



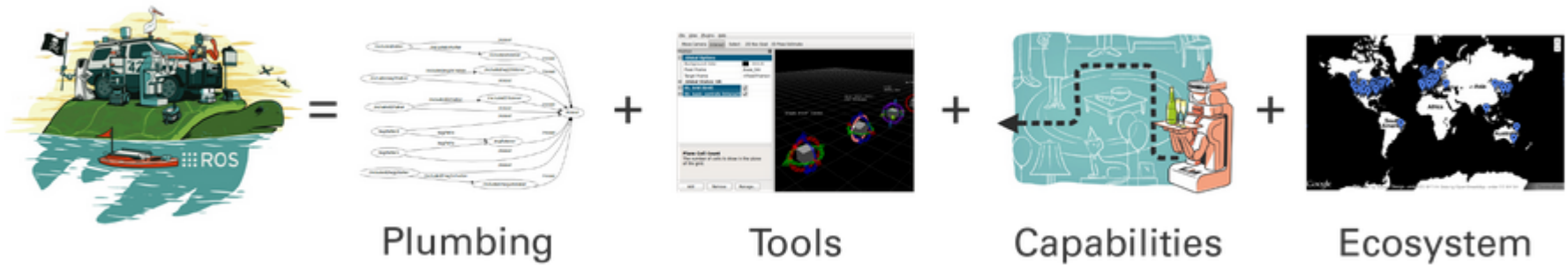
Open Source Robotics Foundation

Next-generation ROS: Building on DDS

Sep 12th, 2014

Esteve Fernandez, Tully Foote, William Woodall, Dirk Thomas
ROSCon Chicago

What is ROS?



Where are we now?

- Maturity
- Robustness
- Community
- Openness
- Interoperability
- Modularity
- Federated development model
- Richness

Celebrating 5 year of ROS video



Jenkins

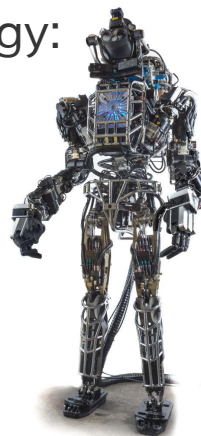
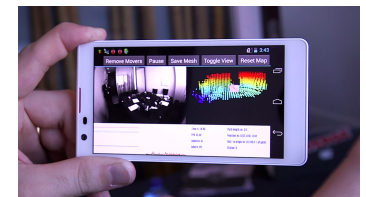
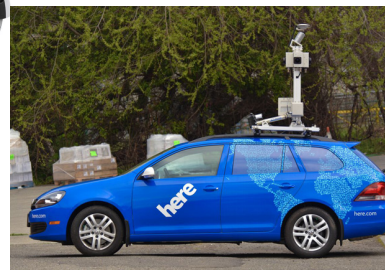
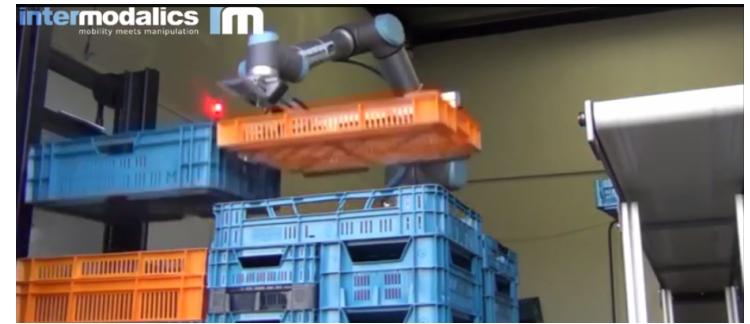


Hundreds of contributors to Hydro



Where is ROS used?

- Rethink Robotics: Baxter
- Unbounded Robotics: UBR-1
- ROS-Industrial: (de)palletizing
- RightHand Robotics: ReFlex Hand
- Boston Dynamics: ATLAS
- PAL Robotics: REEM-C
- HERE: 3D mapping cars
- Google ATAP: Project Tango
- Avidbots: Sweeper and Scrubber
- Blue River Technology: Precision Farming
- ...



How did we get there?

Ease of use

Flexibility

Scalability

Enabling reuse

Where do we want to go?

Use the OSRF resources for ROS to:

*Maintain what we have
with only little improvements over time
in order to not break backward compatibility?*

vs.

*Drive new development
to address current and upcoming needs!*

Address underserved use cases



support multi-robot systems
involving unreliable networks etc.



reduce the gap between
prototyping and final products



"bare-metal" micro controllers



(better integration with)
real-time control

Exploration and prototyping

Looking back:

- 7 years ago there were not many suitable libraries available

But times have changed...



While each addresses very specific parts
building ROS on-top of these still requires a huge effort.

Data Distribution Service (DDS)

- an industry-standard communication system



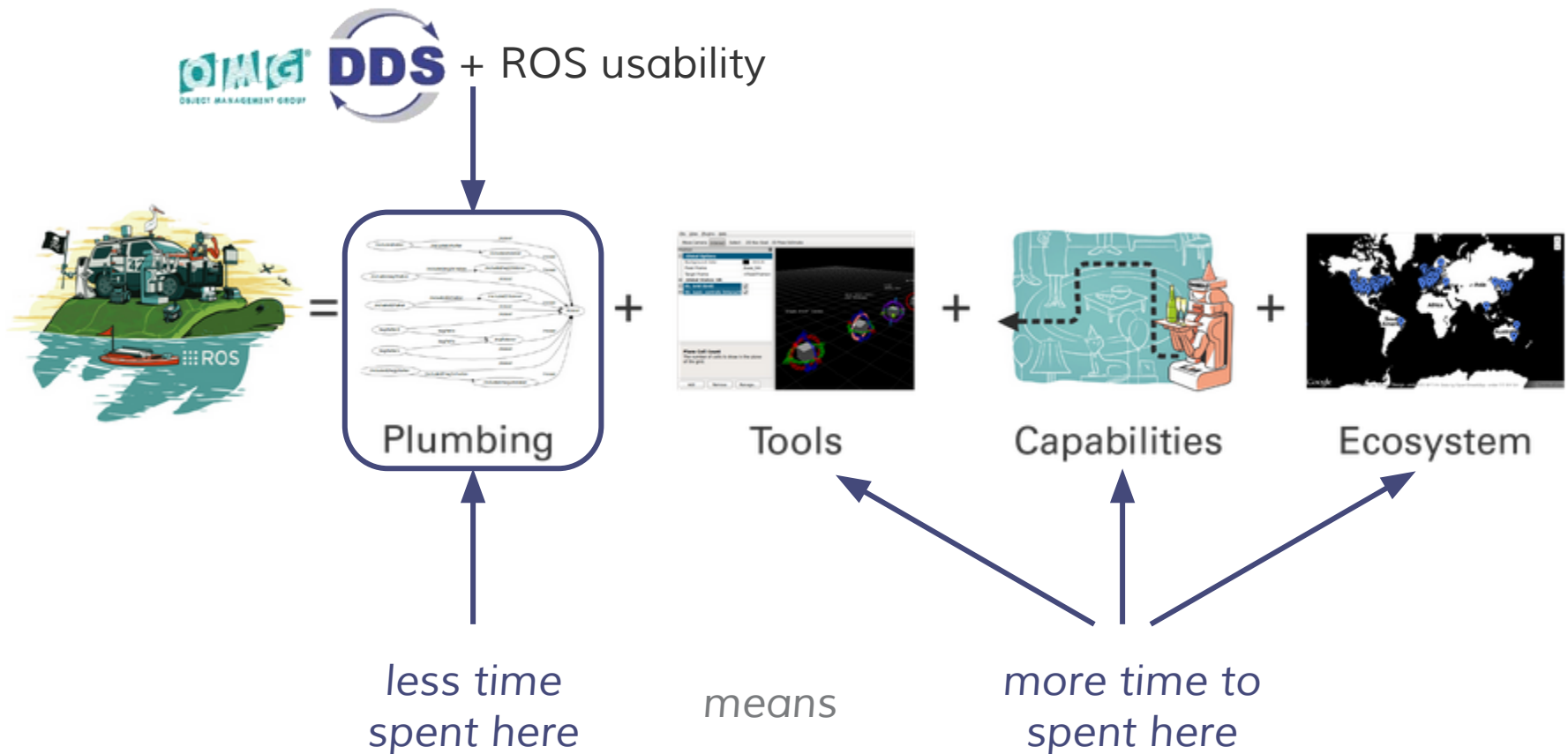
= discovery + serialization + transport

- an active/evolving OMG standard
 - peer-to-peer middleware
 - configurable quality of service to handle many networking situations
 - real-time capable

- Multiple implementations (~12)
 - *commercial* as well as *open source* implementations
 - proven in mission-critical environments (trains, dams, ship, etc.)
 - some are NASA- / DOD-verified
 - some small / embedded solutions



ROS 2 - Built on DDS



No vendor lock-in

Use your favorite DDS implementation

 ROS

~~Compile~~ Link-time decision →

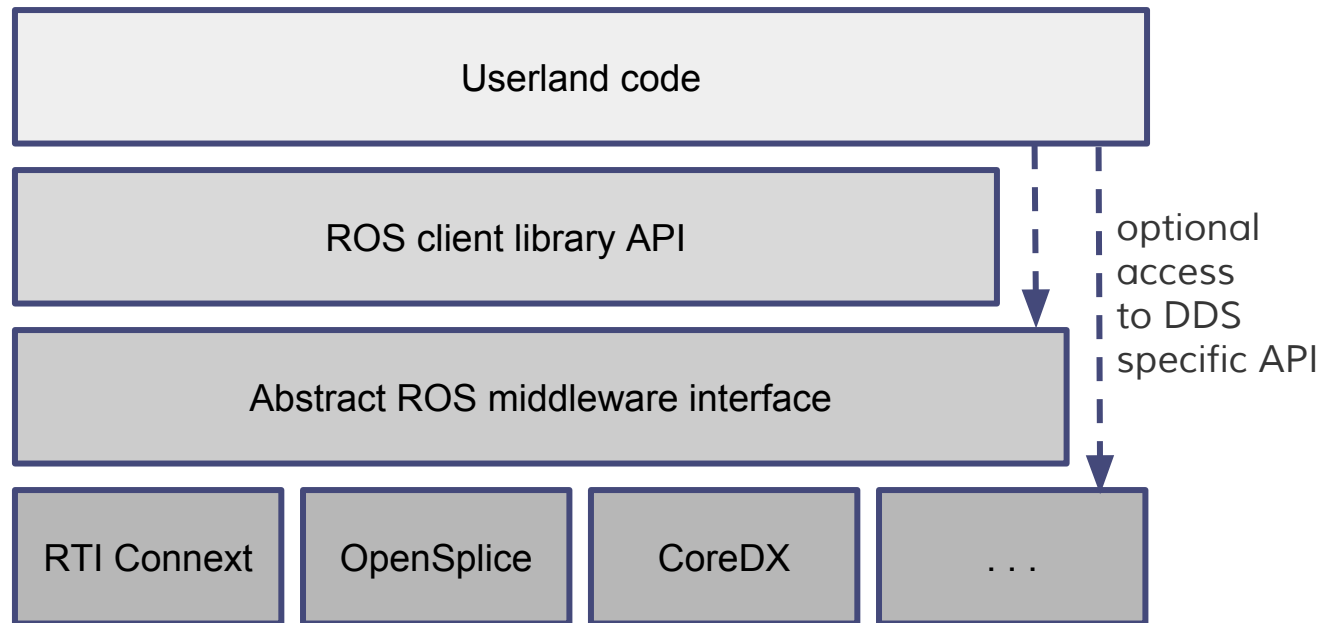
RTI Connex[™] DDS

OpenSplice[™] | DDS



...

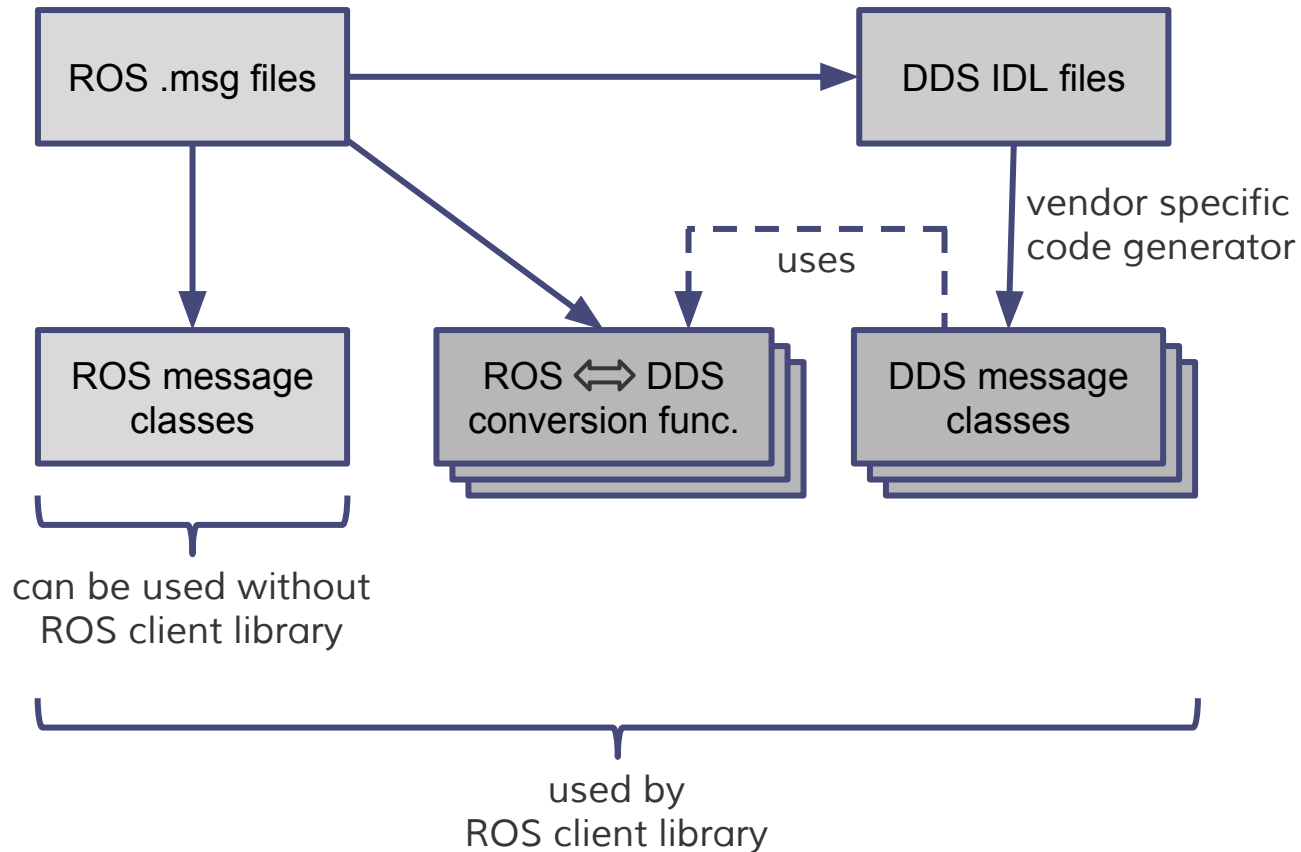
Abstract ROS middleware interface



for more details see:
http://design.ros2.org/articles/ros_middleware_interface.html

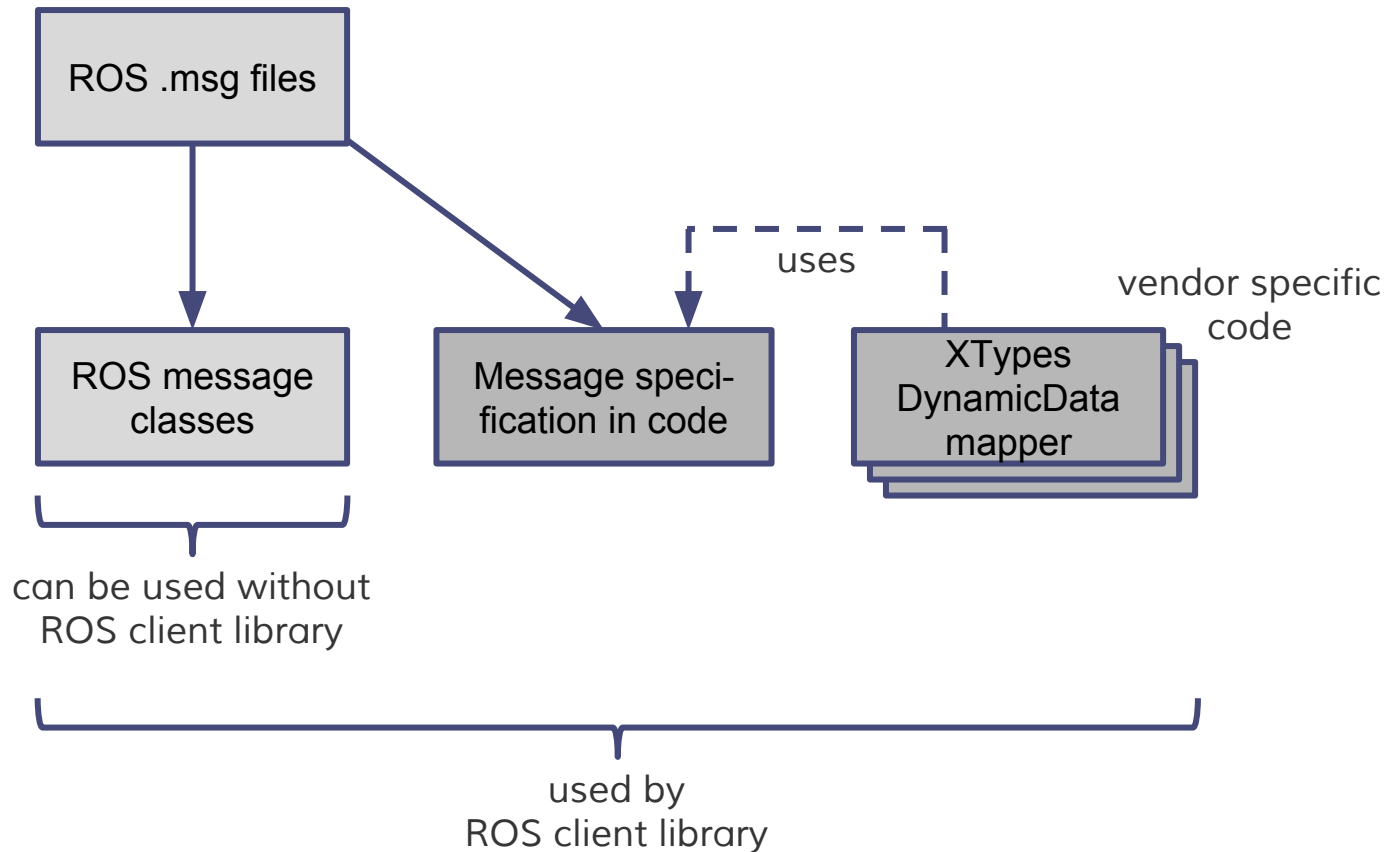
ROS Messages

Static code generation



ROS Messages

XTypes DynamicData



Package resource index

Looking up packages or plugins in ROS 1 requires crawling the filesystem

- conceptionally expensive
- caching only provide some level of improvement
 - trade-off between being outdated vs. recrawling to often

Goal: “answer common questions in constant time”

- which packages are available?
- where is the share-folder of package X?
- query a list of rviz plugins?

Package do require a build step anyway

- Shift the work into the build phase
 - The necessary information is added to an index
- Queries boil down to looking at a known location in the file system without requiring any crawling

for more details see:

https://github.com/ament/ament_cmake/blob/master/ament_cmake_index/README.md

Current prototype

- Talker / Listener demo
 - Arbitrary messages: all primitive types, fixed-size arrays, bounded/unbounded arrays, built-in types for Time / Duration, default values for primitives (yes, really)
- Working with the following DDS implementations:
 - RTI Connex (statically generated code & XTypes DynamicData)
 - PrismTech OpenSplice (statically generated code)
 - of course a talker of impl. A is interoperable with a listener of impl. B ;-)
- Experience so far
 - 1:N communication faster (*multicast!*)
 - for some vendors: localhost comm done through shared memory
 - optionally reliable message delivery
 - better reconnection behavior when dropping out of wireless

ROS 2 - What else to expect?

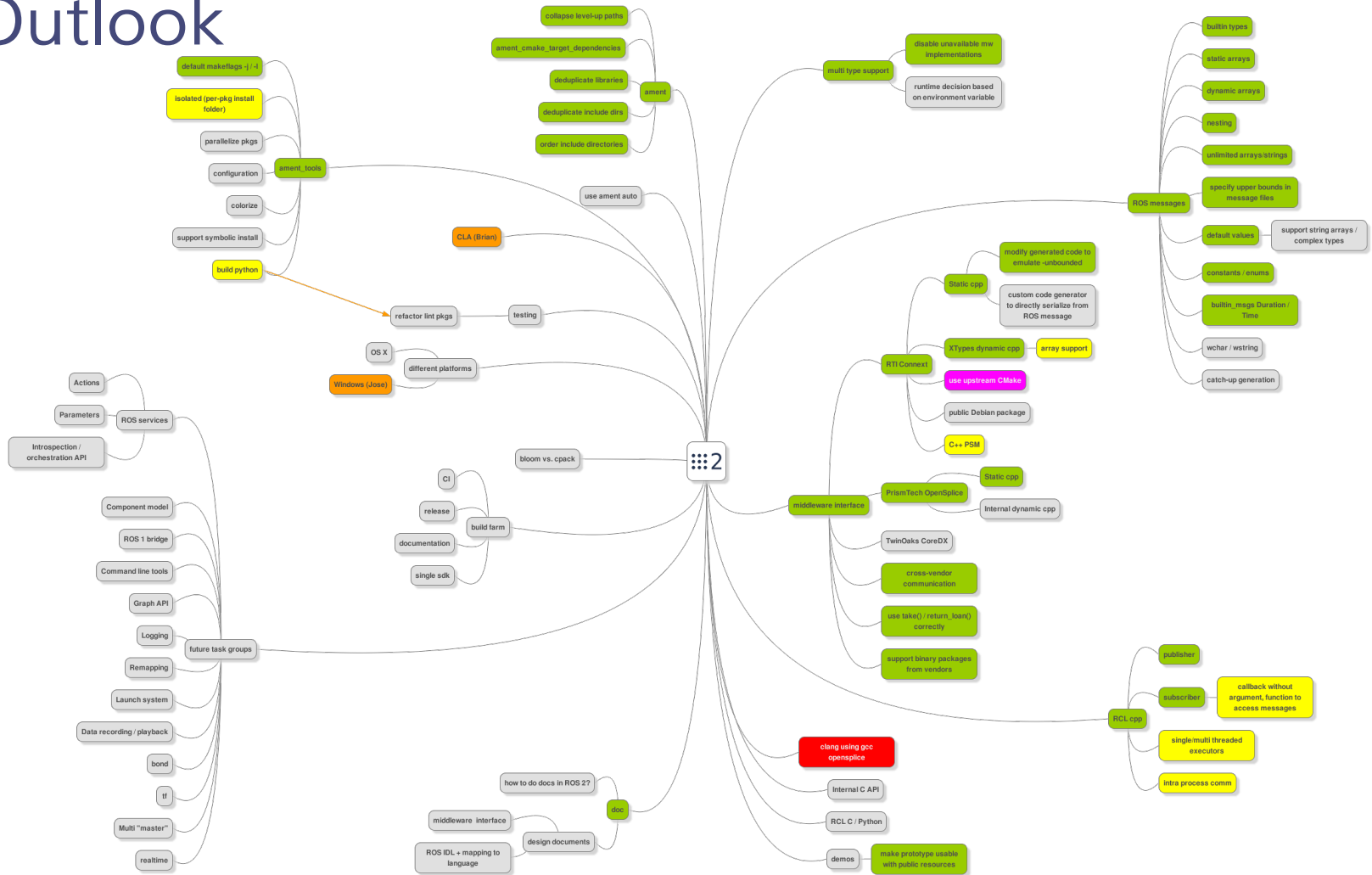
- Better support for various network configurations
- Reliable / best effort communication, QoS parameters
- Better error detection, heartbeat for each node

- Better introspection and dynamic configuration of a ROS system
- Deterministic startup of complex systems
- Notification for added / removed nodes and topics etc.

- Same API for *nodes* and *nodelets*, decide at runtime how to use
- Actions realized as preemptable services with a feedback publisher
- *Dynamic reconfigure* / node specific parameters as a default, global parameters belong to the node named "parameter server"

- Support different platforms and architectures from day one
- Communicate with ROS 1 nodes to enable mixed systems

Outlook



First released version planned for May 2015
(beside ROS 1.x Jade turtle)

Thank you!