Docker-based Build Farm for ROS

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Developed by OSRF, sponsored and tested by Bosch.

Custom Build Farm - Motivation

What does it do?

- automatically build .deb files from your packages in order
- continuous integration (unit tests)
- autodocumentation (doxygen, sphinx, epydoc, ...)

OSRF & GitHub are awesome, why would you want your own build farm?

- host your code on your own servers (i.e. you don't want to or are not allowed to use public github)
- distribute your proprietary ROS packages (only) to customers
- keep specific package versions (e.g. for stability)

Why it is better (than the old build farm)

- perfectly reproducible builds, also in parallel (thanks to Docker)
 - also locally on your dev machine (pre-release jobs)
- allow hosting source code on non-public servers
- scripted deployment & update
 - o old build farm installation was not reproducible
- simplify deployment of custom setups, more customization options
- black/white-listing packages
- build non-catkin packages

Overview - Hardware

Jenkins Master Repository/Web Host Jenkins Slave (n instances) **Jenkins Jenkins Apache** Master + Slave **Plugins** docker Reprepro

Deployed from buildfarm_deployment

Overview

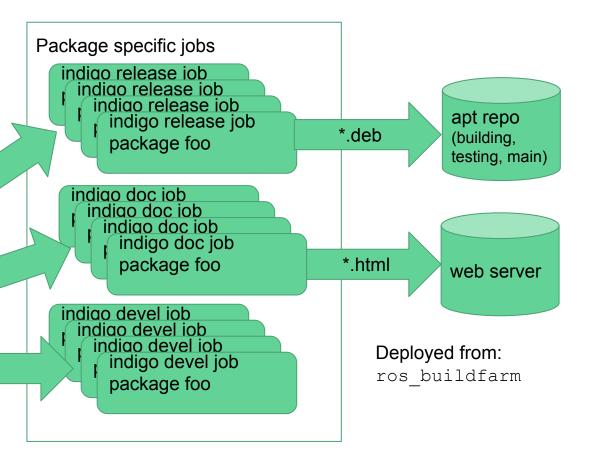
local ros_buildfarm
instance:
 generate_config_jobs.py
--indigo ...

Configuration Jobs

configure indigo **release** jobs script

configure indigo doc jobs script

configure indigo **devel** jobs script



Jenkins Jobs

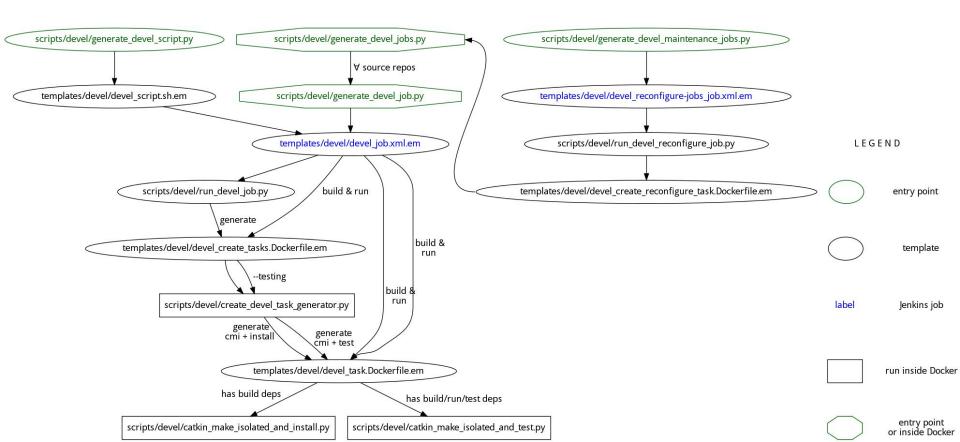
Management jobs:

- rosdistro cache: recreate binary rosdistro cache
- import_upstream: call reprepro-updater to fetch upstream .deb packages
- **check_slaves**: check disk space on jenkins slaves
- release-status-page: create overview page on the repo server
- *-reconfigure/-trigger-jobs: update/run build jobs
- sync-packages: move packages from building to testing

Build jobs:

- **devel**: build & run tests
- release: build binary .debs
- source
- doc

Devel Job - Components Interaction



Initial Setup (Deployment)

deployment: "bootstrap" your build farm environment, only done once (ROS agnostic)

- fork & adapt ros_buildfarm_deployment_config
 - o insert information about your servers, ssh keys, jenkins login
- check it out on your servers, run
 - ./install prerequisites.bash; ./reconfigure.bash master | slave | repo

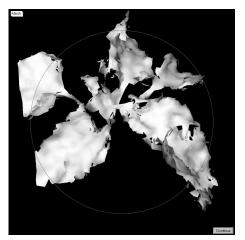
jenkins job configuration:

- fork & adapt ros_buildfarm_config
 - create your own distribution, e.g. deepfield-indigo
- if you want to build on top of existing packages:
 - o fork & adapt rosdistro
 - add your distribution, list of packages (as generated by bloom-release)

```
distributions:
   indigo:
      doc_builds:
      default: deepfield-indigo/doc-build.yaml
      released-packages-without-doc-job:
            deepfield-indigo/doc-released-build.yaml
      notification_emails:
            - daniel.dimarco@de.bosch.com
      release_builds:
            default: deepfield-indigo/release-build.yaml
      source_builds:
            default: deepfield-indigo/source-build.yaml
```

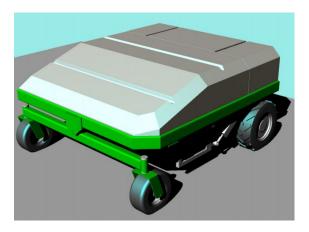
About **Deep**Field Robotics

- Corporate Start-Up within Robert Bosch GmbH
- ~ 20 people with robotics and/or agricultural background











Our Use Case

- our agricultural robot BoniRob is fully ROSified
- deliver proprietary ROS packages (& updates) to customers

Until recently:

- catkin_make install
- tar -cf ...
- → cumbersome, easy to mess up updates

better: apt-get install ros-indigo-deepfield



Overview - DF Setup

Setup:

- 3 VMs on a local server: jenkins-master, jenkins-slave, repository
- custom built proprietary drivers added as rosdeps
- external webserver (Google Cloud) where docs, rosdistro, repositories are mirrored
 - o accessible via https, one set of credentials per user
- additional jenkins server for testing, static code analysis

Challenges:

- custom rosdep packages
 - o i.e. drivers we must not make publicly available
- private repositories on GitHub Enterprise (and Atlassian Tools?)

rosdistro Custom Dependencies

If your source code builds on standard ROS packages:

- by default, buildfarm builds all packages from source
- so, dependencies in the package.xml can be resolved
- but we don't have e.g. roscpp source packages & just want to use the pre-built pkgs from OSRF
- → Use Mike Purvis' rosdep-generator¹:
 - generates rosdep files for OSRF buildfarm pkgs (i.e. map rospack name to debian name)

 - put the resulting rosdep files in your rosdistro repository

¹ https://github.com/mikepurvis/rosdep-generator

Private Repos & GitHub Enterprise

Just replace github.com with your enterprise instance in buildfarm_deployment_config

Still some assumptions wrt. code hosting platform (i.e. public GitHub):

- unauthenticated downloads from raw.github.com: rosdistro, buildfarm_config
 - → put buildfarm_config, rosdistro on repo web server
- checkouts from public readable git repositories
 - create OAuth tokens
 - o put into checkout url in rosdistro distribution
- open pull requests (bloom-release)
 - adjust rosdistro manually

Caveats

Some steps are not automated & need to be triggered manually:

- trigger import_upstream when new upstream packages are released
- sync packages from testing to main

"docker pull" hangup (v 1.6.2)

update to 1.8.2 seems to have fixed this

A good overview over the tools involved is (highly) recommended:

- Puppet
- Jenkins & Groovy scripting
- git-buildpackage
- Docker
- bloom

Misc. Questions for Discussion

- when does OSRF switch to the new build farm?
- difference to buildbot-ros (bird-eye view)
 - scalability
- users (that we know of):
 - Fraunhofer IPA
 - Yujin
 - Bosch
 - Aldebaran

Documentation

Wiki Instructions

http://wiki.ros.org/buildfarm

Example Jenkins and Repository instances

- http://54.183.65.232/
- http://54.183.26.131:8080/

Mailing List

https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/ros-sig-buildfarm