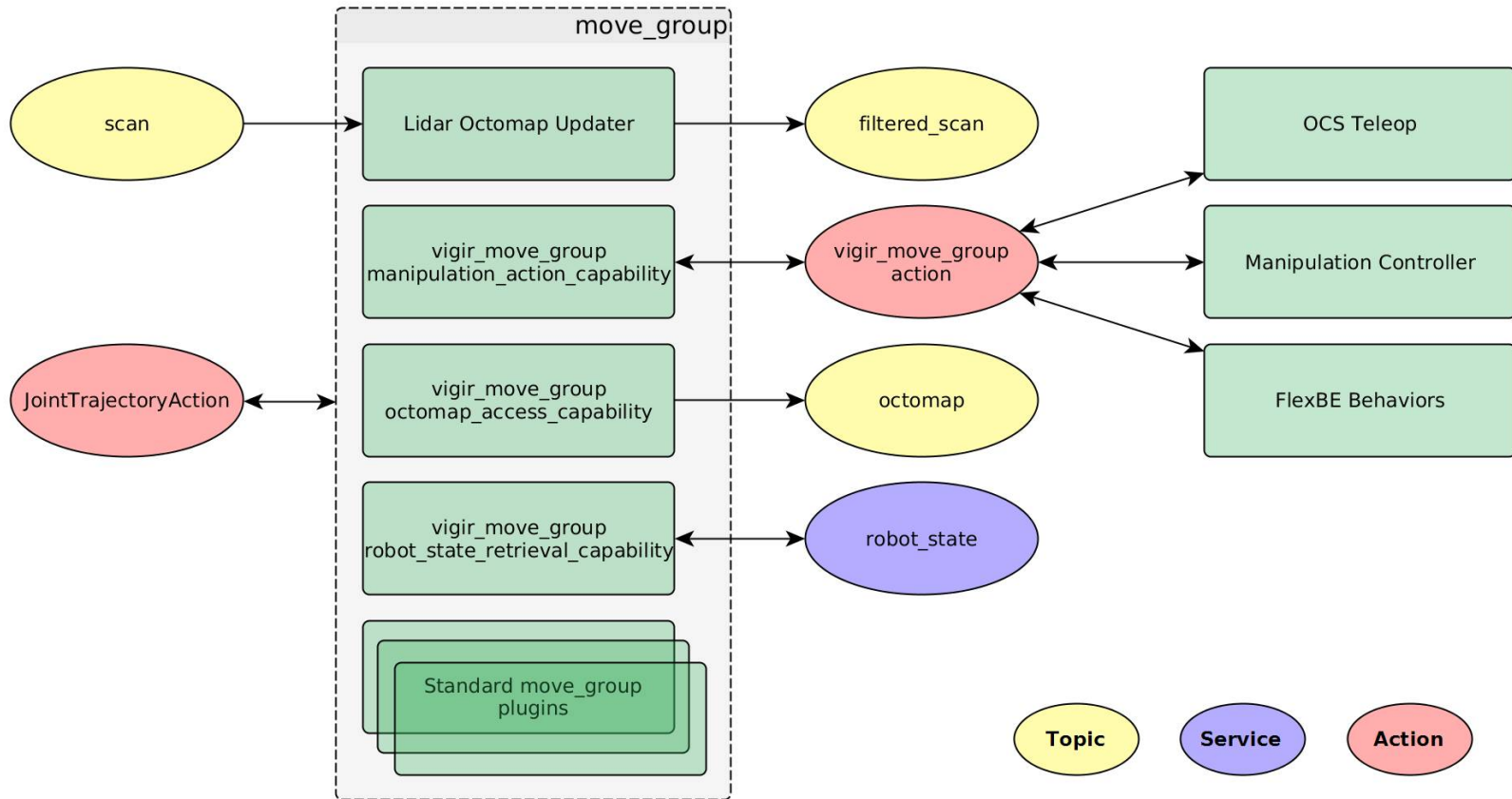
Motion Planning – Robot Setup

- Different robot variants
- Different hand variants
- Combinatory explosion of configs
 - Do not want to run setup assistant for every (possible) combination
- Solution:
 - Use of xacro macros to change configs



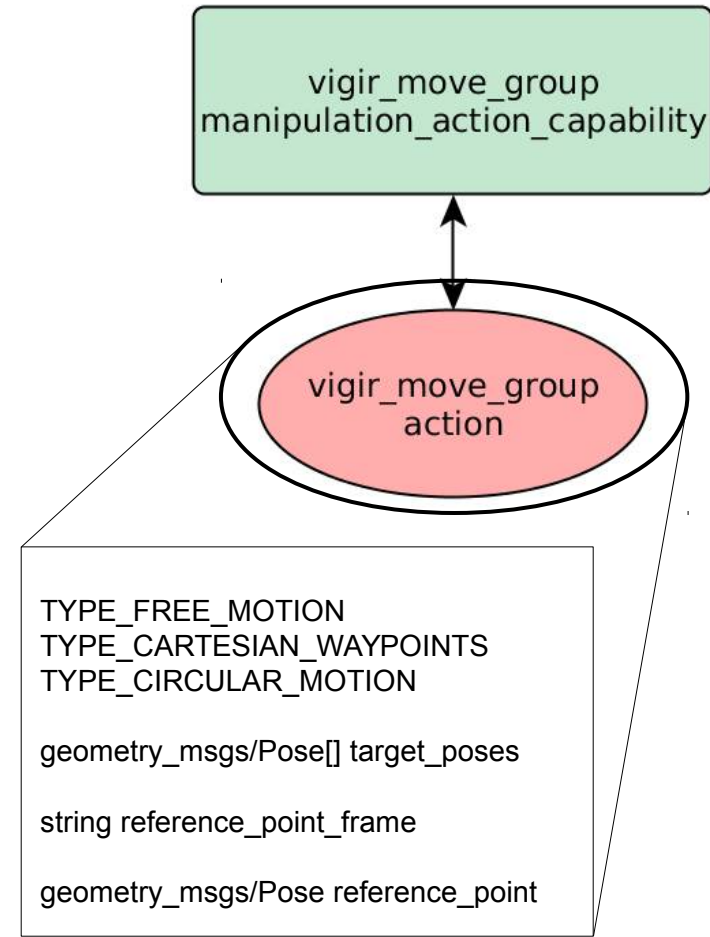
github.com/team-vigir/vigir_atlas_planning/tree/master/vigir_atlas_moveit_config

Motion Planning - Overview



Planning - Capabilities

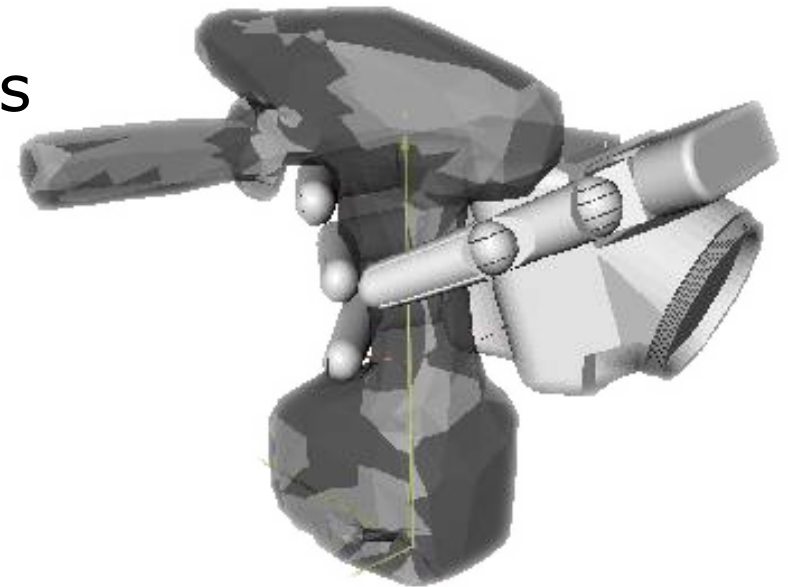
- Additional move_group capability
 - Different types of motion requests
 - Joint goal
 - Cartesian goal
 - Cartesian Path (waypoints)
 - Circular motion
 - Specify planning reference pose relative to endeffector
 - Constrain joint limits selectively at run-time



github.com/team-vigir/vigir_manipulation_planning/tree/master/vigir_move_group

Planning – Object Templates

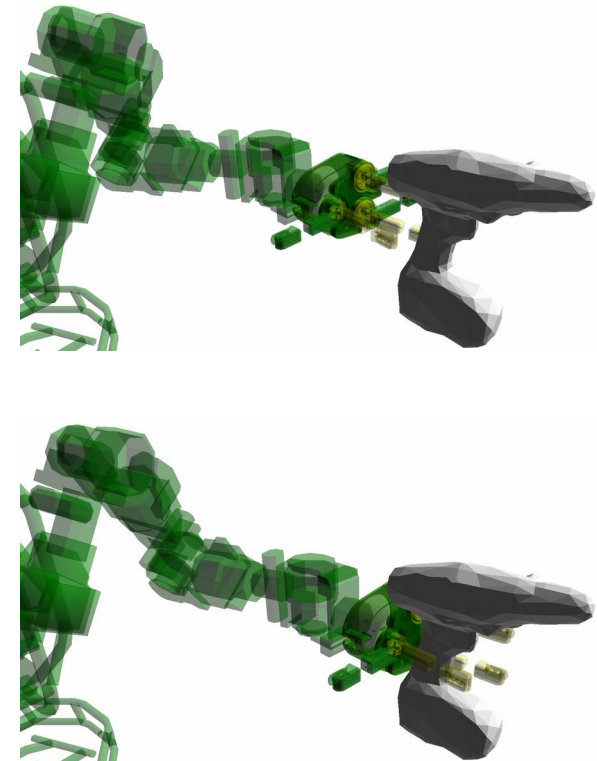
- On top of `vigir_move_group`
- Operator places objects
- Planning relative to instantiated objects templates
- Object template library
 - Geometry
 - Mass/Inertia
 - Grasps
 - Stand poses



github.com/team-vigir/vigir_object_template_manager

Planning - "Ghost" robot

- Pre-plan motions with virtual "Ghost Robot"
- Additional capabilities compared to start/goal state visualization in MoveIt! Rviz plugin
 - Snap endeffectors to objects
 - Move to stand poses relative to object templates
 - Constrain IK joint limits
 - Send low-bandwidth planning request directly from OCS

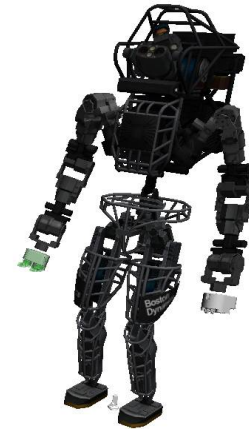


github.com/team-vigir/vigir_manipulation_planning/tree/master/vigir_ocs_robot_model

Manipulation Pipeline Example



Object
Pointcloud



Current Robot
Pose

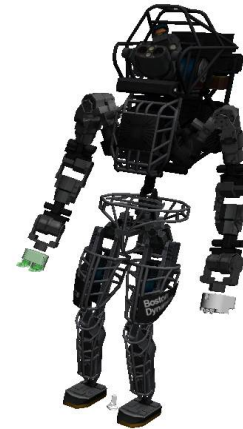
Manipulation Pipeline Example



Object
Template

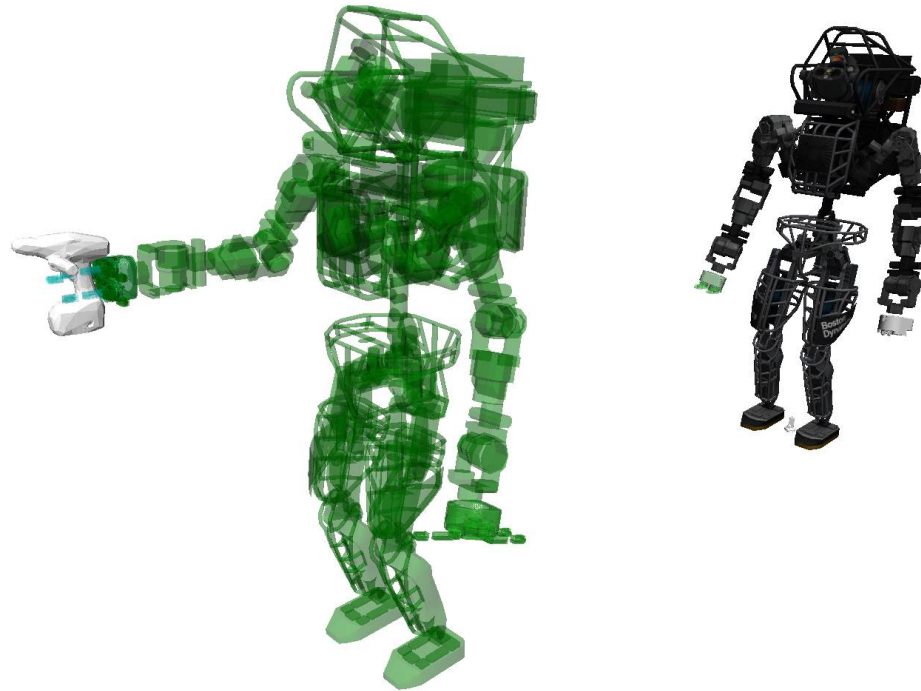


Ghost
Robot

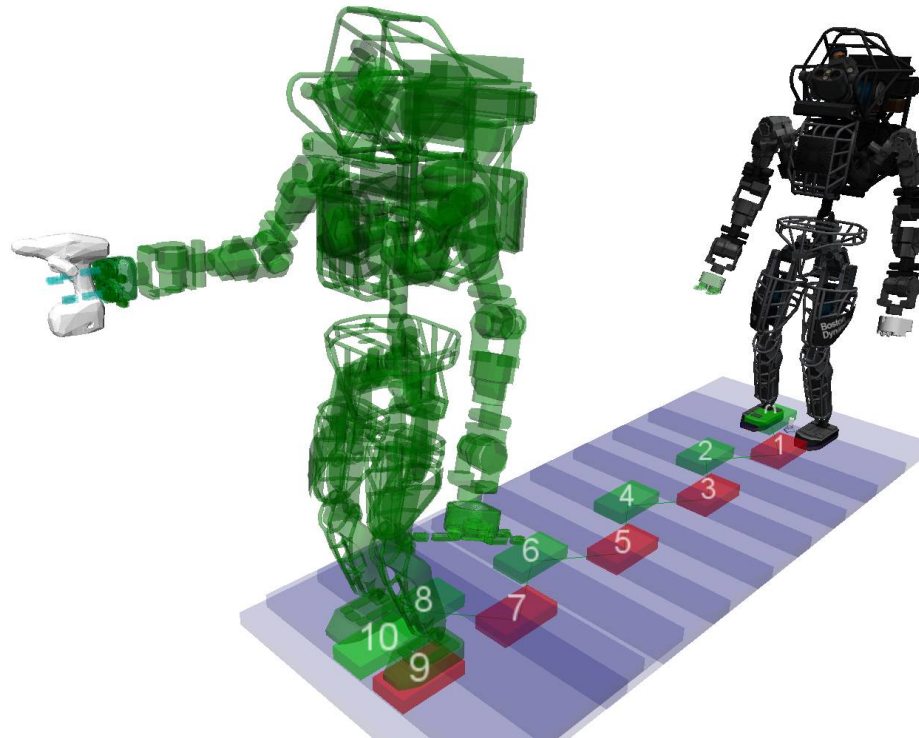


Current Robot
Pose

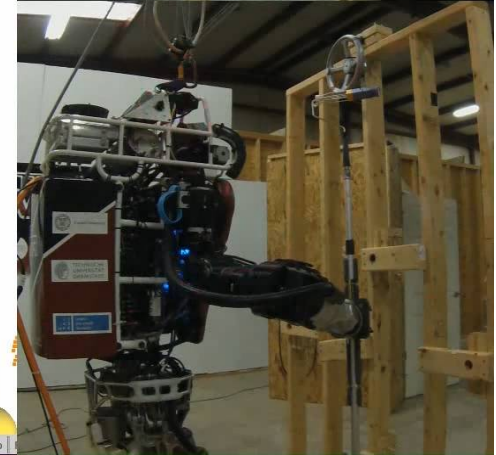
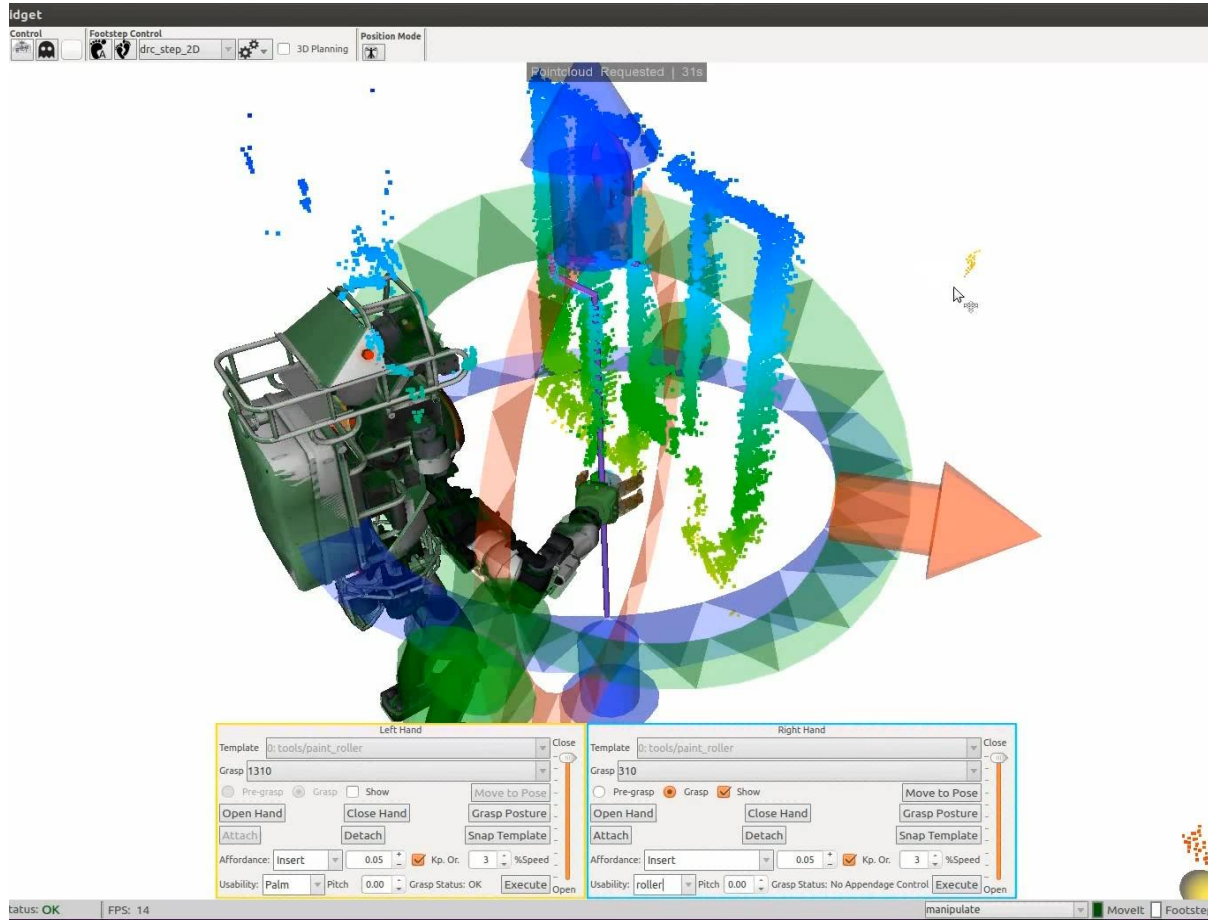
Manipulation Pipeline Example



Manipulation Pipeline Example

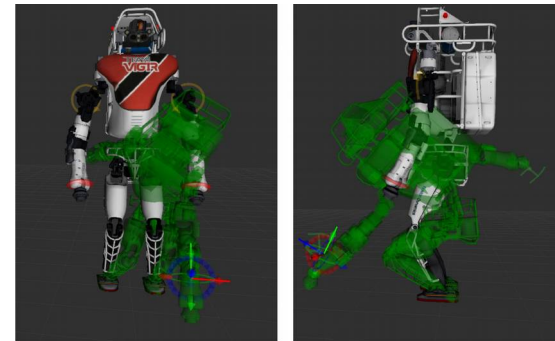


Manipulation example

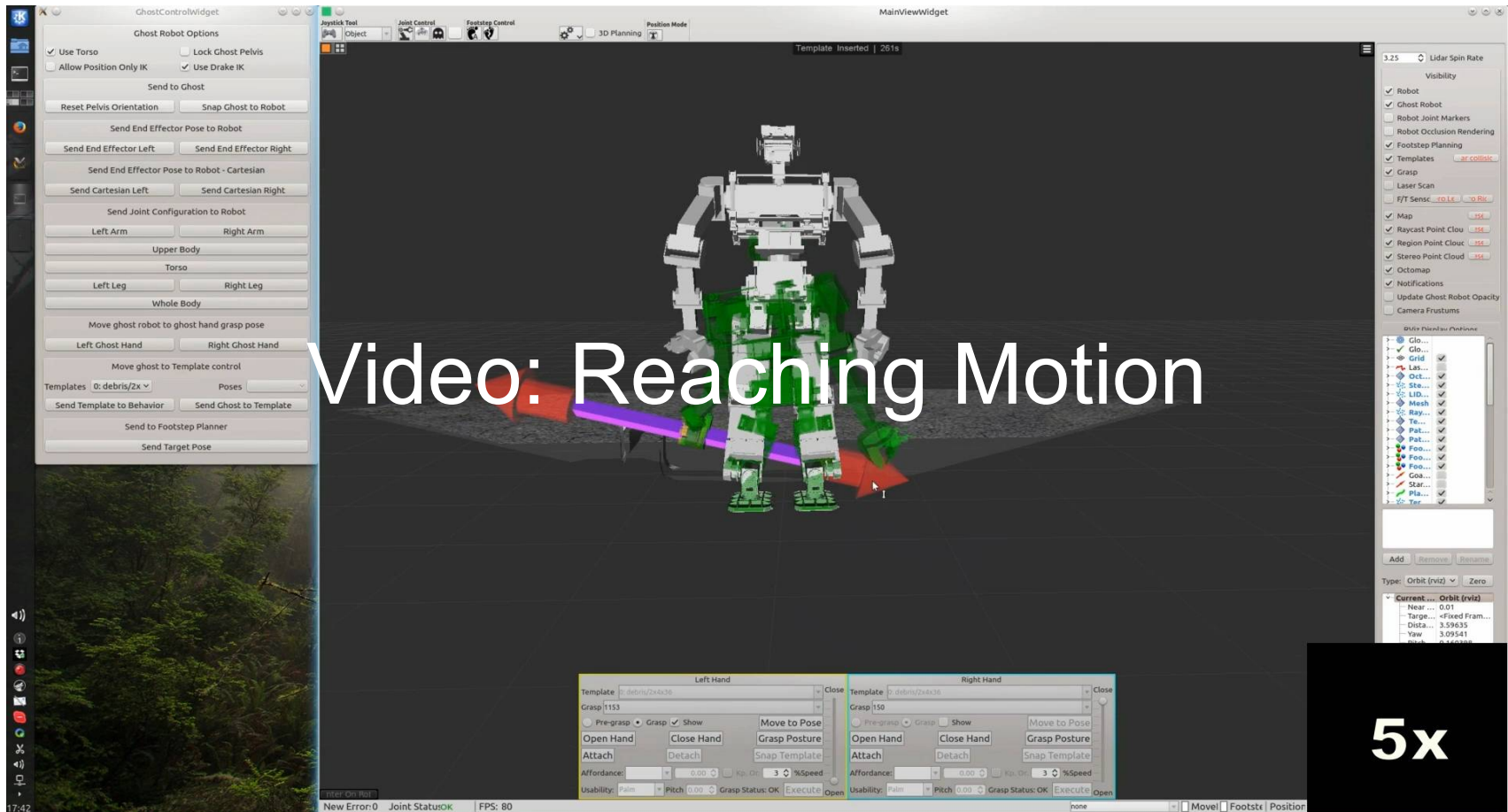


Manipulation – Drake Integration

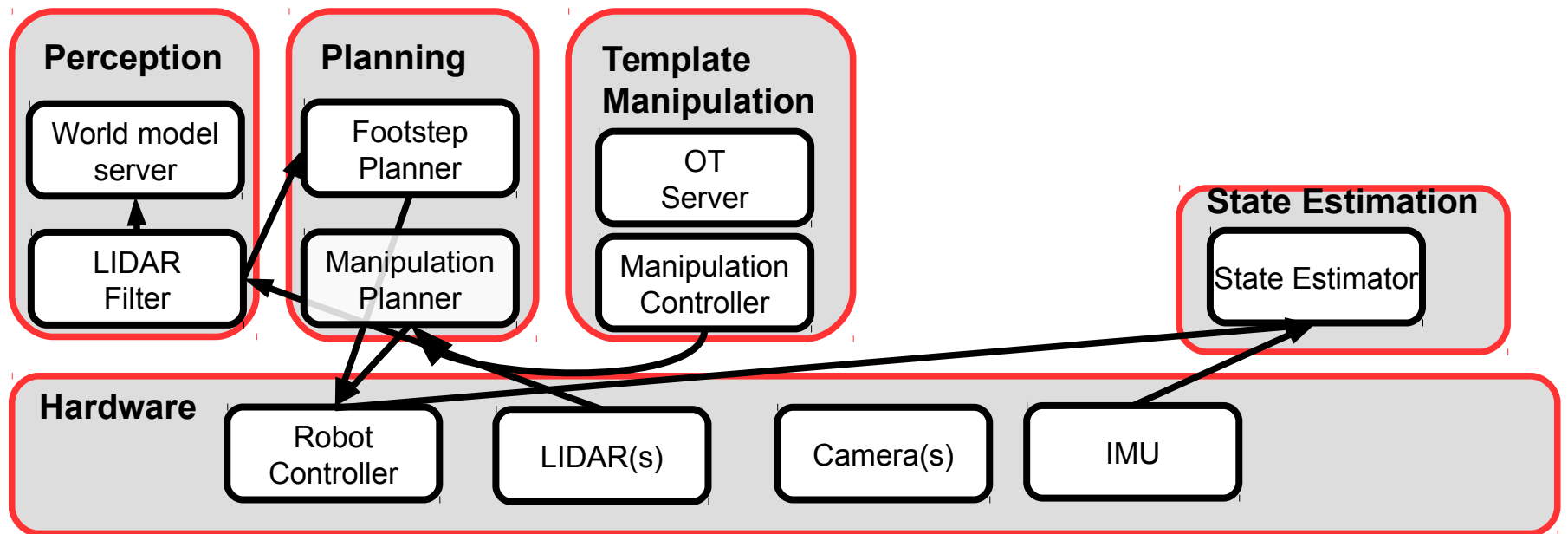
- Switch between MoveIt! and MIT's Drake planning framework on a per plan request basis
 - Whole Body Motions
 - Using github.com/tu-darmstadt-ros-pkg/osmatlab



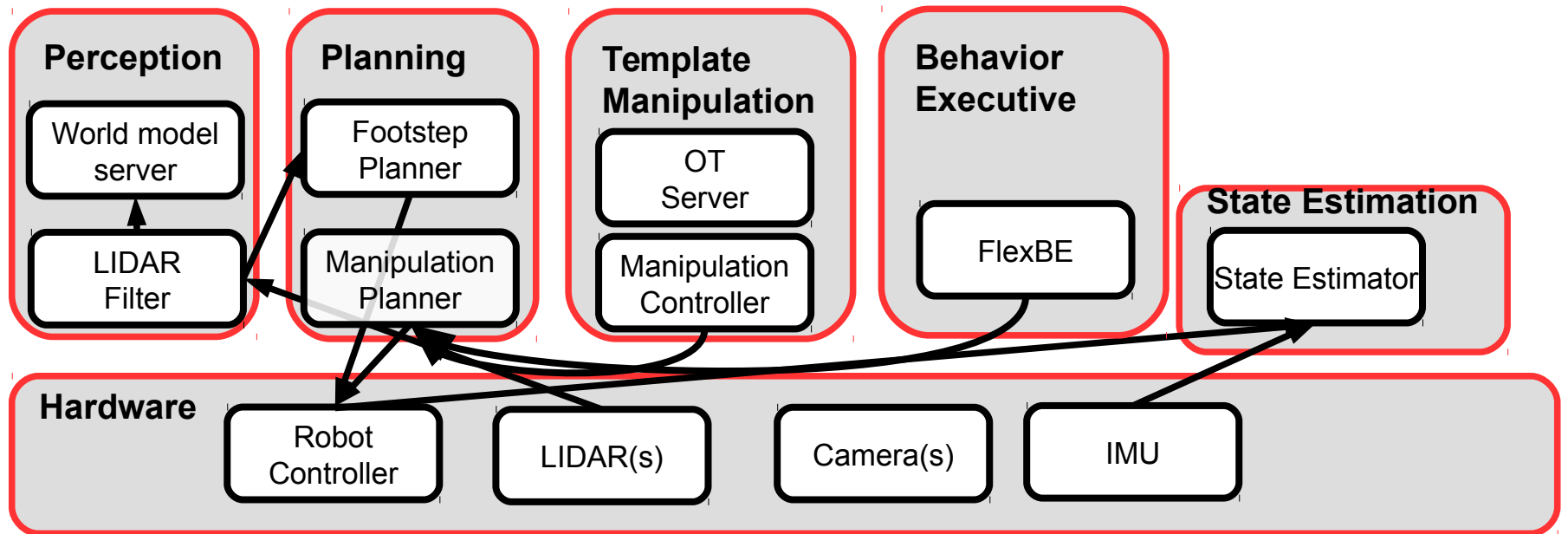
Manipulation – Reaching motion using Drake Integration



Components – FlexBE Behavior Executive



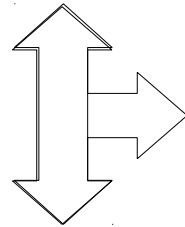
Components – FlexBE Behavior Executive



Behavior Executive - High-Level Approach

- Communication constraints
- Limited time
- Complex robot system

Motivates high degree
of **robot autonomy**



Flexible Robot-Operator Collaboration

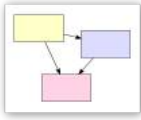
- Unstructured environment
- Complex tasks
- Robustness important

Motivates high degree
of **operator support**

Behavior Executive - High-Level Approach

- SMACH, XABSL, etc.
 - Focused on pure autonomy
 - Pre-defined robot behavior

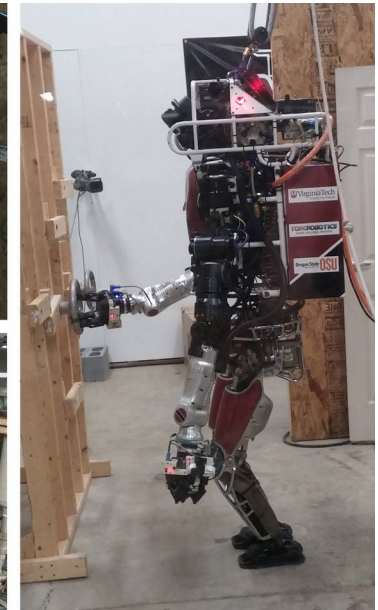
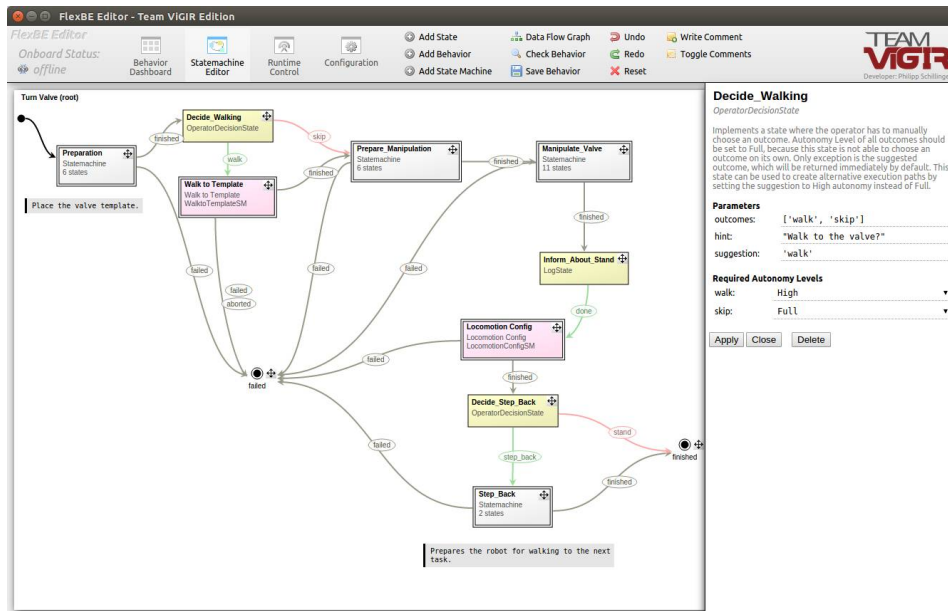
- Required features:
 - Allow multiple degrees of autonomy
 - Support and restrict robot when in low autonomy
 - Adapt behavior to unforeseen situations
 - Abstraction of complex behavior design
 - Robust against runtime failure

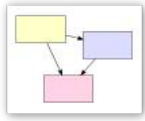


Behavior Executive - FlexBE

■ “Flexible Behavior Engine”

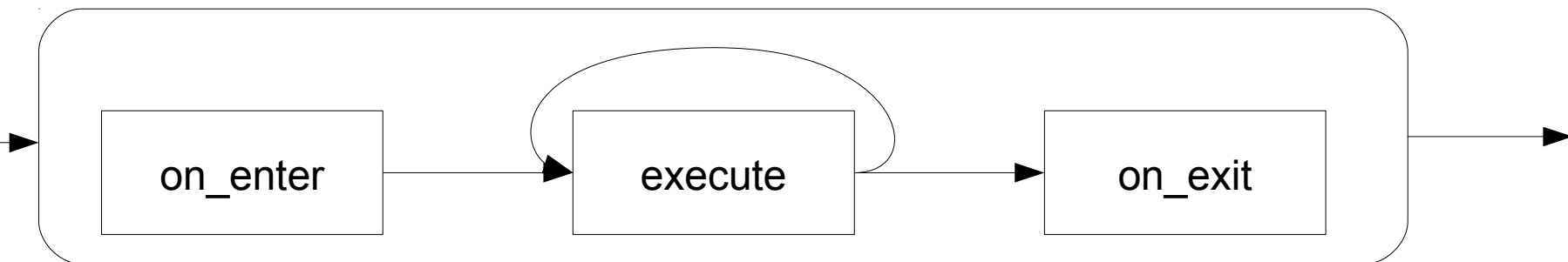
- Based on SMACH → Hierarchical state machines
- Adds robot-operator collaboration
- Available on GitHub: github.com/team-vigir/flexbe_behavior_engine





FlexBE – States

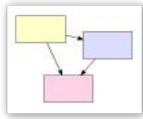
- Interface basic robot capabilities / actions
- Executed periodically
- Event-based lifecycle (simplified):



Send command(s), eg.
- publish message
- actionlib call

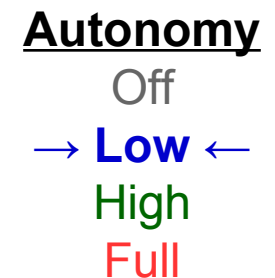
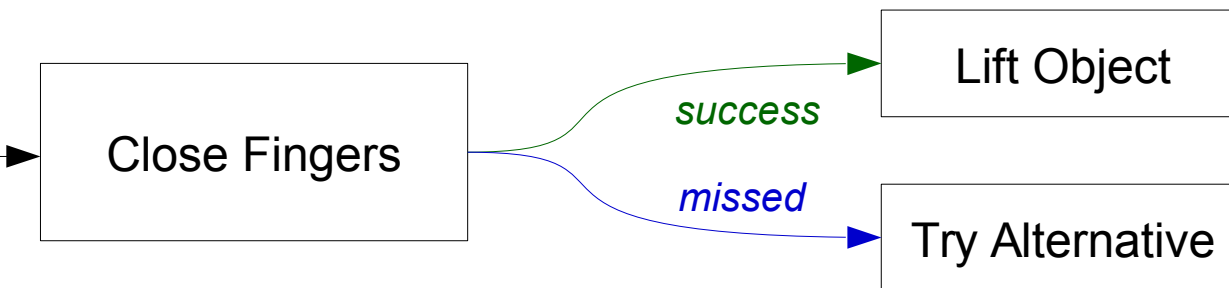
Check conditions and
evaluate results
→ Determine outcome

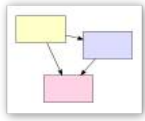
Clean up



FlexBE – Autonomy Level

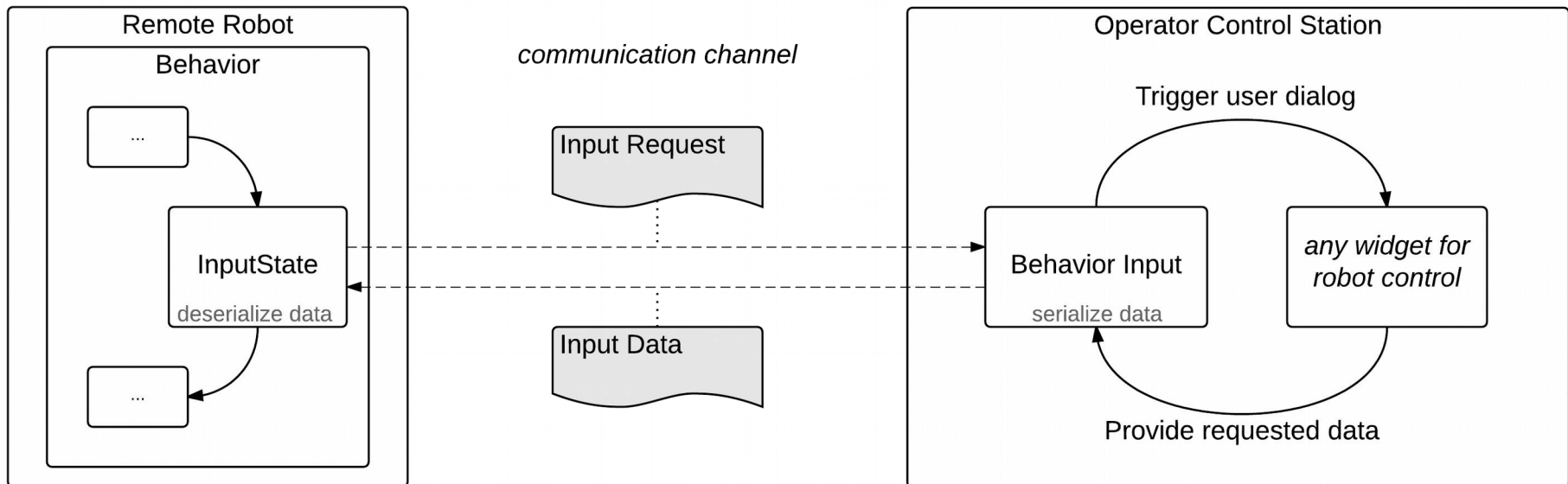
- Behavior runs with explicit *Autonomy Level*
 - Can be changed any time during execution
- State outcomes define required autonomy
 - High enough → Autonomous execution
 - Too low → Operator confirms or rejects
- Operator can force outcomes any time

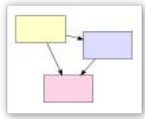




FlexBE – Data Input

- Behavior can request required data from operator
- Integrated into operator control station

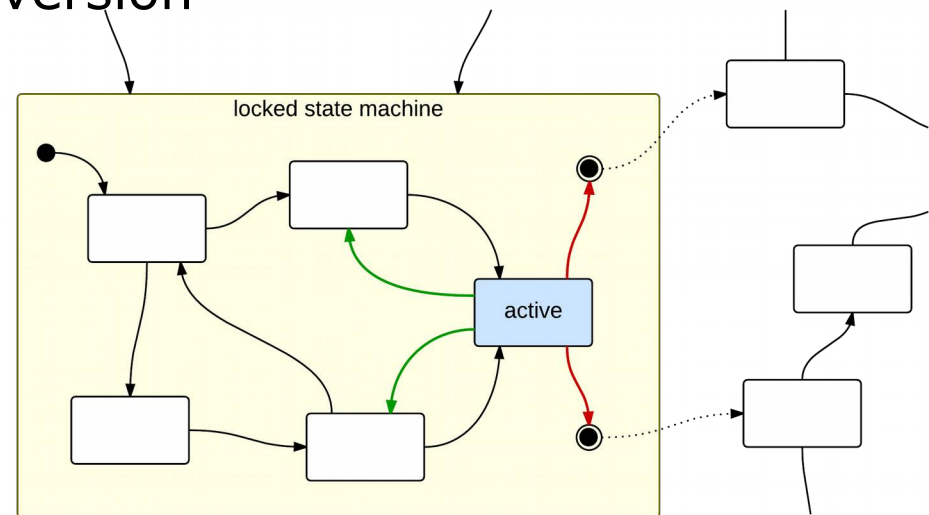


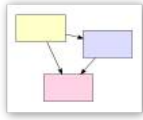


FlexBE – Runtime Changes

- Behavior is locked in a specific state
- Modifications are sent to the onboard executive
- New version is generated and imported
- Active state is transferred
 - Extracted from old, running version
 - Integrated into new version
- Old version is stopped
- New version is executed

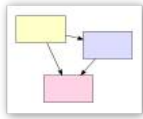
→ Arbitrary adaptation





FlexBE – User Interface

- Facilitates behavior development
 - Automated code generation
 - Integrated operator interaction
- Is prerequisite for operator-robot collaboration
- Behavior re-definition during runtime feasible
 - Transparent robot decision-making
 - Send context-dependent high-level commands



FlexBE – Editor

- Drag&Drop state composition
- Configuration of state properties
- Detailed documentation of states
- Dataflow graph and verification

tedo
reset

Initial_Control_Mode
ChangeControlModeActionState

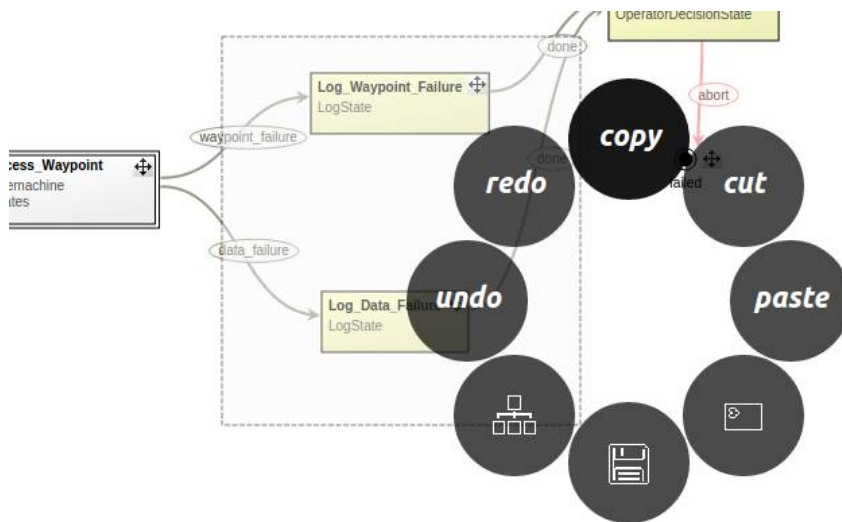
Implements a state where the robot changes its control m using the action.

Parameters
target_mode: STJ

Required Autonom
changed: STAND_PREP, STAND, STEP, STAND_MANIPULATE, STEP_MANIPULATE
Failed:

Apply Close Delete

change to (e.g. The state's class g. late.STAND).



Check Behavior Redo
Save Behavior Reset

Setup_next_Cycle
CalculationState

Implements a state that can perform a calculation b userdata. calculation is a function which takes exact parameter, input_value from userdata, and its return stored in output_value after leaving the state.

Parameters
calculation: lambda lim: 'lower' if lim

Required Autonomy Levels
done: Low

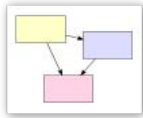
Input Key Mapping
input_value: target_limits

Output Key Mapping
output_value: target_limits

Apply Close Delete

Type: function
The function that performs the desired calculation. It could be a private function (self.foo) manually defined in a behavior's source code or a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: x^2, where x will be the input_value).

finished
finished
changed
Initial_Mode_before_exit
ChangeControlModeActionState



FlexBE – Runtime Control

FlexBE Editor - Team ViGIR Edition

FlexBE Editor

Onboard Status: ✔ running

Behavior Dashboard | StateMachine Editor | Runtime Control | Configuration | Show Terminal

TEAM ViGIR
Developer: Philipp Schillinger

Praying Mantis Calibration (root) > Perform_Checks

```
graph LR; A[Gen_Traj_to_90% Limits  
CalculationState] -- done --> B[Move_to_90% Joint Limits  
MoveitStartingPointState  
Input Data: trajectories_90 (trajectories)  
Output Data: no output keys]; B -- reached --> C[Manipulate Limits  
StateMachine  
9 states]; B -- failed --> D((failed))
```

Onboard requested outcome: reached

Sync

- ROS
- Delay
- State

Lock Behavior At level:

Block transitions which require at least autonomy.

Stop Execution (stopped behaviors can't be resumed)

Behavior Feedback

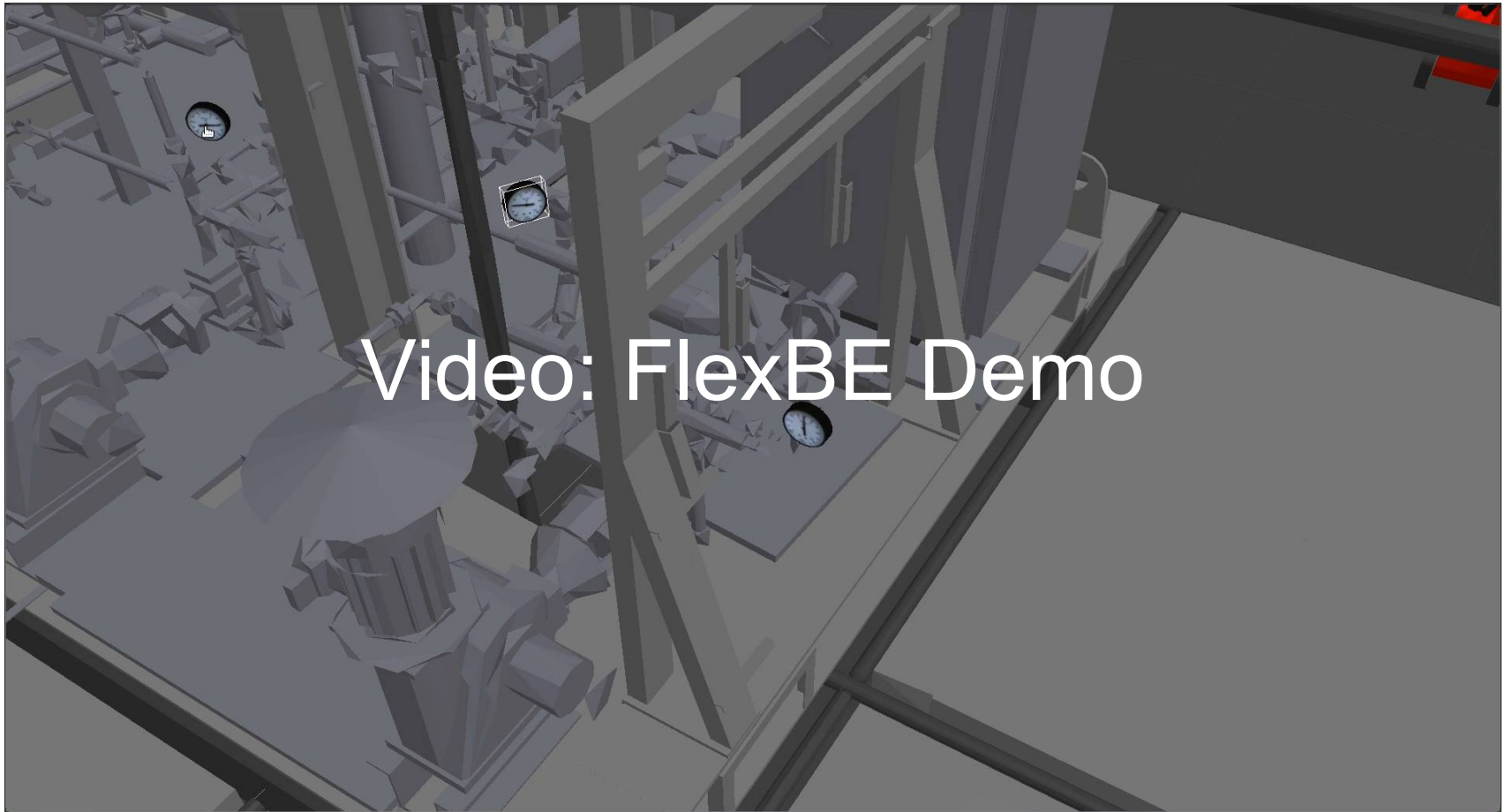
```
[3:59:07 PM] Moving both_arms_group to starting point.
[3:59:03 PM] Recording topics to /home/cornell/mantis_logs/mantis_calibration_full_run_2015-03-23-16-02.bag
[3:58:59 PM] Execution has started. Please confirm transition to first state.
[3:58:58 PM] -> Starting new behavior...
[3:57:16 PM] Stopping behavior...
```

Documentation

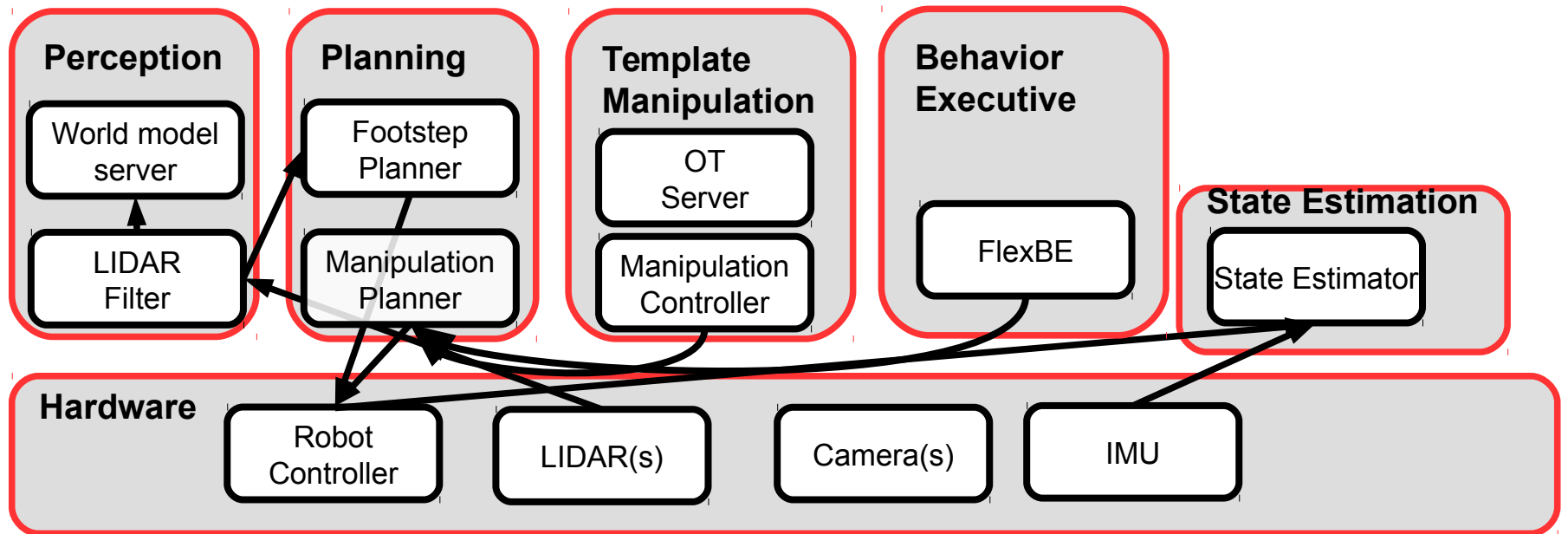
MoveitStartingPointState
Uses moveit to plan and move to the first point of a given arm trajectory.

Parameter Values:

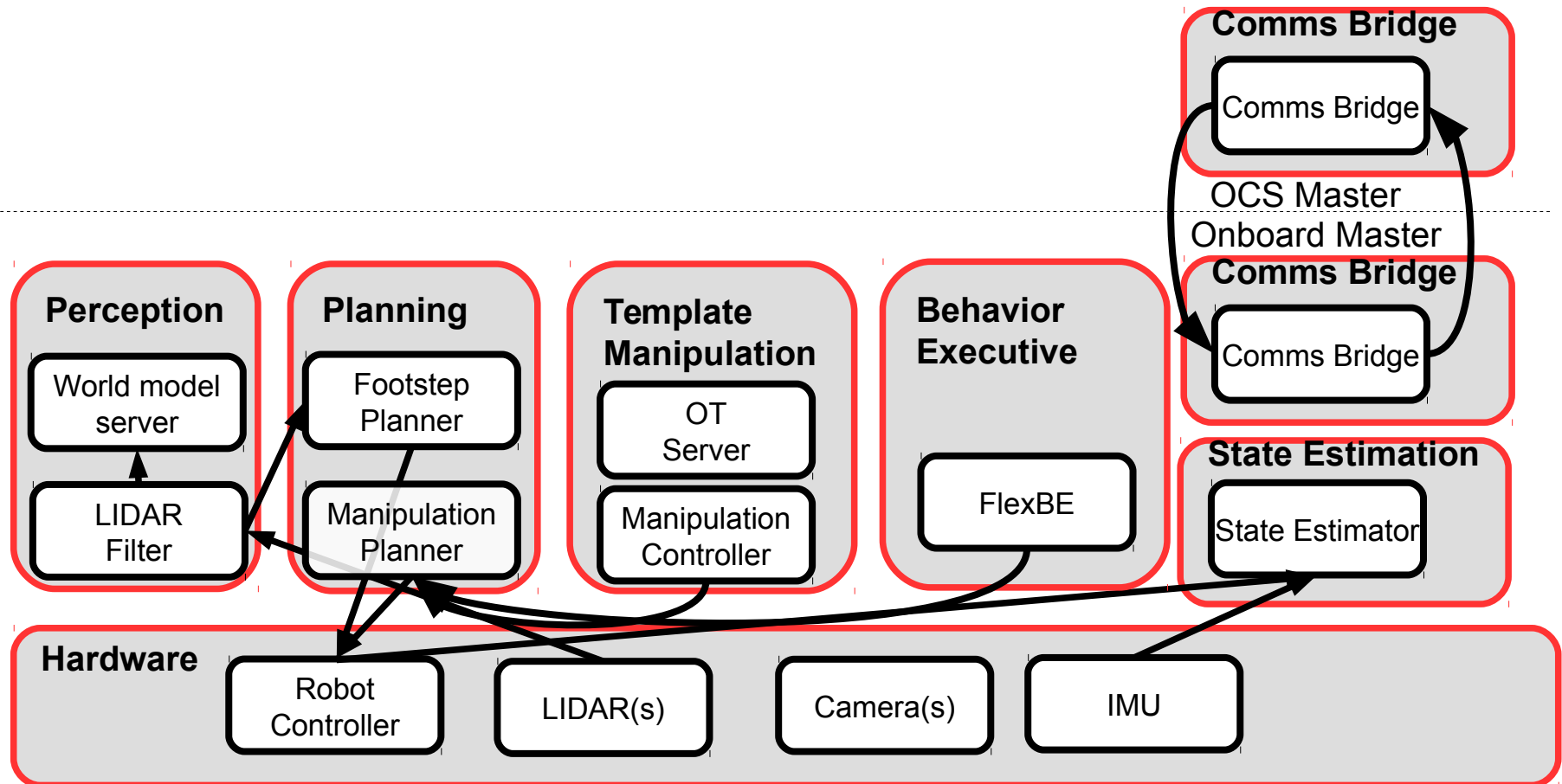
FlexBE – Beyond DRC application



Components – Comms Bridge

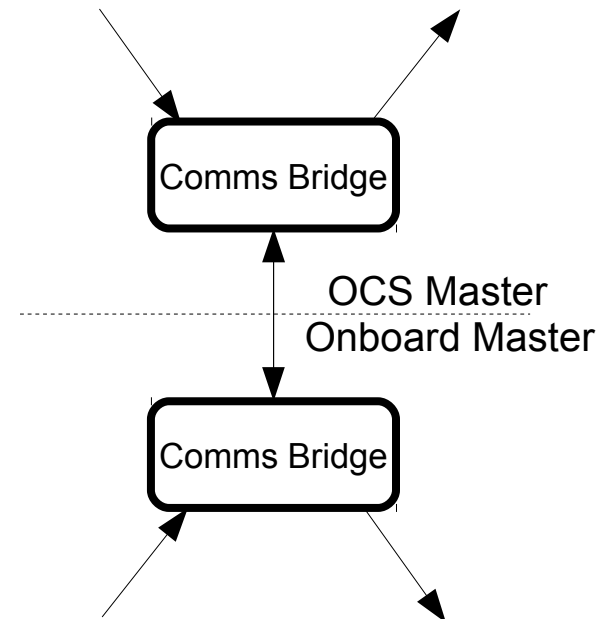


Components – Comms Bridge

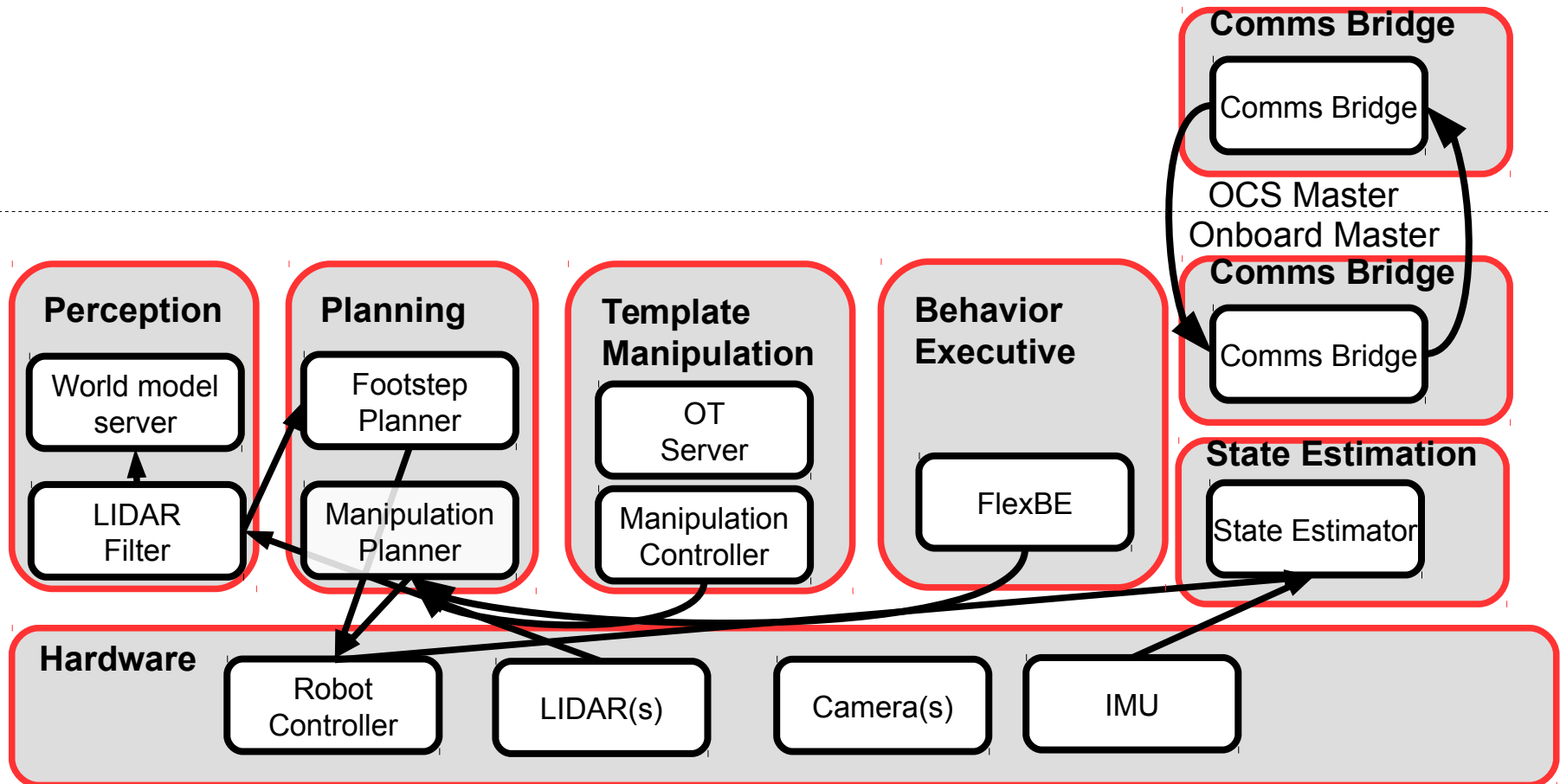


Comms Bridge

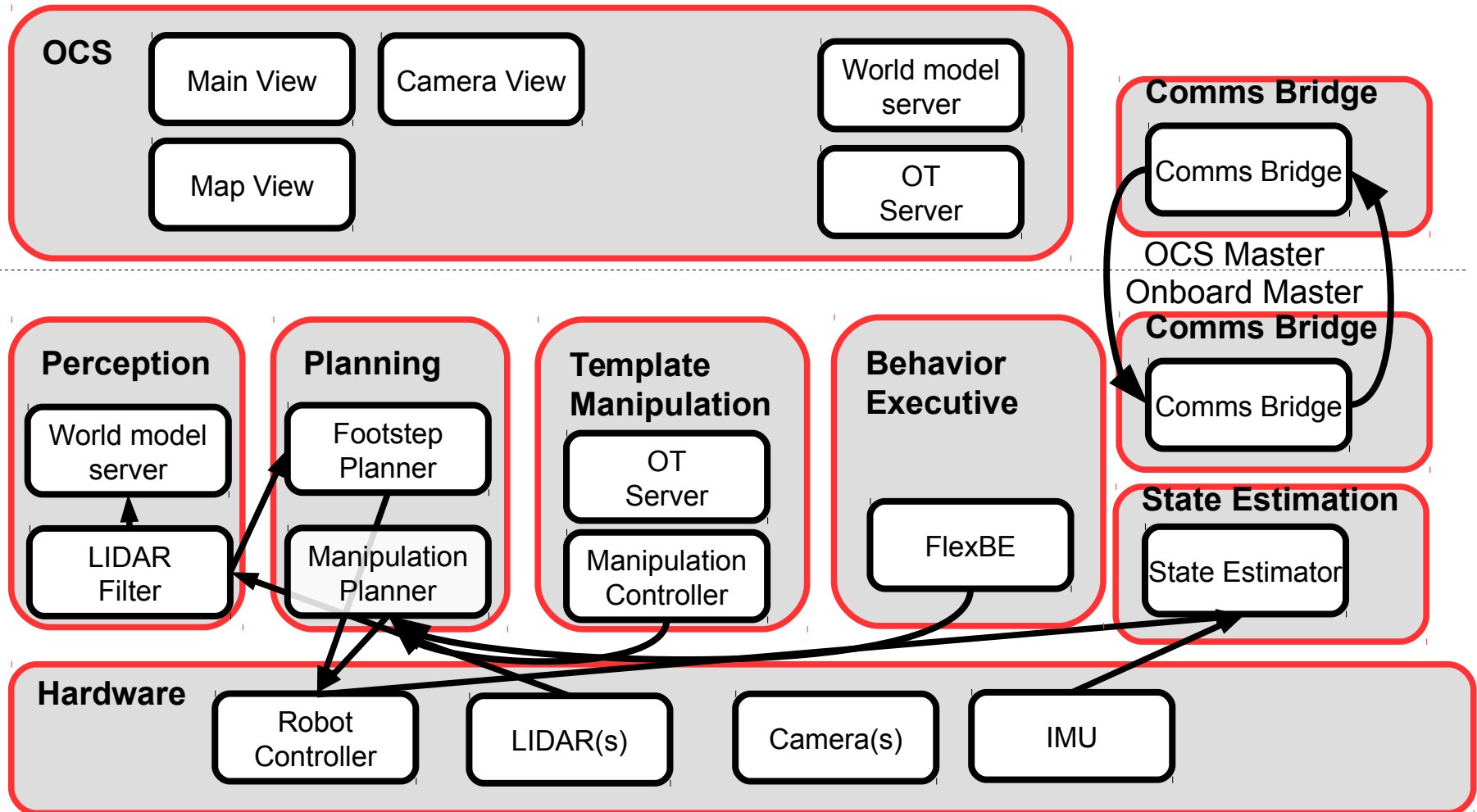
- Single ROS Master infeasible
 - Unreliable connection between operator and robot
- Dual Master approach
 - OCS
 - Onboard
- Prioritization
- Special treatment of high rate state data
 - Compress using domain knowledge
- Other data compressed using **blob_tools**
 - Bz2 compression per default



Components - OCS



Components - OCS



- 3D visualization based on librviz
 - Map View (Top Down)
 - Rectangle selection (query sensor data ROI)
 - Main View
 - CameraView
 - Camera data visualization
- Multiple Qt widgets for general controls
 - “Ghost Control”
 - Pre-canned joint configurations

Components – Install

- Install instructions for complete setups:
github.com/team-vigir/vigir_install/wiki
 - Waiting for Atlas IHMC/Gazebo integration for full capability (walk/manipulate) Atlas example
 - Thor-Mang example available for manipulation demo:
github.com/team-vigir/vigir_install/wiki/Install-thor-mang-vigir-gazebo

Components – Tutorial video

Manipulation Control Approach for Remote
Humanoid Robots under Human Supervision
Video: Open Source Tutorial
Open Source Tutorial

Team ViGIR's software using
Team Hector's robot "Johnny"
in Gazebo Simulator

Work in Progress - Behavior Synthesis

TEAM VIGIR
Developer: Philipp Schillinger

ROSCon 2015 Example

Statemachine



Display synthesis

Synthesis
Initial Conditions:

Goal:

This will delete the current content!

Outcomes

finished:	Inherit	▼	
failed:	Inherit	▼	

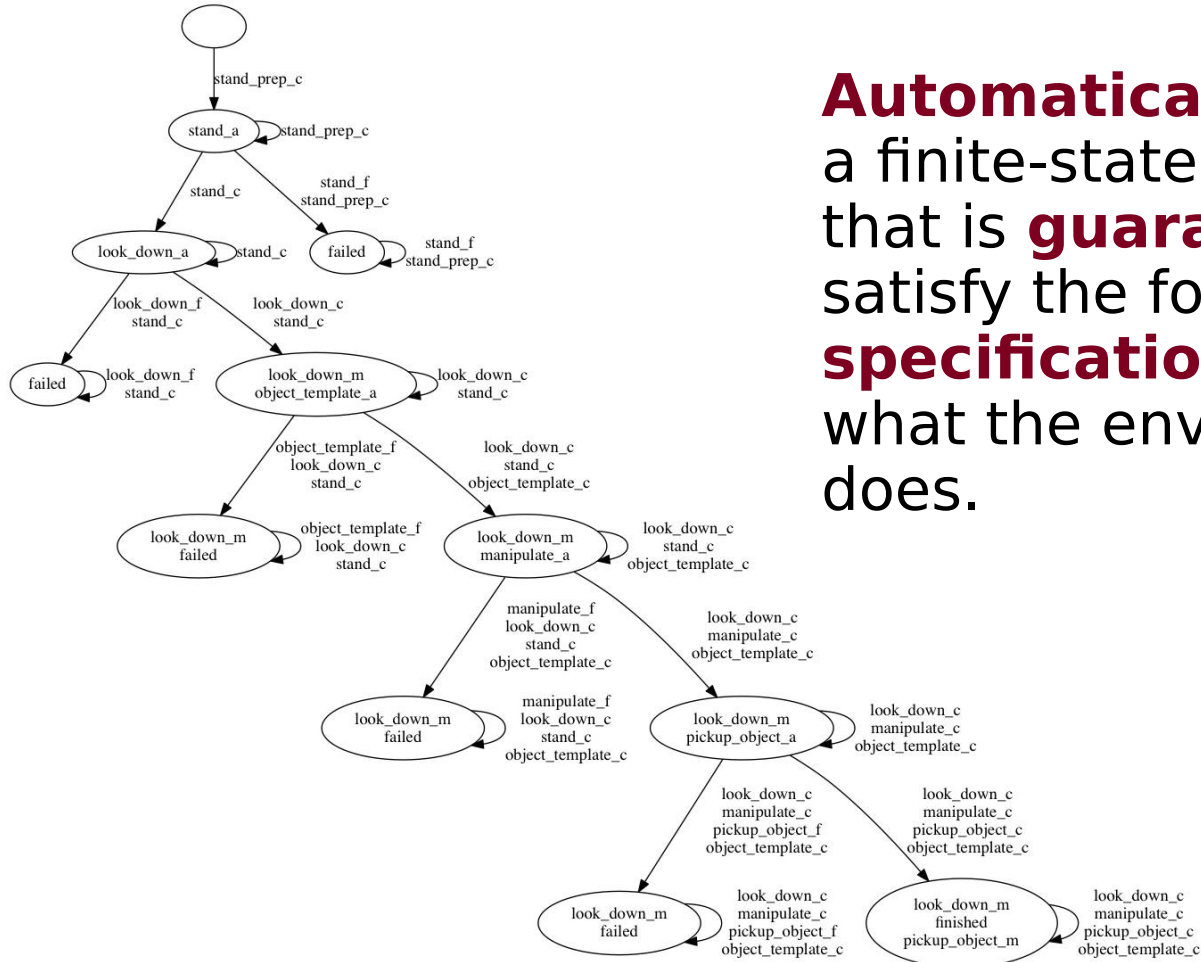
Work in Progress - Behavior Synthesis

- Compile formal Linear Temporal Logic (LTL) specification from:
 - High-level task (goals and initial conditions)
 - Abstract description of the robot-plus-software system, defined a priori (think config files)

- The formalism treats the outcomes of actions as an adversarial environment

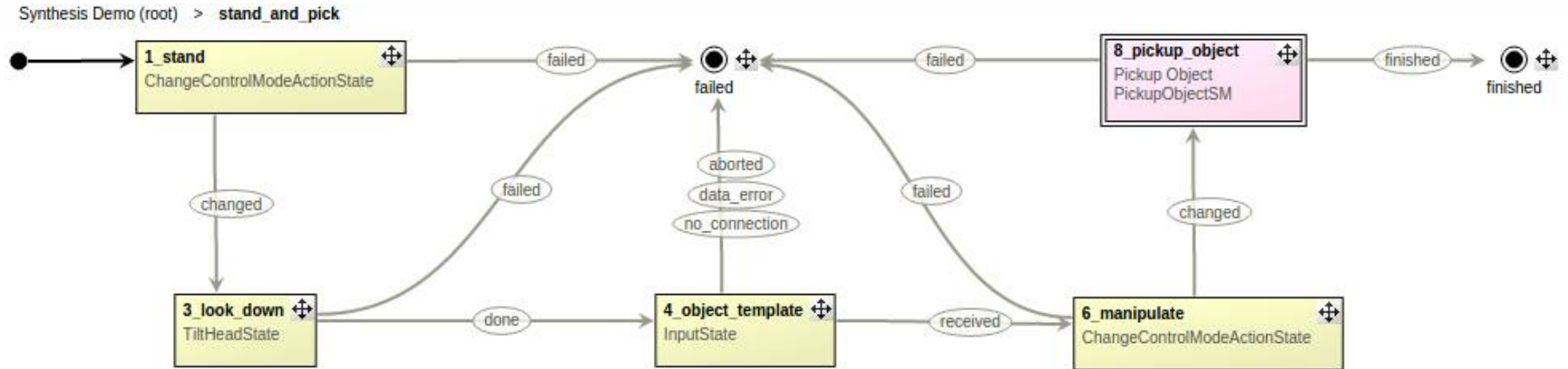
github.com/team-vigir/vigir_behavior_synthesis

Work in Progress



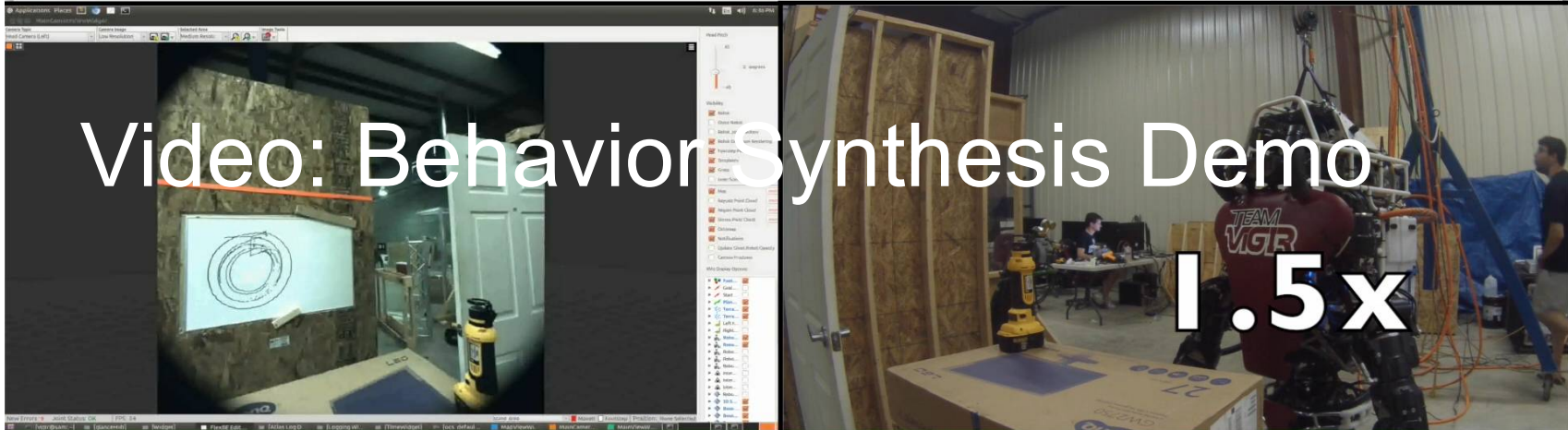
Automatically synthesize a finite-state automaton that is **guaranteed** to satisfy the formal LTL **specification** no matter what the environment does.

Work in Progress



- Mapping from abstract symbols to low-level system components (here, FlexBE states)
- Instantiation of symbolic automaton as an executable state machine in FlexBE

Behavior Synthesis - Example



DRC Finals

- Decision not to do egress
 - Significant development effort
 - Risk of (catastrophic) damage to robot
- Limited testing under degraded comms conditions

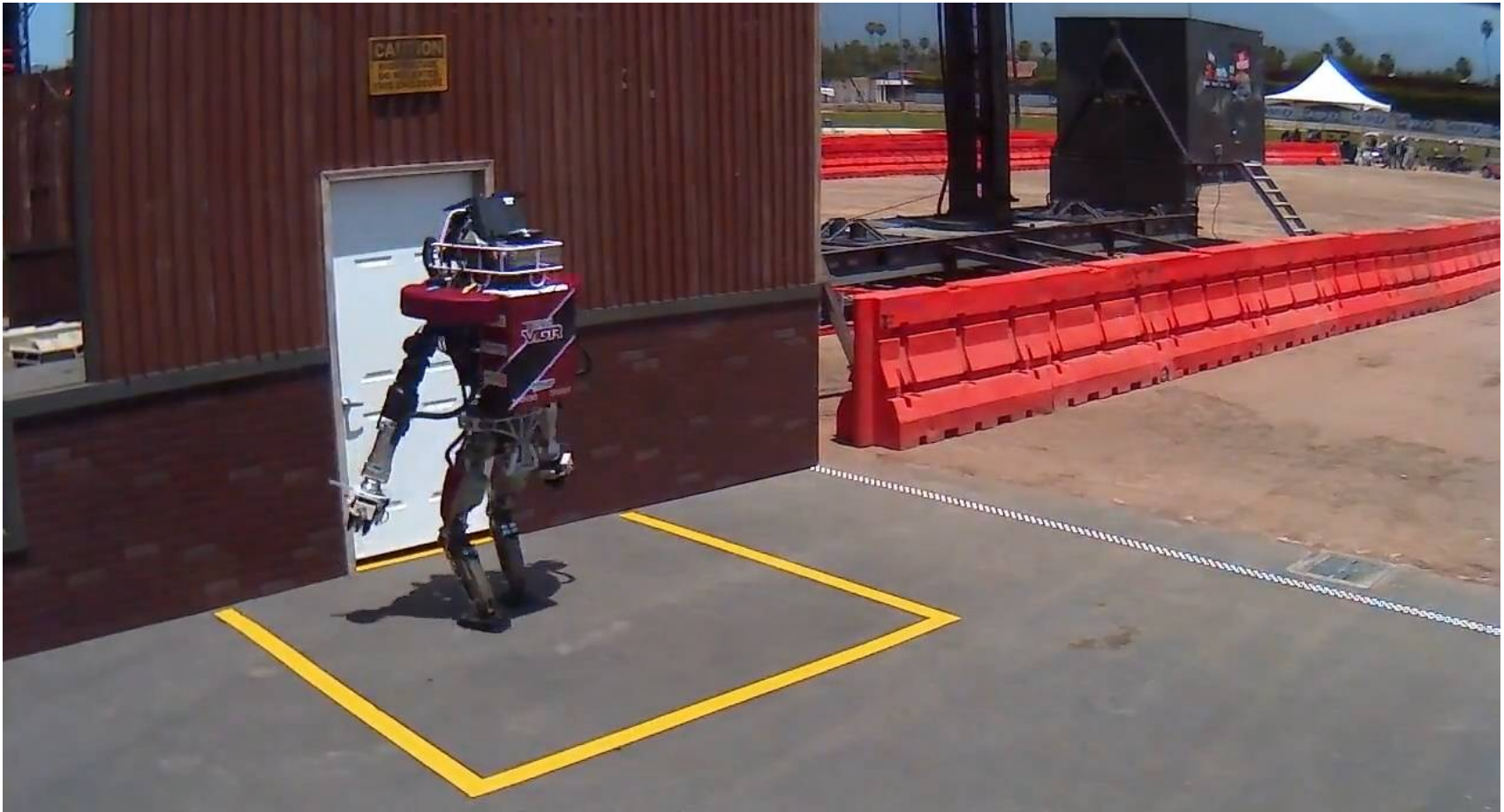
DRC Finals – Day 1



DRC Finals – Day 1



DRC Finals – Day 1



DRC Finals – Day 1



DRC Finals – Day 1



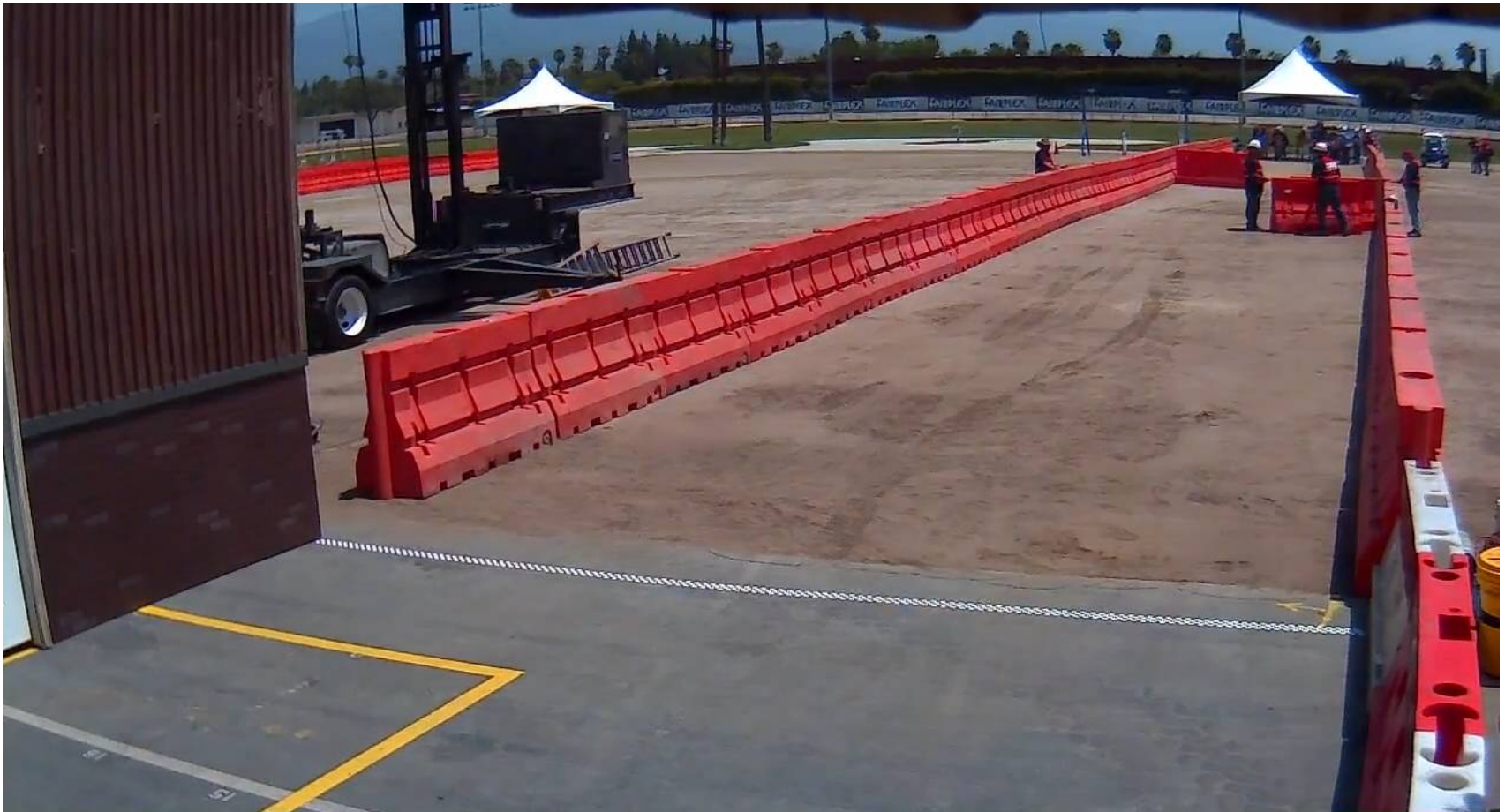
DRC Finals – Day 1

- Flawless Driving
- Comms bridge setup issue
 - Behavior control
 - Footstep planning
- Switch to teleop mode
- Slow but reliable

DRC Finals – Day 2



DRC Finals – Day 2



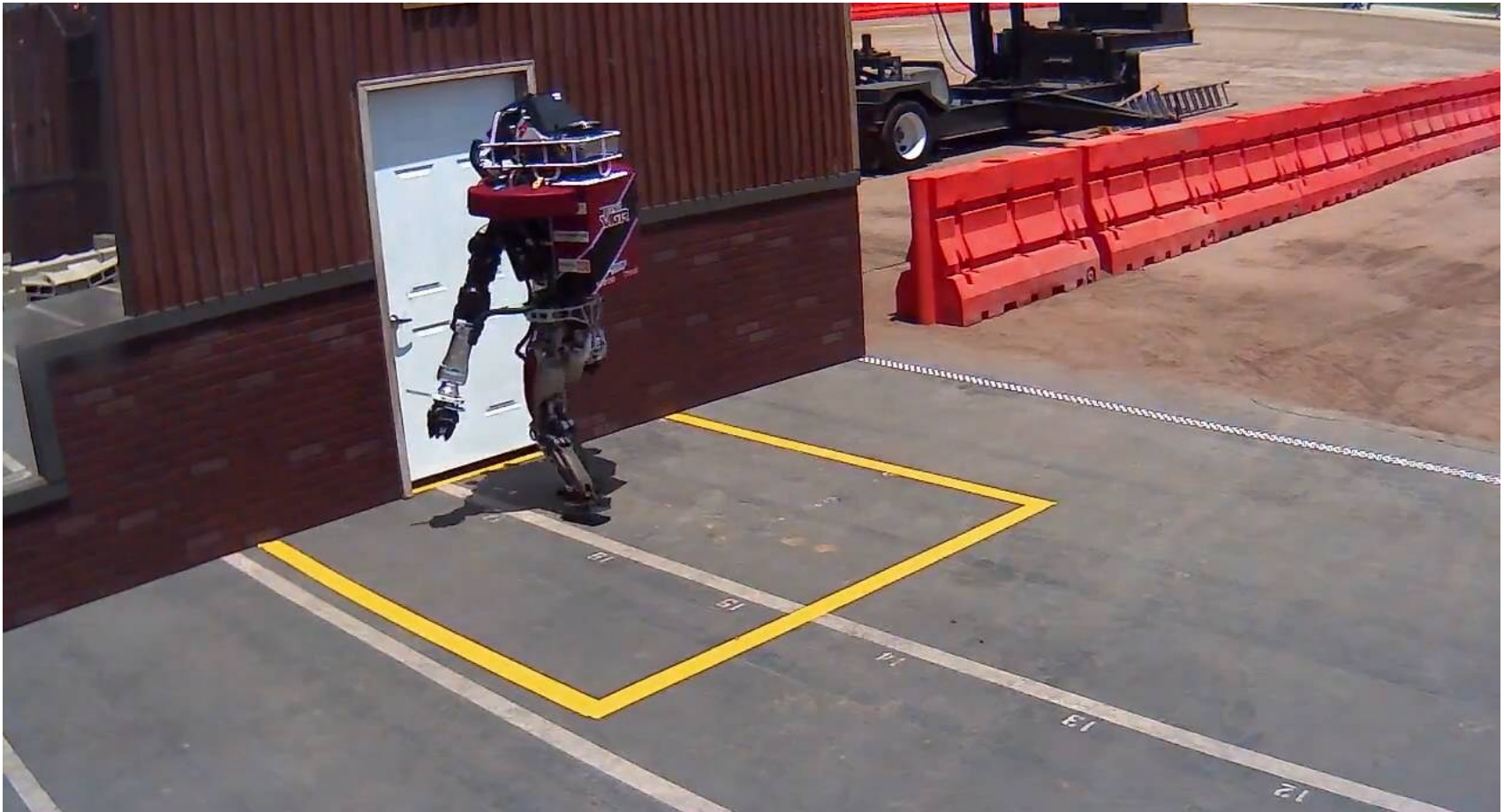
DRC Finals – Day 2



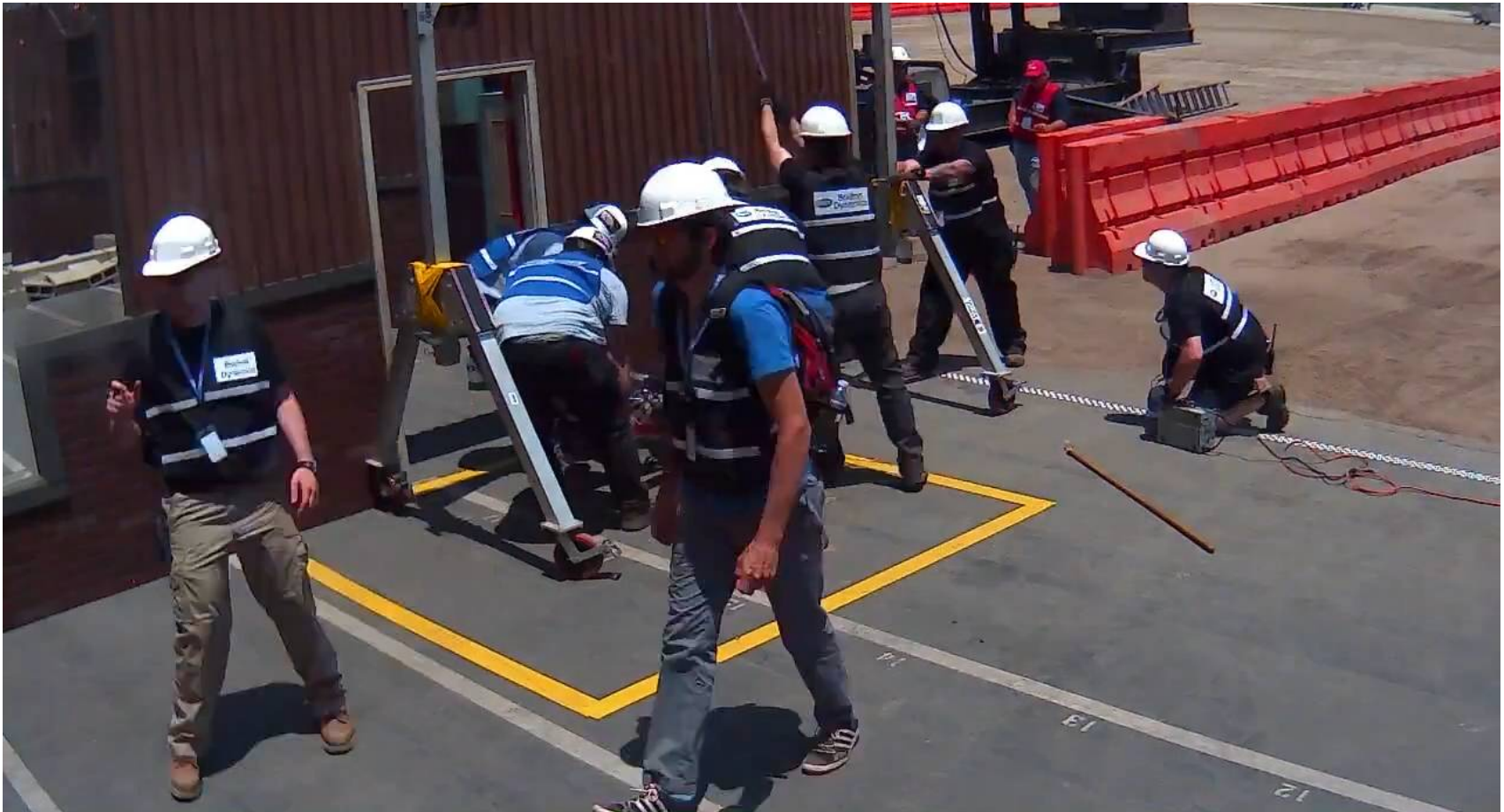
DRC Finals – Day 2



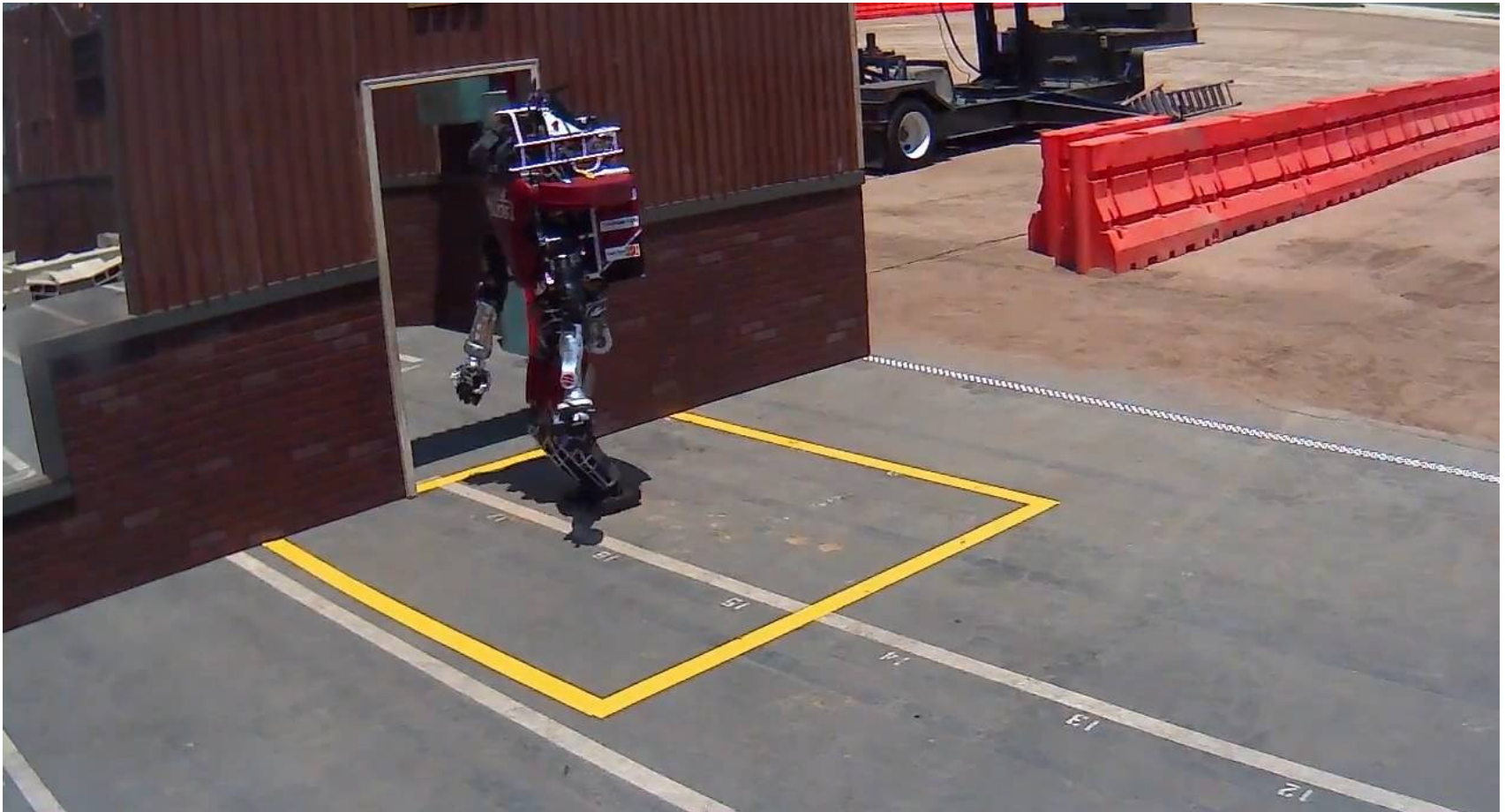
DRC Finals – Day 2



DRC Finals – Day 2



DRC Finals – Day 2



DRC Finals – Day 2

- Start delay due to arm hardware failure
- (Too) fast driving
- Reset after touching barrier
- Successful driving
- Door opened
- Pump shutdown
 - Possibly due to overheating
- Reset
- Fall while walking through door

DRC Finals Results

- 3 Points (Day 1)
- Scored lower than would have been achievable and expected
 - Achievable: 7 points (No egress)
- Missed chance at Day 1 due to comms issues
- Unknown cause for pump shutdown at Day 2

- Driving approach worked well on both robots that used it
 - ViGIR Florian (Atlas)
 - HECTOR Johnny (Thor-Mang)

Lessons Learned - ROS

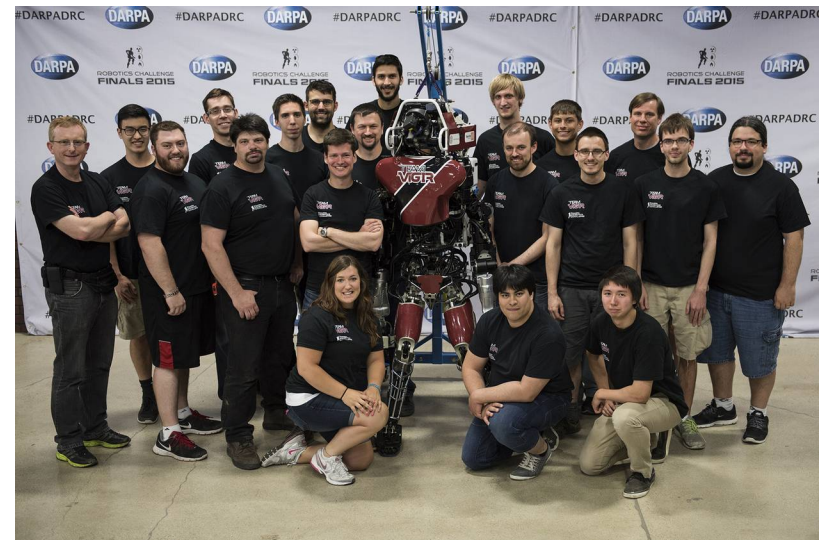
- Workspace setup using wstool works well
 - Few convenience scripts helpful
- Keeping pace can be painful
 - From rosbuilt to catkin
 - From hydro to indigo (switching ROS distro and Ubuntu version simultaneously)
- Using plain “catkin_make” in large projects bad idea
 - Use catkin_tools
- Limited constrained comms capability
- Supporting different configurations feels more involved than it should
 - Environment variables?

Lessons Learned – Big Picture

- Having a transatlantic, nine time zone team works
 - Right mindset and people
 - Tools
- DRC showed what is possible
 - Brilliant display of state of the art capabilities
 - Still a long way to go till robots can be useful for real DRC-like tasks
- Continuous Integration
 - Simulation-in-the-loop testing desirable
- Everybody wins
 - Leap across wide range of capabilities
 - Open source developments (Gazebo, code releases..)
 - Incredible sportsmanship and cooperation across DRC teams

Conclusions

- DRC overview
- ROS infrastructure discussion
 - Useful tools
- Intro to open source components
 - Let us know what you're interested in
- DRC results discussion
- Lessons learned



Questions?

References

- Kohlbrecher et al. "Overview of team ViGIR's approach to the Virtual Robotics Challenge", IEEE SSRR 2013
- Kohlbrecher et al. "Human-Robot Teaming for Rescue Missions: Team ViGIR's Approach to the 2013 DARPA Robotics Challenge Trials" Journal of Field Robotics, 2014
- Romay et al. "Template-Based Manipulation in Unstructured Environments for Supervised Semi-Autonomous Humanoid Robots", IEEE Humanoids 2014
- Stumpf et al. "Supervised Footstep Planning for Humanoid Robots in Rough Terrain Tasks using a Black Box Walking Controller", IEEE Humanoids 2014

- [YouTube playlist with manipulation examples](#)

Additional Material - Driving Approach

Open Source Driving Controller Concept for Humanoid Robots:
Teams Hector and ViGIR at DARPA Robotics Challenge 2015

Video: Driving Approach

Alberto Romay, Achim Stein, Martin Oehler,
Alexander Stumpf, Stefan Kohlbrecher and Oskar von Stryk

Simulation, Systems Optimization and Robotics Group,
CS Dept. Technische Universität Darmstadt

David C. Conner
TORC Robotics

Additional Material – DRC

Communication constraints

	Uplink (to OCS)	Downlink (to robot)	Remarks
VRC	Total ~115 kB for 30 minutes. 500 ms latency	Total, ~7 MB for 30 minutes. 500 ms latency	Worst case (20% of scenarios)
Trials	1 MB/s, 50ms latency	1 MB/s, 50 ms latency	Good comms
	100 kB/s, 500 ms latency	100 kB/s, 500 ms latency	Bad comms
Finals	1.2 kB/s	1.2 kB/s	
	300 Mbit/s		Outages of 1-30 seconds after robot traverses door

[VRC Rules](#) (pdf)

[Trials Rules](#) (pdf)

[Finals Rules](#) (pdf)